

The `cleveref` package*

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Abstract

The `cleveref` package enhances L^AT_EX's cross-referencing features, allowing the format of cross-references to be determined automatically according to the "type" of cross-reference (equation, section, etc.) and the context in which the cross-reference is used. The formatting for each cross-reference type can be fully customised in the preamble of your document. In addition, `cleveref` can typeset cross-references to lists of multiple labels, automatically formatting them according to their types, sorting them, and compressing sequences of numerically consecutive labels. Again, the multiple-reference formatting is fully customisable.

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1 Introduction

When “clever” is used in the name of a computer program, it usually signifies that the programmer is overly smug about his own achievements! But at the heart of the L^AT_EX philosophy is the idea that it is clever to delegate as much of the typesetting as possible to the computer, in order to achieve a beautiful — and above all consistent — visual appearance.

Both these probably apply to the `cleverref` package. Its goals are two-fold: to exploit everything that L^AT_EX inherently knows about labels as intelligently as possible (clever processing); and to enable you to produce an attractive, consistent formatting of cross-references throughout your document, with the minimum of effort (you’d be clever to use it!).

The `cleverref` package enhances L^AT_EX’s cross-referencing facilities by allowing cross-references to be formatted automatically according to the type of thing they refer to (chapter, section, equation, theorem, etc.) and the context in which the cross-reference is used. It can automatically format cross-references to multiple labels, sort lists of multiple cross-references, compress cross-references to consecutive labels into a reference range, and all kinds of other clever wizardry.

In standard L^AT_EX, you have almost certainly found yourself writing things like `Eq.~(\ref{eq1})` and `Theorems~\ref{thm1} to~\ref{thm3}` over and over again. Tedium isn’t the only downside to this. What happens if you later decide you want equation references to be type-set as `Equation~\ref{eq1}` instead (i.e. without the brackets)? What happens if you decide to change the theorem labelled `thm1` into a lemma? What if you move `thm3` so that it appears (and is numbered) before `thm1`, so that references to both should be ordered `Theorems~\ref{thm3} to~\ref{thm1}` (i.e. the other way around)? What if you decide you prefer references to multiple theorems to be written as `Theorems~\ref{thm1}--\ref{thm3}`? You have to search through the entire L^AT_EX source of your document, modifying all references to equations, updating all references to `thm1`, re-ordering all references to `thm1` and `thm3`, and changing the formatting of all references to multiple theorems.

The `cleverref` package allows you to define the format for cross-references once-and-for-all in the preamble of your document. If you later decide to change the format of equation references, you only have to change one preamble definition. If you change a theorem into a lemma, you don’t need to change any cross-references at all, because `cleverref` will automatically type-set cross-references to it using the appropriate formatting. This makes it far easier to type-set cross-references uniformly across your whole document, as well as avoiding repetitively typing similar text for each and every cross-reference.

Given how useful this is, there are naturally a number of other packages with similar goals, most notably `varioref`, `fancyref`, `hyperref`’s `\autoref` command, and (for theorem-like environments) `ntheorem` (with the `thref` option). (There are many others, but these come closest to providing similar features to `cleverref`.) However, all have certain deficiencies which `cleverref` attempts to overcome.

The `fancyref` package doesn’t automatically determine the type of thing being referred to. Instead, it relies on you adhering to a naming convention for labels.

This is usually a good idea in any case, but it can be inconvenient. For example, if you change a theorem into a lemma, you have to change the label name, and therefore also all cross-references to it. So you are back to searching and replacing through the entire document, not to mention missing out on all the other `cleveref` features.

The enhanced referencing feature provided by the `varioref` package's `\labelformat` command decides how to format cross-references when the label is *defined*, rather than when it is *referenced*. Often this isn't a problem. But it makes it impossible to format cross-references differently according the context in which they are referenced, which can sometimes be very useful. For example, if you want cross-references at the beginning of a sentence formatted any other way than by capitalising the first letter of the cross-reference text, it is impossible using `varioref`. Perhaps even more significantly, it makes it impossible to type-set multiple references automatically; you are back to typing `Eqs.~(\ref{eq1}) to~(\ref{eq3})` by hand. Not to mention missing out on automatic sorting and compressing of consecutive references, `ntheorem` support, precise control over hyper-links, etc. `cleveref` fully supports `varioref`, taking over responsibility for type-setting cross-references, whilst retaining all the `varioref` page-referencing magic.

The `hyperref` package's `\autoref` command type-sets a name before a cross-reference, determined by the cross-reference type. This is less flexible than `cleveref`'s fully customisable cross-reference formatting but, when combined with `varioref`, the two packages working together come close. However, even with `hyperref`, it is impossible to customise precisely which part of the cross-reference is made into a hyper-link in PDF documents; this is very easy with `cleveref`. And it still remains impossible to type-set multiple references, have consecutive references sorted and compressed automatically, etc.

The `ntheorem` package (with the `thref` option) does things right with regards how and when the format is defined...except that it only works for theorem-like environments. It is possible to use it for other environments, but only in a bastardized form, by manually supplying an optional argument to `\label` commands that specifies the label type. `cleveref` works equally well when referencing any type of thing, as well as fully supporting `ntheorem`. And again, `cleveref` also provides a number additional features over `ntheorem`, such as multiple cross-references, automatic sorting and compressing of consecutive cross-references, control over the placement of hyper-links, etc.

2 Usage

The `cleveref` package is loaded in the usual way, by putting the line

```
\usepackage{cleveref}
```

in your document's preamble. However, care must be taken when using `cleveref` in conjunction with other packages that modify L^AT_EX's referencing system (see section 9). Basically, `cleveref` must be loaded *last*.

If you just want to get going quickly with `cleveref`, and come back later to read up on all the features it provides in more detail, here's what you need to do. Wherever you would previously have used `\ref`, use `\cref` instead. (Except at the beginning of a sentence, where you should use `\Cref`.) You no longer need to put the name of the thing you're referencing in front of the `\cref` command, because `cleveref` will sort that out for you: i.e. use `\cref{eq1}` instead of `eq. \sim (\ref{eq1})`. If you want to refer to a range of labels, use the `\crefrange` command: `\crefrange{eq1}{eq5}` gives `eqs. \sim (1) to \sim (5)`. Finally, if you want to refer to multiple things at once, you can now combine them all into one cross-reference and leave `cleveref` to sort it out: e.g. `\cref{eq2,eq1,eq3,eq5,thm2,def1}` produces: `eqs. \sim (1) to \sim (3) and \sim (5), theorem \sim 5, and definition \sim 1.`

3 Type-Setting Cross-References

`\cref` To automatically type-set a cross-reference according to the type of thing referred to, simply refer to it using `\cref{<label>}`. `cleveref` imposes just one extra restriction on the names of labels: they are no longer allowed to contain commas “,”. These are instead used to type-set multiple cross-references (see below).

`\Cref` As it is very difficult¹ for L^AT_EX to determine whether a cross-reference appears at the beginning of a sentence or not, a beginning-of-sentence variant exists: `\Cref{<label>}`. By default, this type-sets the cross-reference with the first letter capitalised, and without using an abbreviation in those cases where the standard variant does use one. (However, the formatting of the `\cref` and `\Cref` forms can be fully and independently customised, see section 6.)

`\ref` `cleveref` does *not* modify the standard `\ref` command², so you can still use it to type-set the formatted label counter alone, without any additional text or formatting.

`\crefrange` To type-set a cross-reference range, e.g. `Eqs. \sim (1.1) to \sim (1.5)`, use `\crefrange` or `\Crefrange` (depending on the capitalisation you require), which take the beginning and end of the range as arguments:

```
\crefrange{<label1>}{<label2>}
```

`\cref` To type-set multiple cross-references, simply list the labels inside the `\cref` or `\Cref` command, separated by commas (you are not allowed to use commas in label names when using `cleveref`):

```
\cref{<label1>,<label2>,<label3>,...}
```

`\cref*` When `cleveref` is used along with the `hyperref` package (see sections 6 and 9), additional starred variants of all the referencing commands are available. The standard referencing commands will make cross-references into hyper-links; the starred variants prevent this, producing the same type-set text but without creating hyper-links.

¹ Actually, very likely impossible!

²This is not quite true. The original `\ref` command no longer works when `cleveref` is loaded, so `cleveref` redefines it to recover the original behaviour.

4 Sorting and Compressing

When `cleveref` type-sets lists of multiple cross-references, the default behaviour is to automatically sort the list and compress sequences of consecutive cross-references into a reference range. You can change this behaviour by supplying one of the following package options:

- `sort` Sort lists of cross-references, but don't compress consecutive references.
- `compress` Compress sequences of consecutive references into a reference range, but don't sort the list of cross-references.
- `nosort` Neither sort lists of cross-references, *nor* compress consecutive references.
- `sort&compress` Sort lists of cross-references, and compress sequences of consecutive references into a reference range (this is the default).

Occasionally, you may want to prevent a particular sequence of consecutive cross-references from being compressed to a reference range, without disabling this feature globally. To achieve this, you can separate the cross-references in the list by one or more empty references, at the point at which you want to prevent compression. For example,

```
\cref{eq1,eq2,eq3,,eq4}
```

will be type-set as

eqs. (1) to (3) and (4)

or

```
\cref{eq1,eq2,,eq3,eq4,eq5,,eq6,eq7,eq8}
```

will be type-set as

eqs. (1), (2), (3) to (5) and (6) to (8)

You can safely put an empty reference between cross-references that would never be compressed anyway; it will simply be ignored.

If lists of cross-references are also being sorted (the default), it can be a little confusing to work out where the empty reference should go in order to prevent compression of a particular consecutive sequence. It's best to think of the empty reference as being "attached" to the cross-reference preceding it. When the list is sorted, the empty reference will still appear after the same preceding reference, and will prevent it being compressed with any subsequent consecutive cross-references. In other words, an empty reference ensures that the preceding reference will appear explicitly in the final, type-set cross-reference:

```
\cref{eq3,,eq2,eq1,eq6,eq4,eq5}
```

will be type-set as

eqs. (1) to (3) and (4) to (6)

5 Capitalising All Cross-Reference Names

`capitalise` Many authors prefer to always capitalise cross-reference names, regardless of where they appear in the sentence, writing Theorem 1 and Equation 3 (as opposed to theorem 1 and equation 3). If you count yourself among this group, you can pass the `capitalise` option to the `cleverref` package (`capitalize` also works).

All the default cross-reference formats will then have the first letter capitalised, as will the automatically generated `\cref` variants (see sections 6.1.2 and 6.2). (However, if you explicitly define a `\cref` variant to *not* be capitalised, `cleverref` will still honour your definition. In other words, you’re responsible for defining the capitalisation correctly in your own format definitions.)

You should *still* use the `\Cref` variants at the beginning of sentences, for one thing, because abbreviations should not be used at the beginning of a sentence³, and for another, in case you later change your mind and remove the `capitalise` option.

6 Customising the Cross-Reference Format

The `cleverref` package allows you to take full control of the type-setting of cross-references, by allowing the formatting to be customised. Defaults appropriate for English documents are provided for the standard label types⁴, and support for German, French, Spanish and Italian is provided via package options (see section 6.3). But if you don’t like the defaults, or are writing in a different language⁵, or you need to refer to something for which no default format is defined, then you can take charge and define your own formats.

If `cleverref` encounters a cross-reference to a type it does not know, it will produce a “reference type undefined” warning, and type-set the cross-reference as

```
?? \ref{\label}
```

i.e. the label counter preceded by a double question mark. The error message indicates the name of the unknown cross-reference type, which you will then probably want to define. (References to undefined labels still produce a “reference undefined” warning and appear as a double question mark, as usual.)

The cross-reference formats are usually constructed out of components: the cross-reference name (different for each type of cross-reference), the format for the label itself, and the conjunctions used in reference ranges and lists of multiple cross-references. There are two levels of customisation: you can either customise the components, or you can take full control and override the component-derived format entirely.

³At least in English; I’m not sure about other languages.

⁴For any pedantic classics scholars out there: “lemmas” is recognised as a valid plural form of “lemma” in all current versions of the Oxford English Dictionary. “Lemmata” was last heard in a mathematical debate that took place in a pub just around the corner from Hadrian’s wall... a few years before the Romans pulled out of Britain. `cleverref` might have “clever” in its name, but even that doesn’t make it pretentious enough to use “lemmata”.

⁵Any contributions of translations for missing languages are very welcome! See section 12.12 for information on how to contribute translations.

6.1 Customising the Cross-Reference Components

6.1.1 Global Customisation

The global customisation commands affect all cross-reference formats, unless they are overridden by lower-level customisation commands.

`\crefdefaultlabelformat` The format for the label counter itself can be customised globally using

```
\crefdefaultlabelformat{\langle format\rangle}
```

The `\langle format\rangle` argument can be any valid L^AT_EX code, though you will need to `\protect` fragile commands. It can (and almost certainly should!) contain three arguments, #1, #2 and #3. The first argument is the formatted version of the label counter (e.g. `\theequation`). The other two are used to mark the beginning and end of the part of the cross-reference that should form the hyper-link when the `hyperref` package is used (see section 9). The hyper-link arguments #2 and #3 *must* appear in that order. (Leaving them out completely will not cause an error, but in that case no hyper-link will be created when `hyperref` is used, and there are better ways to achieve this. See sections 3 and 9.)

Note that the default format for equation cross-references already overrides `\crefdefaultlabelformat` in order to surround the label by brackets, so the redefining `\crefdefaultlabelformat` will have no effect on equations. The label format for equations must be customised separately if you want to change it (see section 6.1.2).

`\crefrangeconjunction` The conjunction used in a reference range can be customised by defining `\crefrangeconjunction`:

```
\newcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{\langle conjunction\rangle}
```

It does not have to be an actual conjunction in the linguistic sense, e.g. it is perfectly reasonable to define it to be an emdash “--”. `\crefrangeconjunction` is used directly between the start and end references in a reference range, without any additional space surrounding it, e.g. `\crefrange{thm1}{thm2}` is type-set as

```
theorems~\ref{thm1}\crefrangeconjunction\ref{thm2}
```

so you may or may not want to include surrounding space, depending on the formatting you desire. For example,

```
\newcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ and~}
```

does require surrounding space, whereas

```
\newcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{--}
```

does not.

`\crefrangepreconjunction` `\crefrangepostconjunction` There are two other “conjunction” commands available for customizing the formating for reference ranges. These are `\crefrangepreconjunction` and `\crefrangepostconjunction`, which insert text before the first label defining the range, and after the second label, respectively. For example, when these commands are defined, `\crefrange{thm1}{thm2}` is type-set as

```

theorems~\crefrange{thm1}{thm2}
  \crefrange{thm1}{thm2}

```

These commands are not used in the default English format definitions, but they are needed in some languages to correctly express a range. For example, the Italian format defines `\crefrange` to be “da”, so that `\crefrange{thm1}{thm2}` produces

```
teorema da~\ref{thm1} a~\ref{thm2}
```

```

\crefpairconjunction
\crefmiddleconjunction
\creflastconjunction

```

The conjunctions used in lists of multiple cross-references can be customised by defining the commands `\crefpairconjunction`, `\crefmiddleconjunction` and `\creflastconjunction`:

```

\newcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{\text{ and } }
\newcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{\text{ and } }
\newcommand{\creflastconjunction}{\text{ and } }

```

`\crefpairconjunction` is used when there are only two cross-references in the list, `\creflastconjunction` is used between the penultimate and final cross-reference in a list of more than two, and `\crefmiddleconjunction` is used between all the others. Again, they do not have to be conjunctions in the linguistic sense, and the same considerations about surrounding space apply as in the case of `\crefrange`. For example, the default definition of `\crefmiddleconjunction` is:

```
\newcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }
```

By default, the conjunctions used to separate sub-lists of different cross-reference types in a multi-reference are identical to those used to separate cross-references of the same type⁶. You can override this by defining the conjunction commands `\crefpairgroupconjunction`, `\crefmiddlegroupconjunction` and `\creflastgroupconjunction`.

For example,

```
\cref{eq1,eq2,eq3,thm1,thm2,fig1,thm3}
```

is type-set as

```

eqs. (1)\crefrange{thm1}{thm3}\crefmiddlegroupconjunction
theorems 1\crefpairconjunction2\crefmiddlegroupconjunction
fig. 1\creflastgroupconjunction{}theorem 3

```

6.1.2 Customising Individual Cross-Reference Types

`\crefname` `\Crefname` The cross-reference name for a given cross-reference type is customised using the `\crefname` and `\Crefname` commands:

⁶More accurately, if you redefine `\crefpairconjunction` etc. in your preamble, `\crefpairgroupconjunction` etc. are automatically redefined so that they match. (In some languages, the default definition of `\creflastgroupconjunction` has an additional comma lacking in `\creflastconjunction`.)

```
\crefname{\langle type \rangle}{\langle singular \rangle}{\langle plural \rangle}
\Crefname{\langle type \rangle}{\langle singular \rangle}{\langle plural \rangle}
```

used by the `\cref` and `\Cref` commands, respectively. You must supply both `\langle singular \rangle` and `\langle plural \rangle` forms of the name. If the corresponding `\Crefname` is undefined when `\crefname` is called, it will automatically define `\Crefname` to be a capitalised version of `\crefname`, using `\MakeUppercase`. Conversely, if the corresponding `\crefname` is undefined when `\Crefname` is called, it will automatically define `\crefname` to be a lower-case version of `\Crefname`, using `\MakeLowercase`. Obviously, this will only work properly if the names begin with a letter. If the first letter is a special character construct, such as an accented character, you will need to surround it by braces. If the first thing in the name is *not* a letter at all (e.g. if it is a L^AT_EX command), you *must* define both capitalisation variants explicitly. Otherwise you will get strange and fatal errors when processing the document.

The cross-reference `\langle type \rangle` is usually the name of the counter for the environment (equation, chapter, section, etc.). The exceptions are appendices, labels whose type has been overridden explicitly by supplying an optional argument (see section 7), and theorem-like environments when the `ntheorem` package is loaded, for which `\langle type \rangle` should instead be the environment name (lemma, corollary, definition, etc.) even when different environments are part of the same numbering sequence. (`ntheorem` provides extra information about the environment when different theorem-like environments share a common counter, which `cleveref` makes use of to distinguish between them automatically.) In the case of appendices, the `\langle type \rangle` is “appendix” for the top-level sectioning command (`\chapter` or `\section`, depending on the document class), “subappendix” for the sectioning command one level below (`\section` or `\subsection`), “subsubappendix” for the next level of sectioning command, etc.

For convenience, if they have not been otherwise customised by the end of the preamble, the cross-reference name (and label format) for `subsection` is by default inherited from that of `section`, and that of `subsubsection` is inherited from `subsection` (which might itself have been inherited from `section`). Similarly for `subappendix`, `subsubappendix` and `subsubsubappendix`, and also for `enumii`, `enumiii`, `enumiv` and `enumv`. Finally, `subfigure` and `subtable` inherit from `figure` and `table`, respectively.

`\creflabelformat`

You may want the label format for a particular cross-reference type to differ from the global format set by `\crefdefaultlabelformat` (see section 6.1.1). You can do this using

```
\creflabelformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle format \rangle}
```

The `\langle type \rangle` argument is the cross-reference type to customise, and the `\langle format \rangle` argument defines the label format for cross-references of that type. As in the case of `\crefdefaultlabelformat`, the latter should contain the three arguments `#1`, `#2` and `#3`, the first being the formatted version of the label counter, the others determining the beginning and end of the portion that becomes a hyper-link when the `hyperref` package is loaded (see section 9). `#2` and `#3` *must* appear in that order.

```
\crefrangelabelformat
```

Normally, the start and end references in a reference range are type-set using the usual label format (as defined by `\crefdefaultlabelformat` or `\creflabelformat`) separated by `\crefrangeconjunction` (section 6.1.1). You can override this for a given cross-reference type using

```
\crefrangelabelformat{<type>}{<format>}
```

The `<format>` argument should contain six arguments: #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6. The first two (#1 and #2) are the formatted versions of the two label counters defining the reference range. The next two (#3 and #4) denote the beginning and end of the hyper-link for the first reference, the final two (#5 and #6) the hyper-link for the second reference. The hyper-link arguments *must* appear in order. For example,

```
\crefrangelabelformat{equation}{(#3#1#4) to~(#5#2#6)}
```

6.2 Low-Level Customisation: Taking Full Control

If you need more precise control over the cross-reference format than is possible by customising the individual components, then you can take full control of the format for any given type, overriding the component-derived format entirely. The formats for single cross-references, reference ranges and multi-references are customised separately. If you only customise some of these, the other formats will be constructed from components, as usual.

Note that when deciding which cross-references should be grouped together for sorting and/or compressing, `cleveref` does something slightly more complicated than simply checking whether the reference types match. In fact, it checks whether the reference *formats* match⁷. This will always be the case for cross-references of the same type. But it could also be the case for cross-references that have different types, if the cross-reference formats happen to be identical.

The reason for doing this is to allow cross-references to e.g. sections and subsections to be grouped together if they have identical formats. The default formats for the sectioning commands, figures and subfigures, tables and subtables, and enumerated lists are set up in this way. If you change any of them using the low-level customisation commands, but still want them to be grouped together, then you must ensure that the formats are *identical*. (It is *not* sufficient for the formats to produce identical type-set text; the format definitions must contain identical L^AT_EX code.)

6.2.1 Single Cross-References

```
\crefformat  
\Crefformat
```

Cross-reference formats for *single* cross-references are defined or redefined using the `\crefformat` and `\Crefformat` commands, which are used by the `\cref` and `\Cref` commands respectively. These take two arguments: the cross-reference type, and the formatting code:

⁷To be precise, `cleveref` checks whether the `\crefformat`'s match.

```
\crefformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle format \rangle}
\Crefformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle format \rangle}
```

The $\langle type \rangle$ is usually the name of the counter, except for labels whose type has been overridden explicitly (see section 7), theorem-like environments when `ntheorem` is loaded, in which case it is the environment name, and appendices. For the latter, the $\langle type \rangle$ is “appendix” for the top-level sectioning command (`\chapter` or `\section`, depending on the document class), “subappendix” for the sectioning command one level below (`\section` or `\subsection`), “subsubappendix” for the next level of sectioning command, etc.

As in the case of the `\crefname` and `\Crefname` commands, if the corresponding `\Crefformat` is undefined when `\crefformat` is called, it will define the `\Crefformat` to produce a capitalised version of `\crefformat`, using `\MakeUppercase`. Conversely, if the corresponding `\crefformat` is undefined when `\Crefformat` is called, it will define the `\crefformat` to produce a lower-case version of `\Crefformat`, using `\MakeLowercase`. Obviously, this will only work properly if the format starts with a letter, and letter constructs (such as accented letter constructs) must be surrounded by braces (see section 6.1.1).

The $\langle format \rangle$ argument can be any valid L^AT_EX code, though you will need to `\protect` fragile commands. It should contain three arguments, #1, #2 and #3. The first argument is the formatted version of the label counter (e.g. `\theequation`). The other two are used to mark the beginning and end of the part of the cross-reference that forms the hyper-link when the `hyperref` package is used, and *must* appear in that order (see section 9).

As an example,

```
\crefformat{equation}{Eq.~(#2#1#3)}
```

will type-set equation references as

```
Eq. ((counter))
```

with the counter (excluding the brackets) forming the hyper-link.

Note that the hyper-link arguments are *not* letters, so if #2 appears at the beginning of $\langle format \rangle$, `cleveref` will not be able to automatically define the other capitalisation variant automatically using `\MakeUppercase` or `\MakeLowercase`. In this case, you will have to define both variants separately. For example, if you wanted to the “Eq.” to be part of the hyper-link, you would have to define:

```
\crefformat{equation}{#2eq.~(#1)#3}
\Crefformat{equation}{#2Eq.~(#1)#3}
```

6.2.2 Reference Ranges

`\crefrangeformat` The format for reference ranges is defined by `\crefrangeformat` and `\Crefrangeformat`. Like `\crefformat` and `\Crefformat`, the commands take two arguments: the cross-reference type, and the formatting code.

```
\crefrangeformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle format \rangle}
\Crefrangeformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle format \rangle}
```

The same comments apply as in the case of single cross-references: the $\langle type \rangle$ is usually the name of the counter, except for appendices, labels with explicitly overridden types, and theorem-like environments when `ntheorem` is loaded. Again, if the other-capitalisation variant is not already defined, it will be defined automatically.

The $\langle format \rangle$ argument can again be any valid L^AT_EX code, with fragile commands `\protected`. However, this time it should contain *six* arguments, #1–#6. The first two (#1 and #2) are the formatted versions of the label counters, the next two (#3 and #4) are used to mark the beginning and end of the hyper-link for the first cross-reference, and the final two (#5 and #6) mark the beginning and end of the second cross-reference's hyper-link.

As an example,

```
\crefrangeformat{equation}{eqs.\textcolor{red}{.}\textcolor{black}{~}(\#3\#\textcolor{red}{1}\#\textcolor{red}{4})\textcolor{black}{~}to\textcolor{red}{.}\textcolor{black}{~}(\#5\#\textcolor{red}{2}\#\textcolor{red}{6})}
```

would type-set equation reference ranges as

```
eqs. (\textcolor{red}{<counter1>} ) to (\textcolor{red}{<counter2>} )
```

with the counters (excluding the brackets) forming the hyper-links.

6.2.3 Multiple Cross-References

```
\crefmultiformat
\Crefmultiformat
\crefrangemultiformat
\Crefrangemultiformat
```

The format for multiple cross-references is defined by `\crefmultiformat` and `\Crefmultiformat`, and that of reference ranges within multiple cross-references by `\crefrangemultiformat` and `\Crefrangemultiformat`. Multi-references also require *all* the other cross-reference formats to be defined (see sections 6.2.1 and 6.2.2), including the single reference range formats, even if you never use the `\crefrange` and `\Crefrange` commands.

The commands all take five arguments: the cross-reference type, the format for the first cross-reference in a list, the format for the second cross-reference in a list of two, the format for the middle cross-references in a list of more than two, and the format for the last cross-reference in a list of more than two.

```
\crefmultiformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle first \rangle}{\langle second \rangle}{\langle middle \rangle}{\langle last \rangle}
\crefmultiformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle first \rangle}{\langle second \rangle}{\langle middle \rangle}{\langle last \rangle}
\crefrangemultiformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle first \rangle}{\langle second \rangle}{\langle middle \rangle}{\langle last \rangle}
\Crefrangemultiformat{\langle type \rangle}{\langle first \rangle}{\langle second \rangle}{\langle middle \rangle}{\langle last \rangle}
```

The $\langle type \rangle$ is, as ever, the counter name, except for appendices, explicitly overridden label types, and theorem-like environments then the `ntheorem` package is loaded. The same considerations apply to the formatting arguments $\langle first \rangle$, $\langle second \rangle$, $\langle middle \rangle$ and $\langle last \rangle$ as for the $\langle format \rangle$ argument of `\crefformat` or `\crefrangeformat`, including the meaning of the arguments that should appear in the formatting code (#1, #2 and #3 for `\crefmultiformat` and

`\Crefmultiformat`, `#1–#6` for `\crefmultiformat` and `\Crefmultiformat`). However, when the corresponding other-capitalisation variant is automatically defined, only the first letter of the `<first>` argument is upper- or lower-cased; the other arguments are defined to be identical for both variants.

Be careful to get the spaces at the beginning and end of the formatting code correct: the `<first>` and `<second>`, or `<first>, <middle>` and `<last>`, L^AT_EX code is typeset one after another in a multi-reference, with no space separating them. You may or may not want spaces at the beginning and end of the formatting code, depending on the formatting you desire. For example, in the default equation format:

```
\crefmultiformat{equation}{eqs.\text{\~{}}(#2\#1\#3)}%  
{}{ and\text{\~{}}(#2\#1\#3){, (#2\#1\#3){ and\text{\~{}}(#2\#1\#3)}
```

the `<middle>` argument should *not* have a space at the beginning, whereas the `<second>` and `<last>` arguments *should* have a space.

6.3 Language and babel support

`cleveref` supports different languages via package options, in the usual way, though not all languages are supported yet⁸. The `babel` package is also supported when it is loaded, allowing you to change language using the `babel` language switching commands such as `\selectlanguage` and `\foreignlanguage`.

The `babel` support works by redefining the cross-reference names and conjunctions for the default cross-reference types. Any customisations you make to the default cross-reference names and conjunctions *in the preamble* apply to the main language (i.e. the last language listed in the options). A `\selectlanguage` command or similar will override these customisations, replacing them with the defaults for the new language. If you later use `\selectlanguage` to switch back to the main language, your customisations will be restored. If you want to customise cross-reference names or conjunctions for any language other than the main one, you either have to explicitly redefine them after every language switching command, or hook the redefinitions into `babel`'s language switching mechanism. (See section 12.12 and the `babel` documentation.)

If you have defined formats for new cross-reference types for which no defaults are provided, then you're on your own. `cleveref` will not know how to redefine them for other languages, and again you will have to take care of it yourself, either by explicitly redefining them in your document after each language switch, or by hooking the redefinitions into `babel`'s language switching mechanism.

On the other hand, since the language switching commands only modify the cross-reference components, if you use the low-level customisation commands to take full control of the format for a particular cross-reference type, then (unless you're careful) you take it out of the control of `babel` entirely. If you want to use the low-level customisation commands, but *do* still want

⁸Currently, only `english`, `german`, `n german`, `french`, `spanish` and `italian` are supported. Contributions of translations for missing languages are very welcome! See section 12.12 for information on how to contribute translations.

the language switching commands to work, then you have to use the component macros in your customised formats. The cross-reference names are stored in macros called `\cref@\meta{type}@name`, `\Cref@\meta{type}@name`, `\cref@\meta{type}@name@plural`, and `\Cref@\meta{type}@name@plural`. (Note that since these macro names contain the “@” character, you must use `\makeatletter` and `\makeatother` to access them.)

For example, if you wanted to redefine the equation format so that the cross-reference name (“equation”) was also part of the hyper-link, but you still want to be able to switch language using `babel`, you would need something like:

```
\makeatletter
\crefformat{equation}{#2\cref@equation@name~(#1)#3}
...
\makeatother
```

and similarly for `\crefrangeformat`, `\crefmultiformat`, `\Crefformat`, etc.

7 Overriding the Cross-Reference Type

- `\label` As described previously, a label’s “type” is usually determined by its counter, or in the case of `ntheorem` theorem-like environments by the environment name. Occasionally, you may want to override the cross-reference type for a particular label. You can do this by supplying the desired type as an optional argument to the `\label` command:

```
\label[<type>]{<label>}
```

One circumstance in which is useful is when you want to define a special cross-reference format for certain labels of a given type. By supplying a type that doesn’t already exist as the optional argument to `\label`, you can then define the cross-reference format for that new type in whatever way you like, without affecting other cross-references of the same type. For example, if a particular equation contains multiple expressions and you want it to always be referred to in the plural, you could use:

```
\crefname{pluralequation}{eqs.}{eqs.}
...
\label[pluralequation]{eq1}
```

You can of course reuse this format for other plural equations, too.

If you need to do this frequently, it can become tedious specifying the label explicitly each time. An alternative is to use the `aliascnt` package. This lets you define one counter to be an alias for another, so that effectively the same counter has two names. Since `cleveref` determines the label type from the counter name, the two counter aliases can have different cross-reference formats whilst really being the same counter. You have to somehow arrange for the correct counter alias to be used depending on which cross-reference format you want (probably

by defining two variants of the environment in question). But the effort involved might be worth the convenience of not having to remember to pass an explicit optional argument to a large number of labels.

You can use this trick to get different cross-reference formats for different theorem-like environments, *without* using the `ntheorem` package⁹. For example,

```
\usepackage{aliascnt}
\usepackage{cleveref}
\newaliascnt{lemma}{theorem}
\newtheorem{lemma}[lemma]{Lemma}
\aliascntresetthe{lemma}
\crefname{lemma}{lemma}{lemmas}
```

8 Poor Man's `cleveref`

Sometimes you may need to send your L^AT_EX source to someone who can't or won't install the `cleveref` package themselves. For example, many academic journals accept papers in L^AT_EX format, but only support a small subset of the packages available on CTAN. The `poorman` option was designed specifically to help in this situation.

When the `poorman` option is supplied, your document will be processed as normal. But in addition, a `sed` script will automatically be written, containing rules for replacing all the `\cref` commands with the L^AT_EX code that they would produce, and using the standard `\ref` command to produce the cross-references themselves. I.e. the script rewrites your document as you would have done if you had had to do it manually!

The advantage, of course, is that you *don't* have to do it manually. Instead, you can use all the features of `cleveref`, and once you've created a version of your document that you want to send elsewhere, you can process it through the `sed` script to completely remove the `cleveref` dependency. The recipient won't even realise you used `cleveref`!

The `sed` script is written to the same directory as the (main) L^AT_EX source file, and given the same name as that source file but with the extension `.sed`. To process your document through the script, all you need to do is run the following from your shell:

```
sed -f <name>.sed <name>.tex ><newname>.tex
```

where `<name>` is the name of the file containing your L^AT_EX source file minus the `.tex` extension, and `<newname>` is whatever you want to call the new version. *Do not* make `<newname>` the same as `<name>`: it won't work. (It's in any case wise to keep the original L^AT_EX source file containing the `cleveref` commands, in case you need to produce an updated version of your document in the future. Think of

⁹This trick seems to belong to L^AT_EX mythology, and certainly isn't my own idea! But I haven't been able to definitively track down who originally came up with it.

the `<newname>.tex` file in the same way as a DVI file: something you can always reproduce from the original source.)

If your document is composed of a number of separate L^AT_EX source files, combined with `\include` commands, only one `sed` script will be generated, but you will need to run *each* source file through that *same* script (and probably modify the `\include` commands to match the new file names). However, using `babel`'s language switching commands in a document split across multiple separate source files is beyond the capabilities of the `poorman` option. You will almost certainly need to manually tweak the `sed` script in that case.

Note that the `poorman` script cannot fully reproduce the type-setting of the original `cleveref` cross-references in all cases¹⁰. In particular, any customisation of hyper-links will be lost, and if you're using `varioref` with the `legacyvarioref` option (see section 9, the spacing before the `\vref` command will not be correct.

9 Interaction with Other Packages

The `cleveref` package *must* be loaded *after* all other packages that don't specifically support it¹¹, i.e. the

```
\usepackage{cleveref}
```

line should always be the last `\usepackage` command in your document's preamble.

Since `cleveref` redefines many internal commands involved in L^AT_EX's cross-referencing system, it can interact badly with other packages that do the same. The `fancyref` package, `ntheorem`'s `thref` option, and `varioref`'s `\labelformat` command, are incompatible with `cleveref`. (Note that `varioref` is fully supported by `cleveref`, just that `cleveref`'s features supersede `varioref`'s `\labelformat` feature.) However, since `cleveref` implements a significantly enhanced version of these packages' features, this is not really a problem.

```
\thref      In fact, if ntheorem is loaded with the thref option, cleveref redefines  
 \vref       ntheorem's \thref command for you, to be an alias for \cref. Similarly, if  
 \Vref      varioref is loaded, cleveref redefines the \vref, \vrefrange, \fullref com-  
 \vrefrange  mands and variants to instead use the cleveref features for cross-reference  
 \Vrefrange  formatting, whilst retaining all the varioref page-referencing magic. You  
 \fullref   can continue to use the other varioref and ntheorem commands (other than  
 \Fullref  \labelformat and the thref option) whilst using cleveref, as long as cleveref  
 \Fullref* is loaded last.  
  
 \vref*      Note that, whilst in the business of redefining the varioref commands,  
 \Vref*      cleveref seizes the opportunity to get rid of the irritating spacing behaviour  
 \vrefrange* of the \vref and \Vref commands, instead making it consistent with the other  
 \Vrefrange* cleveref cross-referencing commands. This also frees up the starred variants to  
 \fullref*  be used to suppress hyper-links when the hyperref package is loaded, as usual.  
 \Fullref*
```

¹⁰At least, not without resorting to inserting low-level L^AT_EX code in your document, which would somewhat defeat the purpose of the `poorman` option.

¹¹At the time of writing, I'm not aware of any that do.

(Unfortunately, due to lack of support for this in `varioref`, the page references will still be hyper-links, even when using the starred variants. Go bug the `varioref` maintainer about this if you don't like it.)

legacyvarioref

However, the `cleveref` redefinitions break strict compatibility with the original `varioref` commands. If you need the original spacing behaviour for compatibility reasons, pass the `legacyvarioref` option to `cleveref`. If this option is supplied, only the original `varioref` commands `\vref`, `\vref*`, `\vrefrange` and `\fullref` will be provided, not any of the additional variants, and the starred variants will change the spacing around the commands as per the original `varioref` implementation, rather than suppressing hyper-links.

Other packages which alter the L^AT_EX referencing system are unlikely to work properly with `cleveref`. (For example, although `cleveref` fully supports the `hyperref` package's hyper-link features, the `backref` option is not currently supported. Similarly, `cleveref` is currently incompatible with the `memoir` class, though some versions are reported to partially work.) See section 10 for additional information.

10 Known Bugs and Possible Improvements

10.1 Known Bugs, Non-Bugs, and Work-Arounds

In no particular order:

- When both the `amsmath` and `hyperref` packages are loaded at the same time, the `cleveref` cross-referencing commands do not work when used within section titles. If anyone can figure out why, let me know! As a work-around, use `\ref` within section titles when your document uses both `amsmath` and `hyperref`.
- `cleveref` will not work properly with the standard L^AT_EX `eqnarray` environment. There is no intention to fix this. The `eqnarray` environment is poorly implemented, making it difficult to get it to work properly with `cleveref`. You're better off using the `amsmath` replacements in any case, such as `gather`, `align`, `multiline` and `split`, which *do* work properly with `cleveref`. (See <http://www.tug.org/pracjourn/2006-4/madsen/>).
- `cleveref` currently only provides language support for English, German, French, Spanish and Italian. Please contribute translations for missing languages!¹²
- `cleveref` can't cope with active characters being present in cross-reference label names. For example, if French `babel` support is loaded, the commonly used ":" in label names will often fail, spewing the usual random selection of mysterious TeX errors that accompany such deep-seated errors. The solution is to avoid using active characters in label names. (You may need to consult

¹²See section 12.12 for information on how to contribute translations.

e.g. the `babel` documentation to discover which active characters are defined in your language.)

- `cleveref` assumes that counters are only ever reset by the standard sectioning commands (`\chapter`, `\section`, etc.). If this is not the case, the automatic compression of consecutive cross-references into a reference range may be incorrect. Making this more flexible would be a simple task, but so far there doesn't seem to be much need for it.
- `cleveref` breaks `hyperref`'s `backref` option, and probably also the `backref` package when used as a stand-alone package. (This should be fixed in a future version.)
- `cleveref` is almost certainly incompatible with `titleref`, `byname`, `nameref` and the like. This shouldn't be difficult to fix, and if you want this feature, then... patches are always welcome! (Note that `cleveref` is compatible with `hyperref`, despite that fact that this loads `nameref` automatically. It's just that the `nameref` features won't work.)
- Given all the above, it's not surprising that `cleveref` is incompatible with the `memoir` class, which incorporates many of the above packages. There are some reports of some versions of `cleveref` partially working with `memoir`, but this should not be considered reliable. Compatibility with `memoir` will become a realistic possibility once compatibility with the other packages (listed above) is added.
- `cleveref` doesn't know about the `subfloat` package, so you have to revert to using `\ref` for cross-references to sub-figures. (This should be fixed in a future version.)
- The `poorman` `sed` script loses any custom `cleveref` hyper-link formatting you might have defined, and does not reproduce the original spacing around the `\vref` command when `varioref` is used with the `legacyvarioref` option. This is not a bug; it is a side-effect of the intended purpose of the `poorman` option. The philosophy behind `poorman` is to replace `cleveref`'s enhanced cross-referencing with standard L^AT_EX cross-reference commands that are guaranteed to work with any standard L^AT_EX installation. Although it would be simple to fix these "bugs", it's almost certainly impossible without using low-level L^AT_EX code that is unlikely to be supported by journals, thereby defeating the whole purpose of the `poorman` option.

10.2 Possible Improvements

In no particular order:

- The `poorman` option could be enhanced to allow a choice of scripting language rather than just `sed` (e.g. `awk`, `perl`, ...?), but these are unlikely to be much better for those apt to complain about the use of `sed`. The portable option

would be to output a `TeX` “script”, but this would be *much* more work¹³ than I’m prepared to invest.

11 Thanks

A number of people have helped improve `cleveref` by contributing code and translations. Thanks to Michael Ummels for contributing the `amsthm` support code, and to Stefan Pinnow, Gonzalo Medina, Massimo Redaelli and Philip Hölzenspies for contributing translations. Many people have suggested improvements or reported bugs, indeed many have spent significant effort in helping to investigate and fix them. So thanks (in alphabetical order) to: Anand Deopurkar, Bas Ploeger, Dan Luecking, David Gleich, Donald Arsenau, Hendrik Maryns, James Sharam, Jens Mueller, Joel C. Salomon, Joris Pinkse, Leo Shidai Liu, Lev Bishop, Matej Batic, Matthew Skala, Michael Barber, Michael Gorven, Michal Kaut, Olivier Roy, Paul Gomme, Ricardo de Aldama Sánchez, Stefan Pinnow, Ted Pavlic, Thomas Arildsen, and Uwe Lück for their help. (If I missed someone, please let me know!)

¹³`LATeX` *really* isn’t suited to that kind of pattern matching task – just take a look at the code for escaping regexp special characters in this package!

12 Implementation

Essentially, the core of the implementation consists of causing an extra piece of information – the label “type” – to be written to the aux file, and defining `\cref` commands which use this extra information to type-set the reference.

The least invasive implementation of this kind of thing seems to be that used by the `varioref` package. Namely, to redefine the `\refstepcounter` command so that the `\@currentlabel` macro, which usually just contains the type-set version of the counter, now contains the additional type information. (In fact, we write three extra pieces of information: the type, the counter value itself, and the value of the counter that causes the label’s counter to be reset, which we call the “prefix” from now on.) `\@currentlabel` eventually gets written to the aux file as an argument to `\newlabel` by the usual L^AT_EX mechanisms. This involves less hacking to get everything else working again, since very few macros other than `\ref` rely on this particular `\newlabel` argument (nor are other packages likely to, given that `varioref` plays around with it and is a required L^AT_EX package).

12.1 Redefinitions of L^AT_EX kernel macros

<code>\refstepcounter</code>	We store the original <code>\refstepcounter</code> in <code>\cref@old@refstepcounter</code> , then redefine <code>\refstepcounter</code> so that it first calls the old version before adding the extra information to <code>\@currentlabel</code> . The new <code>\refstepcounter</code> can take an optional argument, which overrides the default “type” inferred from the counter.
<code>\@currentlabel</code>	
<code>\cref@old@refstepcounter</code>	

```
1 \let\cref@old@refstepcounter\refstepcounter
2 \def\refstepcounter{%
3   \o@ifnextchar[{\refstepcounter@optarg}{\refstepcounter@noarg}]%
4 }
5 \def\refstepcounter@noarg#1{%
6   \cref@old@refstepcounter{#1}%
7   \cref@constructprefix{#1}{\@result}%
8   \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
9     [#1] [\arabic{#1}] [\@result]%
10    \csname p@#1\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
11 \def\refstepcounter@optarg[#1]{%
12   \cref@old@refstepcounter{#2}%
13   \cref@constructprefix{#2}{\@result}%
14   \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
15     [#1] [\arabic{#2}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}}
```


<code>\label</code>	We redefine the <code>\label</code> command to allow it to take an optional argument that overrides the default reference type in <code>\@currentlabel</code> . We have to postpone this redefinition of <code>\label</code> until the beginning of the document because some other packages do too, and we need to override their redefinitions. <code>\cref@Override@label@type</code> is a convenience macro for overriding the label type stored in <code>\@currentlabel</code> .
<code>\cref@Override@label@type</code>	

```
16 \def\cref@Override@label@type[#1]{[#2]{[#3]}#4\@nil#5{[#5]{[#2]{[#3]}#4}}%
17 \AtBeginDocument{%
```

```

18  \let\cref@old@label\label
19  \def\label{\@ifnextchar[\label@optarg\cref@old@label}{}
20  \def\label@optarg[#1]{%
21    \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
22      \expandafter\cref@override@label@type\@currentlabel\@nil{#1}}%
23    \cref@old@label}%

```

amsmath The **amsmath** package redefines the `\label` command within equation environments, so if it is loaded we have to extend the behaviour to support the optional argument. With **amsmath**, the original `\label` command is stored in `\ltx@label`, and `\label@in@display` replaces `\label` inside equations. `\label@in@display` just saves the label for later, and defining it is left until the end of the equation, when `\ltx@label` is finally called.

To allow `\label` within equations to support an optional argument, we first store the original `\label@in@display` and the new `\label` macro we defined above (since `\label` will be clobbered inside equations). Then we redefine `\label@in@display` so that it wraps all its arguments, including any optional argument, in an extra set of braces. These are stripped away again by `\ltx@label` before calling the `\label` macro we defined above (saved in `\cref@label`).

```

24  \@ifpackageloaded{amsmath}{%
25    \let\cref@label\label
26    \let\cref@old@label@in@display\label@in@display
27    \def\label@in@display{%
28      \@ifnextchar[\label@in@display@optarg\label@in@display@noarg}{%
29        \def\label@in@display@noarg#1{\cref@old@label@in@display{{#1}}}{%
30        \def\label@in@display@optarg[#1]#2{%
31          \cref@old@label@in@display{[#1]{#2}}}{%
32        \def\ltx@label#1{\cref@label#1}{%
33        \let\cref@old@make@df@tag@@\make@df@tag@@

```

In order for **subequations** to be sorted properly, **cleveref** needs to know that the **equation** counter is effectively reset by the **parentequation** counter within the **subequations** environment. This isn't how **amsmath** implements subequations (for obvious reasons!), but we harmlessly add the **equation** counter to the **parentequation** counter's reset list *within* **subequations** environments, so that **cleveref**'s sorting mechanism can figure things out. We also harmlessly make sure **parentequation** is reset by the same counter as **equation**.

```

subequations
34  \let\cref@old@subequations\subequations%
35  \let\cref@old@endsubequations\endsubequations%
36  \cref@resetby{equation}{\@result}%
37  \ifx\@result\relax\else%
38    \addtoreset{parentequation}{\@result}%
39  \fi%
40  \renewenvironment{subequations}{%
41    \addtoreset{equation}{parentequation}%
42    \cref@old@subequations}%

```

```

43 }{%
44   \gdef\cl@parentequation{}%
45   \cref@old@endsubequations%
46   \setcounter{parentequation}{0}%
47 }%

```

`\make@df@tag@@` We override the internals of the `amsmath \tag` command to add the additional information to the label definition.

```

48   \def\make@df@tag@@#1{%
49     \gdef\df@tag{\maketag@@#1}%
50     \def\@currentlabel{[equation] [] []#1}%
51   \def\make@df@tag@@@#1{%
52     \gdef\df@tag{\tagform@#1}%
53     \toks@\@xp{\p@equation#1}%
54     \edef\@currentlabel{[equation] [] []\the\toks@}}%
55 }{%
56 }

```

`\ref` The standard `\ref` macro spits out whatever was in `\@currentlabel` when the label was written to the aux file, but this now contains additional information which we don't want. Therefore, we redefine `\ref` to recover the original behaviour. We have to defer redefinition of `\ref` till the beginning of the document, in case other packages (such as `ntheorem`) modify it after `cleveref` is loaded. The apparently pointless `\cref@reflabel` adds a layer of indirection to make it easier in case we need to redefine it for `hyperref` later.

```

57 \def\cref@reflabel#1#2{\@result}
58 \AtBeginDocument{%
59   \DeclareRobustCommand{\ref}{\cref@ref}
60   \def\cref@ref#1{%
61     \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax%
62       \let\@result\relax%
63     \else%
64       \cref@getlabel{#1}\{@result}%
65     \fi%
66     \expandafter\@setref\csname r@#1\endcsname{\cref@reflabel}{#1}}%
67 }

```

`\appendix` The `\appendix` command causes the top-level sectioning commands (`\chapter` or `\section`, depending on the document class) to produce appendices instead. Since we want to be able to format references to appendices separately from references to normal top-level sections, we add to the tasks that `\appendix` does: it redefines `\refstepcounter@noarg` to exceptionally override the label type for chapters or sections, as appropriate, setting it to “appendix” instead. There are two alternative definitions: one if “section” is the top-level sectioning command, and one if “chapter” fulfills that role.

```

68 \let\cref@old@appendix\appendix
69 \renewcommand\appendix{%
70   \cref@old@appendix%

```

```

71  \@ifundefined{chapter}{%
72    \gdef\refstepcounter@noarg##1{%
73      \cref@old@refstepcounter{##1}%
74      \cref@constructprefix{##1}{\@result}%

```

We add a large value to the front of the counter data, to force references to anything in appendices to be sorted after everything else.

```

75  \ifx\@result\@empty%
76    \def\@result{2147483647}%
77  \else%
78    \edef\@result{2147483647,\@result}%
79  \fi%

```

Override the cross-reference type of sectioning commands.

```

80  \def\@tmpa{##1}%
81  \def\@tmpb{section}%
82  \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
83    \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
84      [appendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
85  \else%
86    \def\@tmpa{##1}%
87    \def\@tmpb{subsection}%
88    \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
89      \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
90        [subappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
91    \else%
92      \def\@tmpa{##1}%
93      \def\@tmpb{subsubsection}%
94      \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
95        \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
96          [subsubappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
97          \@currentlabel}%
98      \else%
99        \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
100          [##1] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
101      \fi%
102    \fi%
103  \fi%
104 }{%
105  \def\refstepcounter@noarg##1{%
106    \cref@old@refstepcounter{##1}%
107    \cref@constructprefix{##1}{\@result}%

```

Again, the large value added to the front of the counter data forces references to appendix items to be sorted last.

```

108  \ifx\@result\@empty%
109    \def\@result{2147483647}%
110  \else%
111    \edef\@result{2147483647,\@result}%
112  \fi%

```

Override the cross-reference type of sectioning commands.

```
113      \def\@tmpa{##1}%
114      \def\@tmpb{chapter}%
115      \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
116          \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
117              [appendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
118      \else%
119          \def\@tmpa{##1}%
120          \def\@tmpb{section}%
121          \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
122              \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
123                  [subappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
124          \else%
125              \def\@tmpa{##1}%
126              \def\@tmpb{subsection}%
127              \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
128                  \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
129                      [subsubappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
130                      \@currentlabel}%
131              \else%
132                  \def\@tmpa{##1}%
133                  \def\@tmpb{subsubsection}%
134                  \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
135                      \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
136                          [subsubsubappendix] [\arabic{##1}]%
137                          [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
138                  \else%
139                      \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
140                          [##1] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]\@currentlabel}%
141                  \fi%
142                  \fi%
143                  \fi%
144          \fi}%
145      }%
146 }
```

12.2 Utility Macros

12.2.1 aux file information

\cref@getlabel
 \cref@gettype
\cref@getcounter
 \cref@getprefix

Define some utility macros for extracting label, type, and counter information from the contents of \currentlabel, as written to the aux file and stored in \r@*label* when this is re-read on the next pass. Some other packages commandeer the referencing system to write label information to the aux file for other purposes, and probably use \ref to recover it later. We still want them to work, so our utility macros must cope with the type information being absent. However, since we need them to be fully expandable in various places, and \ifnextchar is definitely *not* fully expandable, we use the work-around of having the macros store their result in another macro, whose name is passed as the second argument.

This other macro *will* then be fully expandable, and can be used e.g. inside an `\edef` or `\csname... \endcsname`.

```

147 \def\cref@getlabel#1#2{%
148   \expandafter\let\expandafter@\tmpa\csname r@#1\endcsname%
149   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
150     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa%
151     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
152       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa}%
153   \expandafter\cref@getlabel@\tmpa\@nil#2}%
154 \def\cref@getlabel{\ifnextchar[%]
155   \cref@getlabel{\cref@getlabel[] [] []}}
156 \def\cref@getlabel[#1] [#2] [#3] #4\@nil#5{\def#5{#4}}
157 \def\cref@gettype#1#2{%
158   \expandafter\let\expandafter@\tmpa\csname r@#1\endcsname%
159   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
160     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa%
161     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
162       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa}%
163   \expandafter\cref@gettype@\tmpa\@nil#2}%
164 \def\cref@gettype{\ifnextchar[%]
165   \cref@gettype{\cref@gettype[] [] []}}
166 \def\cref@gettype[#1] [#2] [#3] #4\@nil#5{\def#5{#1}}
167 \def\cref@getcounter#1#2{%
168   \expandafter\let\expandafter@\tmpa\csname r@#1\endcsname%
169   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
170     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa%
171     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
172       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa}%
173   \expandafter\cref@getcounter@\tmpa\@nil#2}%
174 \def\cref@getcounter{\ifnextchar[%]
175   \cref@getcounter{\cref@getcounter[] [] []}}
176 \def\cref@getcounter[#1] [#2] [#3] #4\@nil#5{\def#5{#2}}
177 \def\cref@getprefix#1#2{%
178   \expandafter\let\expandafter@\tmpa\csname r@#1\endcsname%
179   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
180     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa%
181     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
182       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa}%
183   \expandafter\cref@getprefix@\tmpa\@nil#2}%
184 \def\cref@getprefix{\ifnextchar[%]
185   \cref@getprefix{\cref@getprefix[] [] []}}
186 \def\cref@getprefix[#1] [#2] [#3] #4\@nil#5{\def#5{#3}}

```

- \cref@constructprefix** The `\cref@constructprefix` macro constructs the prefix information stored in `\@currentlabel` (retrieved using `\cref@getprefix`). This information consists of the numerical value of each counter that's involved in resetting the label's counter, i.e. it contains the numerical values of the chapter, section, subsection... numbers that (ought to) make up the formatted label produced by `\the(counter)`. E.g. if `\theequation` produces “B.1.3”, this utility macro will

return “2,1” (the “3” corresponds to the equation number itself, which is stored separately in `\@currentlabel`). The first argument is the counter in question; the return value is stored in the second argument, which should be a macro name.

The real work is done by the recursive `\@cref@constructprefix` macro, which works its way upwards through the counters’ reset lists until it reaches a counter that isn’t reset by any other.

```
187 \def\cref@constructprefix#1#2{%
188   \cref@stack@init{\@tmpstack}%
```

We fully expand the first argument (the counter name) because sometimes a counter name containing a macro gets passed to us.

```
189   \edef\@tmpa{\noexpand{\#1\noexpand}}%
190   \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{\@tmpa{\#2}}%
191   \expandafter\@cref@constructprefix\@tmpa%
192   \cref@stack@to@list{\@tmpstack}{\@tmpa}%
193   \expandafter\def\expandafter#2\expandafter{\@tmpa}%
194 \def\@cref@constructprefix#1#2{%
195   \cref@resetby{\#1}{\#2}%
196   \ifx#2\relax%
197   \else%
198     \edef\@tmpa{\the\csname c@\#2\endcsname}%
199     \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter{\@tmpa}{\@tmpstack}%
200     \edef\@tmpa{\#2}%
201     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@cref@constructprefix%
202       \expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{\expandafter#2\expandafter}%
203   \fi}
```

`\cref@append@toks` A basic utility macro for appending tokens to a token register.

```
204 \def\cref@append@toks#1#2{\toks0={\#2}%
205   \edef\act{\noexpand\#1=\the\#1\the\toks0}%
206   \act}%
```

12.2.2 Stack data structures

`\cref@stack@init` We treat multiple references, supplied as a comma-separated list to `\cref` or `\Cref`, as a stack structure. So we define some utility macros for manipulating stacks (`\@nil` is used as an end-of-stack delimiter).

```
\cref@stack@push 207 \def\cref@stack@init#1{\def#1{\@nil}}
\cref@stack@topandbottom 208 \def\cref@stack@top#1{\expandafter\@cref@stack@top#1}
\cref@stack@add 209 \def\@cref@stack@top#1,#2\@nil{\#1}
\cref@stack@to@list 210 \def\cref@stack@pop#1{\expandafter\@cref@stack@pop#1#1}
211 \def\@cref@stack@pop#1,#2\@nil{\#3\def#3{\#2\@nil}}
212 \def\cref@stack@push#1#2{%
213   \expandafter\@cref@stack@push\expandafter{\#2}{\#1}{\#2}%
214 \def\@cref@stack@push#1#2#3{\def#3{\#2,\#1}%
215 \def\cref@stack@pull#1#2{\expandafter\@cref@stack@pull#2{\#1}{\#2}%
216 \def\@cref@stack@pull#1\@nil#2#3{\def#3{\#1\#2,\@nil}%
217 \def\cref@stack@to@list#1#2{%
218   \cref@isstackfull{\#1}%

```

```

219  \if@ cref@ stackfull%
220    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
221    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter#2%
222    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
223      \expandafter\@ cref@ stack@ to@ list#1}%
224  \else%
225    \def#2{}%
226  \fi}
227 \def\@ cref@ stack@ to@ list#1,\@ nil{#1}
228 \def\cref@ stack@ topandbottom#1#2#3{%
229   \def#2{}%
230   \def#3{#1%
231   \cref@ isstackfull{#1}%
232   \if@ cref@ stackfull%
233     \edef#2{\cref@ stack@ top{#1}}%
234     \cref@ stack@ pop{#1}%
235     \cref@ isstackfull{#1}%
236     @whilesw\if@ cref@ stackfull\fi{%
237       \edef#3{\cref@ stack@ top{#1}}%
238       \cref@ stack@ pop{#1}%
239       \cref@ isstackfull{#1}}%
240   \fi}
241 \def\cref@ stack@ add#1#2{%
242   \begingroup%
243     \def\@ arg1{#1}%
244     \let\@tmpstack#2%
245     \newif\if@notthere%
246     \nottherettrue%
247     \cref@ isstackfull{\@tmpstack}%
248     @whilesw\if@ cref@ stackfull\fi{%
249       \edef\@tmpb{\cref@ stack@ top{\@tmpstack}}%
250       \def\@tmpa{#1}%
251       \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
252         \cref@ stackfullfalse%
253         \nottherefalse%
254       \else%
255         \cref@ stack@ pop{\@tmpstack}%
256         \cref@ isstackfull{\@tmpstack}%
257       \fi}%
258   \expandafter\endgroup%
259   \if@notthere\cref@ stack@ push{#1}{#2}\fi}

```

\if@ cref@ stackempty The \cref@ isstackempty and \cref@ isstackfull macros test whether a stack is empty or full, respectively, and set the corresponding conditionals.

\cref@ isstackempty \if@ cref@ stackempty and \if@ cref@ stackfull.

\cref@ isstackfull 260 \newif\if@ cref@ stackempty

261 \newif\if@ cref@ stackfull

262 \def\cref@ isstackempty#1{%

263 \def\@tmpa{\@ nil}%

264 \ifx#1\@tmpa\@ cref@ stackemptytrue%

```

265   \else\@cref@stackemptyfalse\fi}
266 \def\cref@isstackfull#1{%
267   \def\@tmpa{\@nil}%
268   \ifx#1\@tmpa\@cref@stackfullfalse%
269   \else\@cref@stackfulltrue\fi}

\cref@stack@sort  The \cref@stack@sort macro sorts a stack, using the comparison macro passed in the second argument, which we use later to sort lists of references. We use insertion sort despite its  $O(n^2)$  scaling because it's simpler to code, and because we're very unlikely to encounter lists of more than ten or so references, so in practice a more complicated  $O(n \log n)$  sorting algorithm will very likely be slower anyway.
270 \def\cref@stack@sort#1#2{%
271   \begingroup%
272   \cref@stack@init{\@sortstack}%
Push first element into sorted stack.
273 \edef\@element{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
274 \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter{\@element}{\@sortstack}%
275 \cref@stack@pop{\#1}%

If empty elements follow first one, need to add them after it in sorted stack.
276 \cref@isstackfull{\#1}%
277 \if@cref@stackfull%
278   \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
279   \@whilesw\ifx\@tmpa\@empty\fi{%
280     \cref@stack@pull{}{\@sortstack}%
281     \cref@stack@pop{\#1}%
282     \cref@isstackempty{\#1}%
283     \if@cref@stackempty%
284       \let\@tmpa\relax%
285     \else%
286       \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
287     \fi%
288   \fi%
Process elements from stack.
289 \cref@isstackfull{\#1}%
290 \@whilesw\if@cref@stackfull\fi{%
291   \edef\@element{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
292   \cref@stack@pop{\#1}%

If empty elements follow current one, need to add them to sorted stack, right after element we're currently dealing with.
293 \def\@empties{}%
294 \cref@isstackfull{\#1}%
295 \if@cref@stackfull%
296   \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
297   \@whilesw\ifx\@tmpa\@empty\fi{%
298     \edef\@empties{\@empties,\#1}%
299   \cref@stack@pop{\#1}%

```

```

300      \cref@isstackempty{#1}%
301      \if@cref@stackempty%
302          \let\@tmpa\relax%
303      \else%
304          \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
305      \fi}%
306  \fi%

```

Insert current element into sorted stack, appending any following empty elements.

```

307  \edef\@tmpa{{\expandafter\noexpand\@element}%
308      {\expandafter\noexpand\@empties}%
309      {\noexpand\@sortstack}{\noexpand#2}}%
310  \expandafter\cref@stack@insert\@tmpa%
311  \cref@isstackfull{#1}}%
312 \expandafter\endgroup\expandafter%
313 \def\expandafter#1\expandafter{\@sortstack}%

```

`\cref@stack@insert` `\cref@stack@insert{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}` inserts #1 into the appropriate location in the sorted stack #3 (appending #2 onto the end of #1 when it's inserted), using the comparison macro #4.

```

314 \def\cref@stack@insert#1#2#3#4{%
315   \let\@cmp#4%
316   \@cref@stack@insert{}{#1}{#2}{#3}%
317   \cref@stack@pop{#3}%

```

`\@cref@stack@insert` `\@cref@stack@insert{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}` prepends #1 to the stack resulting from inserting #2 (with #3 appended to it) into the sorted stack #4.

```

318 \def\@cref@stack@insert#1#2#3#4{%
319   \let\@iterate\relax%
320   \cref@isstackempty{#4}%
321   \if@cref@stackempty%
322       \cref@stack@push{#1,#2#3}{#4}%
323   \else%
324       \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{#4}}%
325       \expandafter\@cmp\expandafter{\@tmpa}{#2}{\@result}%
326       \ifnum\@result=2\relax%
327           \cref@stack@push{#1,#2#3}{#4}%
328       \else%
329           \cref@stack@pop{#4}%
330           \edef\@tmpa{{\noexpand#1,\@tmpa}{\noexpand#2}}%
331           {\noexpand#3}{\noexpand#4}}%
332           \expandafter\def\expandafter\@iterate\expandafter%
333           {\expandafter\@cref@stack@insert\@tmpa}%
334   \fi}%
335 \fi%
336 \@iterate}

```

12.2.3 Sorting and comparison of counters

\cref@countercmp The \cref@countercmp macro compares two sets of counter data, as returned by \cref@getcounter, and \chardef's its third argument to 0 if they're equal, 1 if the first comes earlier than the second, or 2 if the first comes later than the second. This is used later for sorting references.

```
337 \def\cref@counter@first#1#2\@nil{#1}
338 \def\cref@counter@rest#1#2\@nil{#2}
339 \def\cref@countercmp#1#2#3{%
340   \begingroup%
341   \def\@tmpa{#1}%

```

In order to ensure empty references end up in the right place when sorting lists of multiple references, we make the comparison macro sorts them before a non-empty reference.

```
342   \ifx\@tmpa\@empty%
343     \def\@result{1}%
344   \else%
345     \def\@tmpa{#2}%
346     \ifx\@tmpa\@empty%
347       \def\@result{2}%
348     \else%

```

Conversely, undefined references come after everything else.

```
349   \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax%
350     \def\@result{2}%
351   \else%
352     \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#2\endcsname\relax%
353       \def\@result{1}%
354     \else%

```

The real work of comparing two references is done by \@cref@countercmp.

```
355   \cref@getcounter{#1}{\@countera}%
356   \cref@getprefix{#1}{\@prefixa}%
357   \cref@getcounter{#2}{\@counterb}%
358   \cref@getprefix{#2}{\@prefixb}%
359   \cref@stack@init{\@countstacka}%
360   \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter%
361     {\@countera}{\@countstacka}%
362   \ifx\@prefixa\@empty%
363     \else%
364       \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter%
365         {\@prefixa}{\@countstacka}%
366     \fi%
367   \cref@stack@init{\@countstackb}%
368   \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter%
369     {\@counterb}{\@countstackb}%
370   \ifx\@prefixb\@empty%
371     \else%
372       \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter%
373         {\@prefixb}{\@countstackb}%

```

```

374           \fi%
375           \cref@countercmp%
376           \fi%
377           \fi%
378           \fi%
379           \fi%
380 \expandafter\endgroup\expandafter%
381 \chardef\expandafter#3\expandafter=\result\relax}

```

\cref@countercmp The `\cref@countercmp` macro recursively compares counter components until it runs out of components for one of the references, or finds an two corresponding components that are unequal.

```

382 \def\cref@countercmp{%
383   \let\@iteratel\relax%
384   \cref@isstackempty{\countstacka}%
385   \if@cref@stackempty%
386     \cref@isstackempty{\countstackb}%
387     \if@cref@stackempty%
388       \def\result{0}%
389     \else%
390       \def\result{1}%
391     \fi%
392   \else%
393     \cref@isstackempty{\countstackb}%
394     \if@cref@stackempty%
395       \def\result{2}%
396     \else%
397       \edef\tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\countstacka}}%
398       \cref@stack@pop{\countstacka}%
399       \edef\tmpb{\cref@stack@top{\countstackb}}%
400       \cref@stack@pop{\countstackb}%
401       \ifnum\tmpa<\tmpb\relax%
402         \def\result{1}%
403       \else%
404         \ifnum\tmpa>\tmpb\relax%
405           \def\result{2}%
406         \else%
407           \def\@iteratel{\cref@countercmp}%
408         \fi%
409       \fi%
410     \fi%
411   \fi%
412 }@\iteratel}

```

\if@cref@inresetlist We need to be able to determine which counter is used to reset a given counter.

\cref@isinresetlist Usually, resets are done by sectioning counters, and we assume that to be the

\cref@resetby case here. `\cref@isinresetlist` searches through one counter's reset list, stored in `\cl@counter`, to determine whether another counter appears there, and sets the new conditional appropriately. `\cref@reset@by` searches through all the sectioning counters' reset lists, from lowest-level (subsubsection) to highest (part),

checking whether the given counter is in the list, and returns the first sectioning counter in whose list it appears. (The value is returned by defining its second argument, which should be a macro name.)

```
413 \newif\if@ cref@inresetlist
414 \def\cref@is inresetlist#1#2{%
415   \begingroup%
416   \def\@counter{#1}%

```

We locally redefine `\@elt`, which appears at the head of the expansion of `\cl@<counter>`, so that entries in the reset list end up separated by commas, thus can be treated as a stack.

```
417   \def\@elt##1{##1,}%
418   \expandafter\ifx\csname cl@#2\endcsname\relax%
419     \def\cref@resetstack{\@nil}%
420   \else%
421     \edef\cref@resetstack{\csname cl@#2\endcsname\noexpand\@nil}%
422   \fi%
423   \let\@nextcounter\relax%
424   \cref@isstackfull{\cref@resetstack}%
425   \@whilesw\if@ cref@stackfull\fi{%
426     \edef@\nextcounter{\cref@stack@top{\cref@resetstack}}%
427     \ifx@\nextcounter\@counter%
428       \cref@stackfullfalse%
429     \else%
430       \let\@nextcounter\relax%
431       \cref@stack@pop{\cref@resetstack}%
432       \cref@isstackfull{\cref@resetstack}%
433     \fi}%
434   \ifx@\nextcounter\relax%
435     \def@\next{\@cref@inresetlistfalse}%
436   \else%
437     \def@\next{\@cref@inresetlisttrue}%
438   \fi%
439   \expandafter%
440   \endgroup%
441   \@next}
```

FIXME: We could easily remove the hard-coded search order in `\cref@resetby` and, say, replace it with a customisable list of counters to search in order. But so far I've yet to encounter a need for anything other than the hard-coded default.

```
442 \def\cref@resetby#1#2{%
443   \let#2\relax%
```

If counter in question is `subfigure` or `subtable`, check if it's reset by `figure` or `table`, respectively.

```
444   \def\@tmpa{#1}%
445   \def\@tmpb{subfigure}%
446   \ifx@\tmpa\@tmpb%
447     \cref@is inresetlist{#1}{figure}%
448     \if@cref@inresetlist%
```

```

449      \def#2{figure}%
450      \fi%
451 \fi%
452 \def\@tmpa{\#1}%
453 \def\@tmpb{subtable}%
454 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
455     \cref@isinresetlist{\#1}{table}%
456     \if@cref@inresetlist%
457         \def#2{table}%
458     \fi%
459 \fi%

```

If counter in question is `equation`, and the counter `parentequation` is defined, check if it's reset by that. The `parentequation` counter is used by `amsmath`'s `subequations` environment. Although `amsmath` doesn't implement `subequations` using counter reset lists, `cleveref`'s `amsmath` support (above) tweaks the reset lists inside `subequations` environments to hook into this mechanism. We should really only check this when `amsmath` is loaded, but checking it anyway might catch other packages that independently implement `amsmath`'s `subequations` environment (are there any?).

```

460 \c@ifundefined{cl@parentequation}{}{%
461     \def\@tmpa{\#1}%
462     \def\@tmpb{equation}%
463     \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
464         \cref@isinresetlist{\#1}{parentequation}%
465         \if@cref@inresetlist%
466             \expandafter\ifnum\c@parentequation=0\else%
467                 \def#2{parentequation}%
468             \fi%
469         \fi%
470     \fi}%

```

If counter in question is `enum<x>`, check if it's reset by a higher-level `enum<x>`.

```

471 \def\@tmpa{\#1}%
472 \def\@tmpb{enumii}%
473 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
474     \def#2{enum}%
475     \fi%
476     \def\@tmpb{enumiii}%
477     \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
478         \def#2{enum}%
479     \fi%
480     \def\@tmpb{enumiv}%
481     \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
482         \def#2{enum}%
483     \fi%
484     \def\@tmpb{enumv}%
485     \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
486         \def#2{enum}%
487     \fi%

```

```

488 \def\@tmpb{enum}%
489 \ifx#2\@tmpb%
490   \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{enumiv}%
491   \if@cref@inresetlist%
492     \def#2{enumiv}%
493   \else%
494     \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{enumiii}%
495     \if@cref@inresetlist%
496       \def#2{enumiii}%
497     \else%
498       \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{enumii}%
499       \if@cref@inresetlist%
500         \def#2{enumii}%
501       \else%
502         \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{enumi}%
503         \if@cref@inresetlist%
504           \def#2{enumi}%
505         \else%
506           \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{part}%
507           \if@cref@inresetlist%
508             \def#2{part}%
509           \else%
510             \let#2\relax%
511             \fi%
512           \fi%
513         \fi%
514       \fi%
515     \fi%
516   \fi%

```

If we haven't found anything so far, check if it's reset by a sectioning command.

```

517 \ifx#2\relax%
518   \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{table}%
519   \if@cref@inresetlist%
520     \def#2{table}%
521   \else%
522     \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{subsubsection}%
523     \if@cref@inresetlist%
524       \def#2{subsubsection}%
525     \else%
526       \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{subsection}%
527       \if@cref@inresetlist%
528         \def#2{subsection}%
529       \else%
530         \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{section}%
531         \if@cref@inresetlist%
532           \def#2{section}%
533         \else%
534           \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{chapter}%
535           \if@cref@inresetlist%

```

```

536          \def#2{chapter}%
537          \else%
538          \cref@isinresetlist{#1}{part}%
539          \if@cref@inresetlist%
540              \def#2{part}%
541          \else%
542              \let#2\relax%
543          \fi%
544      \fi%
545      \fi%
546      \fi%
547      \fi%
548      \fi%
549  \fi}

```

`\if@cref@refconsecutive` Define a new conditional to test whether two references are consecutive (needed when type-setting reference ranges). This uses the counter and prefix (i.e. formatted version of the counter that resets the label's counter) information provided by `\r<label>` (via the aux file) to check if the prefixes are identical (i.e. the references come from the same chapter, section or whatever), and that the label counters differ by 0 or 1.

```

550 \newif\if@cref@refconsecutive%
551 \def\cref@isrefconsecutive#1#2{%
552   \begingroup%
553   \countdef\refa@counter=0%
554   \countdef\refb@counter=1%
555   \cref@getcounter{#1}{\@result}%
556   \refa@counter=\@result%
557   \cref@getcounter{#2}{\@result}%
558   \refb@counter=\@result%
559   \cref@getprefix{#1}{\refa@prefix}%
560   \cref@getprefix{#2}{\refb@prefix}%
561   \def\@after{\cref@refconsecutivefalse}%
562   \ifx\refa@prefix\refb@prefix%
563     \ifnum\refa@counter=\refb@counter\relax%
564       \def\@after{\cref@refconsecutivetrue}%
565     \else%
566       \advance\refa@counter 1\relax%
567       \ifnum\refa@counter=\refb@counter\relax%
568         \def\@after{\cref@refconsecutivetrue}%
569       \fi%
570     \fi%
571   \fi%
572   \expandafter\endgroup\@after}

```

12.2.4 Reference stack processing

`\cref@processgroup` `\cref@processgroup` processes the first group of references from the stack passed in argument #1, by moving references to the stack passed in argument #2 until it

encounters a reference that has a different type to those that came before. Note that empty references are treated as having the same type as the preceding one.

```

573 \def\cref@processgroup#1#2{%
574   \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
575   \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\@nextref\endcsname\relax%
576     \def\@groupype{\@undefined}%
577     \def\@groupformat{\@undefined}%
578   \else%
579     \expandafter\cref@gettype\expandafter{\@nextref}{\@groupype}%
580     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
581       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\groupformat%
582       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%%
583       \csname cref@\@groupype @format\endcsname%
584       {\@dummya}{\@dummyb}{\@dummyc}}%
585   \fi%
586 \let\@nexttype\@groupype%
587 \let\@nextformat\@groupformat%
588 %
589 \whilesw\ifx\@nextformat\@groupformat\fi{%
590   \expandafter\cref@stack@pull\expandafter{\@nextref}{#2}%
591   \cref@stack@pop{#1}%
592   \cref@isstackempty{#1}%
593   \if@cref@stackempty%
594     \let\@nexttype\relax%
595     \let\@nextformat\relax%
596   \else%
597     \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
598     \ifx\@nextref\@empty%
599       \let\@nexttype\@groupype%
600       \let\@nextformat\@groupformat%
601     \else%
602       \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\@nextref\endcsname\relax%
603         \def\@nexttype{\@undefined}%
604         \def\@nextformat{\@undefined}%
605       \else%
606         \expandafter\cref@gettype\expandafter\%%
607         {\@nextref}{\@nexttype}%
608         \def\@tmpa{\@undefined}%
609         \ifx\@nexttype\@tmpa%
610           \def\@nextformat{\@undefined}%
611         \else%
612           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
613             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@nextformat%
614             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%%
615             \csname cref@\@nexttype @format\endcsname%
616             {\@dummya}{\@dummyb}{\@dummyc}}%
617           \fi%
618         \fi%
619       \fi%

```

```

620      \fi}%
621 }

\cref@processgroupall \cref@processgroupall processes the first group of references from the stack
passed in argument #1, by moving all references with the same type as the first
one into the stack passed in argument #2.

622 \def\cref@processgroupall#1#2{%
623   \cref@stack@init{\@tmpstack}%
624   \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
625   \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\@nextref\endcsname\relax%
626     \def\@grouptype{\@undefined}%
627     \def\@groupformat{\@undefined}%
628   \else%
629     \expandafter\cref@gettype\expandafter{\@nextref}{\@grouptype}%
630     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
631       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\groupformat%
632       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%%
633       \csname cref@\@grouptype @format\endcsname%
634       {\@dummya}{\@dummyb}{\@dummymc}}%
635   \fi%
636   \let\@lasttype\@grouptype%
637   \let\@lastformat\@groupformat%
638   \cref@isstackfull{#1}%
639 %
640   \@whilsw\if@cref@stackfull\fi{%
641     \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
642     \ifx\@nextref\empty%
643       \ifx\@lastformat\@groupformat%
644         \let\@nexttype\@grouptype%
645         \let\@nextformat\@groupformat%
646       \else%
647         \let\@nexttype\relax%
648         \let\@nextformat\relax%
649       \fi%
650     \else%
651       \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\@nextref\endcsname\relax%
652         \def\@nexttype{\@undefined}%
653         \def\@nextformat{\@undefined}%
654       \else%
655         \expandafter\cref@gettype\expandafter{%
656           \@nextref}{\@nexttype}%
657         \def\@tmpa{\@undefined}%
658         \ifx\@nexttype\@tmpa%
659           \def\@nextformat{\@undefined}%
660         \else%
661           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
662             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@nextformat%
663             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%%
664             \csname cref@\@nexttype @format\endcsname%
665             {\@dummya}{\@dummyb}{\@dummymc}}%

```

```

666      \fi%
667      \fi%
668      \fi%
669 %
670      \ifx\@nextformat\@groupformat%
671          \expandafter\cref@stack@pull\expandafter{\@nextref}{#2}%
672      \else%
673          \expandafter\cref@stack@pull\expandafter{\@nextref}{\@tmpstack}%
674      \fi%
675      \cref@stack@pop{#1}%
676      \let\@lasttype\@nexttype%
677      \let\@lastformat\@nextformat%
678      \cref@isstackfull{#1}%
679      \let#1\@tmpstack}

```

`\cref@processconsecutive` `\cref@processconsecutive` processes the first sequence of consecutive references from the stack passed in #1, sets the macro passed as #2 to the first reference in the sequence, sets #3 to the last reference, and sets the counter passed in #4 to the number of consecutive references in the sequence.

```

680 \def\cref@processconsecutive#1#2#3#4{%
681     #4=0%
682     \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
683     \cref@stack@pop{#1}%

```

If stack only contains one reference, set appropriate return values.

```

684     \cref@isstackempty{#1}%
685     \if@cref@stackempty%
686         \edef#2{\@nextref}%
687         \let#3\relax%
688         #4=1\relax%

```

If stack contains multiple references, find end of consecutive references.

```

689     \else%
690         \edef#2{\@nextref}%
691         \let#3\relax%
692         \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{#1}}%
693         #4=1\relax%
694         \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#2\endcsname\relax%
695             \cref@refconsecutivefalse%
696         \else%

```

If next reference in substack is empty, it indicates that no further compression should take place. Having served its purpose, the empty reference and any consecutive empty references are removed from the stack.

```

697     \ifx\@nextref\@empty%
698         \cref@refconsecutivefalse%
699         \whilesw\ifx\@nextref\@empty\fi{%
700             \cref@stack@pop{#1}%
701             \cref@isstackempty{#1}%
702             \if@cref@stackempty%

```

```

703           \let\@nextref\relax%
704           \else%
705             \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
706           \fi}%

```

Otherwise, test whether next reference is consecutive or not.

```

707           \else%
708             \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\@nextref\endcsname\relax%
709               \cref@refconsecutivefalse%
710             \else%
711               \edef\tmpa{{\#2}{\@nextref}}%
712               \expandafter\cref@isrefconsecutive\tmpa%
713             \fi%
714           \fi%
715         \fi%

```

Remove references from the stack until we find end of consecutive sequence.

```

716   \whilesw\if@cref@refconsecutive\fi{%
717     \advance#4 1%
718     \let#3\@nextref%
719     \cref@stack@pop{\#1}%
720     \cref@isstackempty{\#1}%
721     \if@cref@stackempty%
722       \cref@refconsecutivefalse%
723     \else%
724       \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%

```

If next reference is empty, remove any consecutive empty references and we're done.

```

725   \ifx\@nextref\@empty%
726     \cref@refconsecutivefalse%
727     \whilesw\ifx\@nextref\@empty\fi{%
728       \cref@stack@pop{\#1}%
729       \cref@isstackempty{\#1}%
730       \if@cref@stackempty%
731         \let\@nextref\relax%
732       \else%
733         \edef\@nextref{\cref@stack@top{\#1}}%
734       \fi}%

```

Otherwise, test whether next reference is consecutive or not.

```

735   \else%
736     \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\@nextref\endcsname\relax%
737       \cref@refconsecutivefalse%
738     \else%
739       \edef\tmpa{{\#3}{\@nextref}}%
740       \expandafter\cref@isrefconsecutive\tmpa%
741     \fi%
742   \fi%
743 \fi}%
744 \fi}

```

12.3 Referencing Commands

- \cref Define the main referencing command \cref and the start-of-sentence variant \Cref, along with the reference range commands \crefrange and \Crefrange.
- ```
745 \DeclareRobustCommand{\cref}[1]{\@cref{cref}{#1}}
746 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Cref}[1]{\@cref{Cref}{#1}}
747 \DeclareRobustCommand{\crefrange}[2]{\@setcrefrange{#1}{#2}{cref}{#1}{#2}}
748 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Crefrange}[2]{\@setcrefrange{#1}{#2}{Cref}{#1}{#2}}
```
- \if@crefstarred The \if@crefstarred flag is set within starred variants of cleveref commands. Starred variants are only defined if either the hyperref or varioref package is loaded, so we only define it in those cases.<sup>14</sup>
- ```
749 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{\newif\if@crefstarred}{}
750   \@ifpackageloaded{varioref}{\newif\if@crefstarred}{}
```
- \@cref To save duplicating code, the referencing macros pass an argument determining the variant to an auxiliary macro \@cref, which does the real work. The \@cref macro is the behemoth at the heart of all the clever referencing features. It deals with grouping references by type, type-setting the conjunctions between groups, choosing the right formatting macro to use for each reference, and compressing consecutive references into ranges.
- ```
751 \def\@cref#1#2{%
752 \leavevmode%
753 \begingroup%
```
- Initialise some things, and put all the references into a stack called \@refstack. Note that we fully expand the second argument, in case it contains commands that expand to label names rather than label names per se.
- ```
754 \countdef\count@consecutive=0%
755 \countdef\count@group=1%
756 \count@group=1%
757 \def\cref@variant[#1]%
758 \newif\if@secondref%
759 \cref@stack@init{\@refstack}%
760 \edef\@tmpa{#2}%
761 \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter{\@tmpa}{\@refstack}%
762 \cref@isstackfull{\@refstack}%
```
- Loop until the reference stack is empty.
- ```
763 \@whilsw\if@cref@stackfull\fi{%
```
- Move next group of references with same type into \@refsubstack.
- ```
764 \cref@stack@init{\@refsubstack}%
765 \if@cref@sort%
766   \cref@processgroupall{\@refstack}{\@refsubstack}%
767   \cref@stack@sort{\@refsubstack}{\cref@countercmp}%
```

¹⁴In fact, the flag isn't needed when only varioref is loaded and the legacyvarioref is set, unless the poorman option is also set. However, avoid the redundant \if in these cases doesn't seem worth the significantly more complicated code that would be required.

```

768     \else%
769         \cref@processgroup{\@refstack}{\@refsubstack}%
770     \fi%

```

Type-set appropriate conjunction between groups of reference types.

```

771     \ifnum\count@group=1\relax%
772         \advance\count@group 1%
773     \else%
774         \cref@isstackfull{\@refstack}%
775         \if@cref@stackfull%
776             \@setcref@middlegroupconjunction%
777         \else%
778             \ifnum\count@group=2\relax%
779                 \@setcref@pairgroupconjunction%
780             \else%
781                 \@setcref@lastgroupconjunction%
782             \fi%
783         \fi%
784         \advance\count@group 1%
785         \def\cref@variant{\cref}%
786     \fi%

```

Process first group of consecutive references.

```

787     \if@cref@compress%
788         \cref@processconsecutive%
789         {\@refsubstack}{\@beginref}{\@endref}{\count@consecutive}%
790     \else%
791         \edef\@beginref{\cref@stack@top{\@refsubstack}}%
792         \cref@stack@pop{\@refsubstack}%

```

Empty references serve no purpose when we're not compressing consecutive references, so we simply remove them.

```

793     \@whilsw\ifx\@beginref\@empty\fi{%
794         \cref@stack@pop{\@refsubstack}%
795         \cref@isstackempty{\@refsubstack}%
796         \if@cref@stackempty%
797             \let\@beginref\relax%
798         \else%
799             \edef\@beginref{\cref@stack@top{\@refsubstack}}%
800             \fi}%
801         \let\@endref\relax%
802         \count@consecutive=1\relax%
803     \fi%

```

If there were no consecutive references, type-set the first reference;

```

804     \ifnum\count@consecutive=1\relax%
805         \cref@isstackfull{\@refsubstack}%
806         \if@cref@stackfull%
807             \expandafter\@setcref%
808             \expandafter{\@beginref}{\cref@variant}{\@first}%
809         \else%

```

```

810      \expandafter\@setcref%
811      \expandafter{\@beginref}{\cref@variant}{()}%
812      \fi%

```

if there were only two consecutive references, type-set the first one and return the second to the substack (we add an empty reference after it just to make sure there's no further compression);

```

813      \else%
814      \ifnum\count@consecutive=2\relax%
815          \expandafter\@setcref%
816          \expandafter{\@beginref}{\cref@variant}{@\first}%
817          \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter%
818          {\@endref,}{\@refsubstack}%

```

otherwise, type-set a reference range.

```

819      \else%
820      \edef\@tmpa{`\@beginref}{`\@endref}%
821      \if@cref@stackempty%
822          \expandafter\@setcrefrange\@tmpa{\cref@variant}{()}%
823      \else%
824          \expandafter\@setcrefrange\@tmpa{\cref@variant}{@\first}%
825      \fi%
826      \fi%
827      \fi%

```

Process further groups of consecutive references, until substack is empty.

```

828      \secondreftrue%
829      \cref@isstackfull{\@refsubstack}%
830      \@whilesw\if@cref@stackfull\fi{%
831          \if@cref@compress%
832              \cref@processconsecutive%
833              {\@refsubstack}{\@beginref}{`\@endref}{\count@consecutive}%
834      \else%
835          \edef\@beginref{\cref@stack@top{\@refsubstack}}%
836          \cref@stack@pop{\@refsubstack}%

```

Empty references serve no purpose when we're not compressing consecutive references, so we simply remove them.

```

837      \@whilesw\ifx\@beginref\@empty\fi{%
838          \cref@stack@pop{\@refsubstack}%
839          \cref@isstackempty{\@refsubstack}%
840          \if@cref@stackempty%
841              \let\@beginref\relax%
842          \else%
843              \edef\@beginref{\cref@stack@top{\@refsubstack}}%
844          \fi}%
845          \let\@endref\relax%
846          \count@consecutive=1\relax%
847      \fi%

```

If the substack is now empty, we will need to type-set an “end” reference, otherwise we will need to type-set a “middle” reference.

```

848      \cref@isstackempty{\@refsubstack}%
849      \if@cref@stackempty%
850          \if@secondref%
851              \def\@pos{@second}%
852          \else%
853              \def\@pos{@last}%
854          \fi%
855      \else%
856          \def\@pos{@middle}%
857      \fi%

```

If there were no consecutive references, just type-set the next reference;

```

858      \ifnum\count@consecutive=1\relax%
859          \edef\@tmpa{{\@beginref}{\cref}{\@pos}}%
860          \expandafter\@setcref\@tmpa%
861      \else%

```

if there were only two consecutive references, type-set the first one, and return the second one to the substack,

```

862      \ifnum\count@consecutive=2\relax%
863          \expandafter\@setcref\expandafter%
864              {\@beginref}{\cref}{@middle}%
865          \expandafter\cref@stack@push\expandafter%
866              {\@endref}{\@refsubstack}%

```

otherwise, type-set a reference range.

```

867      \else%
868          \edef\@tmpa{{\@beginref}{\@endref}{\cref}{\@pos}}%
869          \expandafter\@setcrefrange\@tmpa%
870      \fi%
871      \fi%
872      \ifsecondreffalse%
873          \cref@isstackfull{\@refsubstack}%
874      }% end loop over reference substack
875      \cref@isstackfull{\@refstack}%
876  }% end loop over main reference stack
877 \endgroup}

```

\@setcref The internal \@setcref macro deals with actually type-setting the reference, by calling the appropriate type-dependent formatting macro defined by \crefformat etc.

```

878 \def\@setcref#1#2#3{%
879     \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax%
880         \protect\G@refundefinedtrue%
881         \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}%
882         \@latex@warning{Reference '#1' on page \thepage \space undefined}%
883     \else%
884         \cref@gettype{#1}{\@temptype}% puts label type in \@temptype
885         \cref@getlabel{#1}{\@templabel}% puts label in \@templabel
886         \expandafter\ifx\csname #2@\@temptype\endcsname\relax%
887             \protect\G@refundefinedtrue%

```

```

888     \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}~\@templabel%
889     \@latex@warning{\string\ref \space reference format for label
890       type ‘\@temptype’ undefined}%
891   \else%
892     \expandafter\@setcref\expandafter%
893     {\csname #2\@temptype @format#3\endcsname}{#1}%
894   \fi%
895 \fi}

```

- \@setcref We separate out the very final type-setting step into a separate macro, in order to make it easier to redefine things later to make them work with the `hyperref` package.
- ```
896 \def\@setcref#1#2{\cref@getlabel{#2}{\@templabel}{#1}{\@templabel}{}}%
```

- \@setcrefrange The internal \@setcrefrange macro deals with type-setting reference ranges, just as \@setcref does for normal references. The actual type-setting is no more complicated in the range case; it’s the error checking that makes the code so much longer. We now have to check whether *two* references are undefined, whether *two* reference formats are undefined, whether the reference types are consistent, and also combinations of these various errors.

```

897 \def\@setcrefrange#1#2#3#4{%
898 \begingroup%

```

Check if both references are defined.

```

899 \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax%
900 \protect\G@refundefinedtrue%
901 \@latex@warning{Reference ‘#1’ on page \thepage \space%
902 undefined}%
903 \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#2\endcsname\relax%
904 \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}--%
905 \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}%
906 \@latex@warning{Reference ‘#2’ on page \thepage \space%
907 undefined}%
908 \else%
909 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@labelb}%
910 \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}--\@labelb%
911 \fi%
912 \else%
913 \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#2\endcsname\relax%
914 \protect\G@refundefinedtrue%
915 \cref@getlabel{#1}{\@labela}%
916 \@labela--\nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}%
917 \@latex@warning{Reference ‘#2’ on page \thepage %
918 \space undefined}%

```

If both references are defined, check that the reference format is defined.

```

919 \else%
920 \cref@gettype{#1}{\@typea}%
921 \cref@gettype{#2}{\@typeb}%
922 \cref@getlabel{#1}{\@labela}%

```

```

923 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@labelb}%
924 \edef\@formata{\expandafter\noexpand%
925 \csname #3range@\@typea \format#4\endcsname}%
926 \edef\@formatb{\expandafter\noexpand%
927 \csname #3range@\@typeb \format#4\endcsname}%
928 \expandafter\ifx\@formata\relax%
929 \protect\G@refundefinedtrue%
930 \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}~\@labela--\@labelb%
931 \@latex@warning{#3\space reference range format for label
932 type '\@typea' undefined}%
933 \else%

```

If reference types are identical, type-set reference range, otherwise display warning.  
(Note: there's no need to check if reference format for second type is defined, since if it isn't it will be caught here as a non-identical type.)

```

934 \ifx\@formata\@formatb%
935 \expandafter\@setcrefrange\expandafter{\@formata}{#1}{#2}%
936 \else%
937 \protect\G@refundefinedtrue%
938 \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}~\@labela--\@labelb%
939 \@latex@warning{Types inconsistent in reference range for
940 references '#1' and '#2' on page \thepage}%
941 \fi%
942 \fi%
943 \fi%
944 \fi%
945 \endgroup

```

`\@setcrefrange` We again separate out the very final type-setting step into a separate macro, in order to make it easier to redefine things later to make them work with the `hyperref` package.

```

946 \def\@setcrefrange#1#2#3{%
947 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@labela}%
948 \cref@getlabel{#3}{\@labelb}%
949 #1{\@labela}{\@labelb}{}{}{}}

```

The type-setting of conjunctions is also separated out into separate macros, for the same reason.

```

950 \def\@setcref@pairgroupconjunction{\crefpairgroupconjunction}
951 \def\@setcref@middlegroupconjunction{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}
952 \def\@setcref@lastgroupconjunction{\creflastgroupconjunction}

```

## 12.4 Reference Format Customisation Commands

### 12.4.1 Format Component Commands

`\cref@label@types` The reference formats are usually constructed out of components defined by the user-level `\crefname`, `\Crefname`, `\creflabel` and `\crefrangelabel` commands. `\cref@label@types` keeps track of label types for which components have been defined, and therefore need constructing at `\begin{document}` (see below).

FIXME: we don't check if the label type is already in the list, so some formats may needlessly be redefined identically, multiple times.

```
953 \cref@stack@init{\cref@label@types}
```

**\crefdefaultlabelformat** The component customisation commands simply use the supplied arguments to define appropriately named macros containing the formatting components. If the corresponding **\Crefname** or **\crefname** variant is not already defined, **\crefname** and **\Crefname** define it to be a version with the first letter capitalised or lower-cased, respectively.

```
954 \newcommand{\crefdefaultlabelformat}[1]{%
955 \def\cref@default@label##1##2##3{#1}%
956 \newcommand{\crefname}[3]{%
957 \@crefname{\cref}{#1}{#2}{#3}{}}%
958 \newcommand{\Crefname}[3]{%
959 \@crefname{\Cref}{#1}{#2}{#3}{}}%
960 \newcommand{\creflabelformat}[2]{%
961 \expandafter\def\csname cref@#1@label\endcsname##1##2##3{#2}%
962 \cref@stack@add{#1}{\cref@label@types}}%
963 \newcommand{\crefrangelabelformat}[2]{%
964 \expandafter\def\csname cref@#1@rangelabel\endcsname{%
965 ##1##2##3##4##5##6{#2}}%
966 \cref@stack@add{#1}{\cref@label@types}}
```

**\crefname@preamble** The **\crefname@preamble** and **\Crefname@preamble** commands are very like the **\crefname** and **\Crefname** commands, but they tag “**@preamble**” onto the end of the generated macro names. They are used when defining the formats for different languages (see section 12.12).

```
967 \newcommand{\crefname@preamble}[3]{%
968 \@crefname{\cref}{#1}{#2}{#3}{@preamble}}%
969 \newcommand{\Crefname@preamble}[3]{%
970 \@crefname{\Cref}{#1}{#2}{#3}{@preamble}}%
```

**\@crefname** The **\@crefname** utility macro does the real work of defining format names, by defining an appropriately named command to contain the format component, and using the additional first argument (“**cref**” or “**Cref**”) to determine how to define the corresponding command with the other capitalisation. The extra fifth argument tagged onto the end of the generated macro names.

```
971 \def\@crefname#1#2#3#4#5{%
972 \begingroup%
973 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@name#5\endcsname{#3}%
974 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@name@plural#5\endcsname{#4}}%
```

The following **\@tmpa** macro makes use of the fact that the first character of #1 is “**c**” for lower-case and “**C**” for upper-case, in order to wrap the capitalisation-dependent parts in macros so that the rest of the code can be capitalisation-agnostic.

```
975 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
976 \if##1c%
```

```

977 \def\@other{C##2}%
978 \def\@changecase{\expandafter\MakeUppercase}%
979 \else%
980 \def\@other{c##2}%
981 \if@cref@capitalise%
982 \def\@changecase{}%
983 \else%
984 \def\@changecase{\MakeLowercase}%
985 \fi%
986 \fi}%
987 \tmpa#1\@nil%

```

If the other capitalisation variant is not already defined...

```
988 \@ifundefined{\@other @##2@name#5}{%
```

Define \tmpa and \tmpb to be partial expansions (expanded just once) of the macros for the capitalisation variant we've just defined above. The \toska token register just makes the code less verbose.

```

989 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
990 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa%
991 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
992 \csname#1@#2@name\endcsname}%
993 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
994 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpb%
995 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
996 \csname#1@#2@name@plural\endcsname}%

```

Add the \changecase command to the front of the definitions of \tmpa and \tmpb.

```

997 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
998 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa%
999 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1000 \expandafter\@changecase\@tmpa}%
1001 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1002 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpb%
1003 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1004 \expandafter\@changecase\@tmpb}%

```

Define the other capitalisation variants to be the partial expansions (expanded just once) of \tmpa and \tmpb.

```

1005 \toksdef\@toksa=0%
1006 \@toksa={%
1007 \expandafter\gdef\csname\@other @##2@name#5\endcsname}%
1008 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{\@tmpa}%
1009 \@toksa={%
1010 \expandafter\gdef\csname\@other @##2@name@plural#5\endcsname}%
1011 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{\@tmpb}%
1012 }{%
1013 \endgroup%

```

Add label type to list of types that need defining from components.

```
1014 \cref@stack@add{#2}{\cref@label@types}}
```

\@crefconstructcomponents The \@crefconstructcomponents utility macro puts the reference format components for the specified reference type into temporary macros, for use by later macros. The ridiculous number of “#” characters ensure that the correct number remain when they come to be used later (pairs “##” are collapsed to a single “#” each time the code is expanded).

```

1015 \def\@crefconstructcomponents#1{%
 Single cross-reference label format.

1016 \@ifundefined{cref@#1@label}{%
1017 \let\@tmplabel\cref@default@label%
1018 }{%
1019 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmplabel%
1020 \csname cref@#1@label\endcsname%
1021 }%
}

Reference range label format.

1022 \@ifundefined{cref@#1@rangelabel}{%
1023 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1024 \@tmplabel{####1}{####3}{####4}}%
1025 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
1026 \@tmplabel{####2}{####5}{####6}}%
1027 \toksdef\@toksa=0%
1028 \@toksa=\{ \def\@tmpangelabel##1##2##3##4##5##6}%
1029 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1030 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@toksa%
1031 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1032 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\crefrangepreconjunction%
1033 \expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter\crefrangeconjunction\@tmpb%
1034 \crefrangepostconjunction}%
1035 }{%
1036 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpangelabel%
1037 \csname cref@#1@rangelabel\endcsname%
1038 }%
}

Get the correct number of “#”’s into the label format definitions.

1039 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmplabel\expandafter{%
1040 \@tmplabel{#####1}{#####2}{#####3}}%
1041 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpangelabel\expandafter{%
1042 \@tmpangelabel{#####1}{#####2}{#####3}}%
1043 {#####4}{#####5}{#####6}}%

Lower-case singular cross-reference name.

1044 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1045 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpname%
1046 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1047 % \csname cref@#1@name\endcsname}%
1048 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpname\expandafter{%
1049 \csname cref@#1@name\endcsname}%

Upper-case singular cross-reference name.

1050 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
```

```

1051 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{@tmpName}%
1052 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1053 % \csname Cref@\#1@name\endcsname}%
1054 \expandafter\def\expandafter{@tmpName\expandafter{%
1055 \csname Cref@\#1@name\endcsname}%

```

Lower-case plural cross-reference name.

```

1056 \expandafter\def\expandafter{@tmpnameplural\expandafter{%
1057 \csname cref@\#1@name@plural\endcsname}%

```

Upper-case plural cross-reference name.

```

1058 \expandafter\def\expandafter{@tmpNameplural\expandafter{%
1059 \csname Cref@\#1@name@plural\endcsname}%
1060 }

```

**\@crefdefineformat** The `\@crefdefineformat` et al. macros construct calls to `\crefformat` et al. for the supplied reference type that define the corresponding formats in terms of the format components. This is mostly just an arduous exercise in controlling macro expansion order.

```

1061 \def\@crefdefineformat#1{%
1062 \begingroup%

```

Put format components into tmp macros.

```

1063 \@crefconstructcomponents{#1}%

```

Assemble the arguments for `\crefformat` and `\Crefformat` from the components.

```

1064 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1065 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{@tmpfirst}%
1066 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1067 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter^{\@tmplabel}%
1068 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1069 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{@tmpFirst}%
1070 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1071 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter^{\@tmplabel}%

```

Define `\crefformat` and `\Crefformat`.

```

1072 \toksdef\@toksa=0%
1073 \@toksa={\crefformat{#1}}%
1074 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{@tmpfirst}%
1075 \@toksa={\Crefformat{#1}}%
1076 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{@tmpFirst}%
1077 \endgroup}

```

**\@crefrangedefineformat** Construct call to `\crefrangeformat`.

```

1078 \def\@crefrangedefineformat#1{%
1079 \begingroup%

```

Put format components into tmp macros.

```

1080 \@crefconstructcomponents{#1}%

```

Assemble the arguments for `\crefrangeformat` and `\Crefrangeformat` from the components.

```

1081 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1082 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpfirst%
1083 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1084 \expandafter\@tmpnameplural\expandafter~\@tmprangelabel}%
1085 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1086 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpFirst%
1087 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1088 \expandafter\@tmpNameplural\expandafter~\@tmprangelabel}%

```

Define `\crefrangeformat` and `\Crefrangeformat`.

```

1089 \toksdef\@toksa=0%
1090 \@toksa={\crefrangeformat{\#1}}%
1091 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{\@tmpfirst}%
1092 \@toksa={\Crefrangeformat{\#1}}%
1093 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{\@tmpFirst}%
1094 \endgroup

```

`\@crefdefinemultiformat` Construct call to `\crefmultiformat`.

```

1095 \def\@crefdefinemultiformat#1{%
1096 \begingroup%

```

Put format components into tmp macros.

```
1097 \@crefconstructcomponents{\#1}%

```

Assemble the arguments for `\crefmultiformat` and `\Crefmultiformat` from the components.

```

1098 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1099 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpfirst%
1100 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1101 \expandafter\@tmpnameplural\expandafter~\@tmplabel}%
1102 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1103 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpFirst%
1104 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1105 \expandafter\@tmpNameplural\expandafter~\@tmplabel}%
1106 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1107 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpsecond%
1108 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1109 % \expandafter\crefpairconjunction\@tmplabel}%
1110 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpsecond\expandafter{%
1111 \expandafter\crefpairconjunction\@tmplabel}%
1112 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1113 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpmiddle%
1114 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1115 % \expandafter\crefmiddleconjunction\@tmplabel}%
1116 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpmiddle\expandafter{%
1117 \expandafter\crefmiddleconjunction\@tmplabel}%
1118 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1119 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmplast%

```

```

1120 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1121 % \expandafter\creflastconjunction{@tmplabel}%
1122 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmplast\expandafter{%
1123 \expandafter\creflastconjunction{@tmplabel}}%

```

Bundle all four arguments for `\crefmultiformat` in token register `\@toksb`, then call it.

```

1124 \@toksdef\@toksa=0%
1125 \@toksdef\@toksb=1%
1126 \@toksb={}%
1127 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1128 \expandafter{\@tmpfirst}}%
1129 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1130 \expandafter{\@tmpsecond}}%
1131 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1132 \expandafter{\@tmpmiddle}}%
1133 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1134 \expandafter{\@tmplast}}%
1135 \@toksa=\{\crefmultiformat{#1}}%
1136 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\the\@toksb%

```

Bundle all four arguments for `\Crefmultiformat` in token register `\@toksb`, then call it.

```

1137 \@toksb={}%
1138 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1139 \expandafter{\@tmpFirst}}%
1140 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1141 \expandafter{\@tmpsecond}}%
1142 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1143 \expandafter{\@tmpmiddle}}%
1144 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1145 \expandafter{\@tmplast}}%
1146 \@toksa=\{\Crefmultiformat{#1}}%
1147 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\the\@toksb%
1148 \endgroup}

```

`\@crefrangedefinemultiformat` Construct call to `\crefrangemultiformat`.

```

1149 \def\@crefrangedefinemultiformat#1{%
1150 \begingroup%

```

Put format components into tmp macros.

```

1151 \@crefconstructcomponents{#1}%

```

Assemble the arguments that need to be passed to `\crefrangemultiformat` and `\Crefrangemultiformat` from the reference components.

```

1152 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1153 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpfirst%
1154 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1155 \expandafter\@tmpnameplural\expandafter~\@tmprangelabel}%
1156 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1157 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpFirst%

```

```

1158 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1159 \expandafter\@tmpNameplural\expandafter~\@tmprangelabel}%
1160 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1161 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpsecond%
1162 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1163 % \expandafter\crefpairconjunction\@tmprangelabel}%
1164 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpsecond\expandafter{%
1165 \expandafter\crefpairconjunction\@tmprangelabel}%
1166 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1167 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpmiddle%
1168 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1169 % \expandafter\crefmiddleconjunction\@tmprangelabel}%
1170 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpmiddle\expandafter{%
1171 \expandafter\crefmiddleconjunction\@tmprangelabel}%
1172 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1173 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tplast%
1174 % \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1175 % \expandafter\creflastconjunction\@tmprangelabel}%
1176 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tplast\expandafter{%
1177 \expandafter\creflastconjunction\@tmprangelabel}%

```

Bundle all four arguments for \crefrangemultiformat in token register \@toksb, then call it.

```

1178 \@toksdef\@toksa=0%
1179 \@toksdef\@toksb=1%
1180 \@toksb={}%
1181 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1182 \expandafter{\@tmpfirst}}%
1183 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1184 \expandafter{\@tmpsecond}}%
1185 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1186 \expandafter{\@tmpmiddle}}%
1187 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1188 \expandafter{\@tplast}}%
1189 \@toksa=\{ \crefrangemultiformat{#1}\}%
1190 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\the\@toksb%

```

Bundle all four arguments for \Crefrangemultiformat in token register \@toksb, then call it.

```

1191 \@toksb={}%
1192 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1193 \expandafter{\@tmpFirst}}%
1194 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1195 \expandafter{\@tmpsecond}}%
1196 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1197 \expandafter{\@tmpmiddle}}%
1198 \expandafter\cref@append@toks\expandafter\@toksb\expandafter{%
1199 \expandafter{\@tplast}}%
1200 \@toksa=\{ \Crefrangemultiformat{#1}\}%
1201 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\the\@toksb%
1202 \endgroup}

```

```
\@crefdefineallformats \@crefdefineallformats calls each of the above, to define all formats for the given type from the corresponding components.
```

```
1203 \def\@crefdefineallformats#1{%
1204 \@crefdefineformat{#1}%
1205 \@crefrangedefineformat{#1}%
1206 \@crefdefinemultiformat{#1}%
1207 \@crefrangedefinemultiformat{#1}}}
```

### 12.4.2 Format Definition Commands

\crefformat \crefformat et al. are lower-level commands that give complete control over the format of different reference types. They override the component-based formats, simply using the supplied arguments to define appropriately named formatting macros, which are called by \setcref. If the corresponding \Crefformat or \crefmultiformat variant is not already defined, they define it to be a version with the \Crefmultiformat first letter capitalised or lower-cased.

```
\crefrangemultiformat 1208 \newcommand{\crefformat}[2]{\@crefformat{cref}{#1}{#2}}
\crefrangemultiformat 1209 \newcommand{\Crefformat}[2]{\@crefformat{Cref}{#1}{#2}}
1210 \newcommand{\crefrangeformat}[2]{\@crefrangeformat{crefrange}{#1}{#2}}
1211 \newcommand{\Crefrangeformat}[2]{\@crefrangeformat{Crefrange}{#1}{#2}}
1212 \newcommand{\crefmultiformat}[5]{%
1213 \@crefmultiformat{cref}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1214 \newcommand{\Crefmultiformat}[5]{%
1215 \@crefmultiformat{Cref}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1216 \newcommand{\crefrangemultiformat}[5]{%
1217 \@crefrangemultiformat{crefrange}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1218 \newcommand{\Crefrangemultiformat}[5]{%
1219 \@crefrangemultiformat{Crefrange}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
```

The utility macros do the real work, by using the first argument (“cref” or “Cref”, and “crefrange” or “Crefrange”) to determine how to define the corresponding command with the other capitalisation.

\@crefformat \@crefformat defines the macros for single references.

```
1220 \def\@crefformat#1#2#3{%
1221 \begingroup%
1222 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@format\endcsname##1##2##3{#3}%
}
```

The following \tmpa macro makes use of the fact that the first character of #1 is “c” for lower-case and “C” for upper-case, in order to wrap the capitalisation-dependent parts in macros so that the rest of the code can be capitalisation-agnostic.

```
1223 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
1224 \if##1c%
1225 \def\@other{C##2}%
1226 \def\@change-case{\expandafter\MakeUppercase}%
1227 \else%
1228 \def\@other{c##2}%
1229 \if@cref@capitalise%
```

```

1230 \def\@changecase{}%
1231 \else%
1232 \def\@changecase{\MakeLowercase}%
1233 \fi%
1234 \fi}%
1235 \atmpa#1\@nil%

```

If the other capitalisation variant is not already defined...

```
1236 \@ifundefined{\@other \@#2@format}{%
```

Define \atmpa to be a partial expansion (expanded just once) of the capitalisation variant we've just defined above. The \atoska token register just makes the code less verbose.

```

1237 \toksdef\@toska=0%
1238 \atoska={\def\@tmpa##1##2##3}%
1239 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1240 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\atoska%
1241 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1242 \csname#1@#2@format\endcsname{##1}{##2}{##3}}%

```

Add the \changecase command to the front of the definition of \atmpa.

```

1243 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1244 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\atoska%
1245 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1246 \expandafter\@changecase\atmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}}%

```

Define the other capitalisation variant to be the partial expansion (expanded just once) of \atmpa.

```

1247 \atoska={%
1248 \expandafter\gdef\csname\@other \@#2@format\endcsname##1##2##3}%
1249 \expandafter\the\expandafter\atoska\expandafter{%
1250 \atmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}}%
1251 }{}}%
1252 \endgroup}

```

\@crefrangeformat \@crefrangeformat defines the macros for single reference ranges.

```

1253 \def\@crefrangeformat#1##2##3{%
1254 \begingroup%
1255 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@format\endcsname{%
1256 ##1##2##3##4##5##6{##3}}%

```

The following \atmpa macro makes use of the fact that the first character of #1 is “c” for lower-case and “C” for upper-case, in order to wrap the capitalisation-dependent parts in macros so that the rest of the code can be capitalisation-variant agnostic.

```

1257 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
1258 \if##1c%
1259 \def\@other{C##2}%
1260 \def\@changecase{\expandafter\MakeUppercase}%
1261 \else%
1262 \def\@other{c##2}%

```

```

1263 \if@cref@capitalise%
1264 \def\@changecase{}%
1265 \else%
1266 \def\@changecase{\MakeLowercase}%
1267 \fi%
1268 \fi}%
1269 \atmpa#1\@nil%

```

If the other capitalisation variant is not already defined...

```
1270 \@ifundefined{\@other \@format}{%
```

Define `\atmpa` to be a partial expansion (expanded just once) of the capitalisation variant we've just defined above. The `\atoska` token register just makes the code less verbose.

```

1271 \toksdef\@toksa=0%
1272 \atoksa={\def\@tmpa##1##2##3##4##5##6}%
1273 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1274 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\atoska%
1275 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1276 \csname\@format\endcsname{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}}%

```

Add the `\changecase` command to the front of the definition of `\atmpa`.

```

1277 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1278 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\atoska%
1279 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1280 \expandafter\changecase\@tmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}}%

```

Define the other capitalisation variant to be the partial expansion (expanded just once) of `\atmpa`.

```

1281 \atoksa={\expandafter\gdef%
1282 \csname\@other \@format\endcsname##1##2##3##4##5##6}%
1283 \expandafter\the\expandafter\atoska\expandafter{%
1284 \atmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}}%
1285 }{}}%
1286 \endgroup}

```

`\@crefmultiformat` `\@crefmultiformat` defines the macros for multiple references.

```

1287 \def\@crefmultiformat#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
1288 \begingroup%
1289 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\@format@first\endcsname##1##2##3{#3}%
1290 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\@format@second\endcsname##1##2##3{#4}%
1291 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\@format@middle\endcsname##1##2##3{#5}%
1292 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\@format@last\endcsname##1##2##3{#6}}%

```

The following `\atmpa` macro makes use of the fact that the first character of `#1` is “c” for lower-case and “C” for upper-case, in order to wrap the capitalisation-dependent parts in macros so that the rest of the code can be capitalisation-variant agnostic.

```

1293 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
1294 \if##1c%
1295 \def\@other{C##2}%

```

```

1296 \def\@changecase{\expandafter\MakeUppercase}%
1297 \else%
1298 \def\@other{c##2}%
1299 \if@cref@capitalise%
1300 \def\@changecase{}%
1301 \else%
1302 \def\@changecase{\MakeLowercase}%
1303 \fi%
1304 \fi}%
1305 \c@tmpa#1\c@nil%

```

If the other capitalisation variant of the first part of the multi-format definition is not already defined...

```
1306 \c@ifundefined{\@other \c@#2@cformat@cfirst}{%
```

Define \c@tmpa to be a partial expansion (expanded just once) of the capitalisation variant we've just defined above. The \c@oska token register just makes the code less verbose.

```

1307 \toksdef\c@oska=0%
1308 \c@oska={\def\c@tmpa##1##2##3}%
1309 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1310 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\c@oska%
1311 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1312 \csname#1\c@#2@cformat@cfirst\endcsname{##1}{##2}{##3}}%

```

Add the \c@changecase command to the front of the definition of \c@tmpa.

```

1313 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1314 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\c@oska%
1315 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1316 \expandafter\c@changecase\c@tmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}}%

```

Define the other capitalisation variant to be the partial expansion (expanded just once) of \c@tmpa.

```

1317 \c@oska=%
1318 \expandafter\gdef\csname\c@other \c@#2@cformat@cfirst\endcsname{%
1319 ##1##2##3}%
1320 \expandafter\the\expandafter\c@oska\expandafter{%
1321 \c@tmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}}%
1322 }{}%

```

The other parts of the multi-format definition are defined to be identical for both capitalisation variants.

```

1323 \c@ifundefined{\@other \c@#2@cformat@csecond}{%
1324 \c@oska=%
1325 \expandafter\global\expandafter\let%
1326 \csname\c@other \c@#2@cformat@csecond\endcsname}%
1327 \expandafter\the\expandafter\c@oska%
1328 \csname #1\c@#2@cformat@csecond\endcsname%
1329 }{}%
1330 \c@ifundefined{\@other \c@#2@cformat@middle}{%
1331 \c@oska=%

```

```

1332 \expandafter\global\expandafter\let%
1333 \csname@other \#2@format@middle\endcsname}%
1334 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa%
1335 \csname #1\#2@format@middle\endcsname}%
1336 }{}}%
1337 \@ifundefined{\@other \#2@format@last}{%
1338 \@toksa={%
1339 \expandafter\global\expandafter\let%
1340 \csname@other \#2@format@last\endcsname}%
1341 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa%
1342 \csname #1\#2@format@last\endcsname}%
1343 }{}}%
1344 \endgroup

```

\@crefrangemultiformat \@crefmultiformat defines the macros for reference ranges within multiple references.

```

1345 \def\@crefrangemultiformat#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
1346 \begingroup%
1347 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\#2@format@first\endcsname{%
1348 ##1##2##3##4##5##6{#3}%
1349 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\#2@format@second\endcsname{%
1350 ##1##2##3##4##5##6{#4}%
1351 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\#2@format@middle\endcsname{%
1352 ##1##2##3##4##5##6{#5}%
1353 \expandafter\gdef\csname #1\#2@format@last\endcsname{%
1354 ##1##2##3##4##5##6{#6}%

```

The following \tmpa macro makes use of the fact that the first character of #1 is “c” for lower-case and “C” for upper-case, in order to wrap the capitalisation-dependent parts in macros so that the rest of the code can be capitalisation-agnostic.

```

1355 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
1356 \if##1c%
1357 \def\@other{C##2}%
1358 \def\@change-case{\expandafter\MakeUppercase}%
1359 \else%
1360 \def\@other{c##2}%
1361 \if@cref@capitalise%
1362 \def\@change-case{}%
1363 \else%
1364 \def\@change-case{\MakeLowercase}%
1365 \fi%
1366 \fi%
1367 \@tmpa##1\@nil%

```

If the other capitalisation variant of the first part of the multi-format definition is not already defined...

```
1368 \@ifundefined{\@other \#2@format@first}{%
```

Define \tmpa to be a partial expansion (expanded just once) of the capitalisation variant we’ve just defined above. The \@toska token register just makes the code

less verbose.

```
1369 \toksdef\@toksa=0%
1370 \@toksa={\def\@tmpa##1##2##3##4##5##6}%
1371 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1372 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@toksa%
1373 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1374 \csname#1\@#2\@format@first\endcsname%
1375 {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}}%
```

Add the \change case command to the front of the definition of \@tmpa.

```
1376 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\the%
1377 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@toksa%
1378 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1379 \expandafter\@change case\@tmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}}%
```

Define the other capitalisation variant to be the partial expansion (expanded just once) of \@tmpa.

```
1380 \@toksa={%
1381 \expandafter\gdef\csname\@other\@#2\@format@first\endcsname%
1382 {##1##2##3##4##5##6}%
1383 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa\expandafter{%
1384 \@tmpa{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}}%
1385 }{}}
```

The other parts of the multi-format definition are defined to be identical for both capitalisation variants.

```
1386 \@ifundefined{\@other\@#2\@format@second}{%
1387 \@toksa={%
1388 \expandafter\global\expandafter\let%
1389 \csname\@other\@#2\@format@second\endcsname}%
1390 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa%
1391 \csname #1\@#2\@format@second\endcsname%
1392 }{}}%
1393 \@ifundefined{\@other\@#2\@format@middle}{%
1394 \@toksa={%
1395 \expandafter\global\expandafter\let%
1396 \csname\@other\@#2\@format@middle\endcsname}%
1397 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa%
1398 \csname #1\@#2\@format@middle\endcsname%
1399 }{}}%
1400 \@ifundefined{\@other\@#2\@format@last}{%
1401 \@toksa={%
1402 \expandafter\global\expandafter\let%
1403 \csname\@other\@#2\@format@last\endcsname}%
1404 \expandafter\the\expandafter\@toksa%
1405 \csname #1\@#2\@format@last\endcsname%
1406 }{}}%
1407 \endgroup
```

## 12.5 hyperref Support

**hyperref** If the `hyperref` package is loaded, we add hyper-link support to `cleveref`. Since **backref** `hyperref` messes around with some of the same L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X internals as we do, we also have to override some of its redefinitions so that they work with `cleveref`.

```
1408 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
1409 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{`hyperref' support loaded}
1410 \@ifpackagewith{hyperref}{backref}{%
1411 \PackageError{cleveref}{`cleveref' is currently incompatible with
1412 `hyperref's 'backref' option}{Remove the 'backref' option from
1413 `hyperref' if you want to use 'cleveref'}}{}}
\cref@reflabel We redefine the utility macros to cope with the extra arguments supplied by
\cref@getlabel hyperref (via the aux file).
\cref@gettype 1414 \def\cref@reflabel#1#2#3#4#5{\@result}
\cref@getcounter 1415 \def\cref@hyperref#1{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter%
1416 \expandafter\csname r@\#1\endcsname}
\cref@getprefix 1417 \def\cref@getlabel#1#2{%
1418 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpa\csname r@\#1\endcsname%
1419 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1420 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa%
1421 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1422 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@firstoffive\@tmpa}%
1423 \expandafter\expandafter\cref@getlabel\@tmpa\@nil#2}
1424 \def\cref@gettype#1#2{%
1425 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpa\csname r@\#1\endcsname%
1426 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1427 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa%
1428 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1429 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@firstoffive\@tmpa}%
1430 \expandafter\expandafter\cref@gettype\@tmpa\@nil#2}
1431 \def\cref@getcounter#1#2{%
1432 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpa\csname r@\#1\endcsname%
1433 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1434 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa%
1435 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1436 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@firstoffive\@tmpa}%
1437 \expandafter\expandafter\cref@getcounter\@tmpa\@nil#2}
1438 \def\cref@getprefix#1#2{%
1439 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpa\csname r@\#1\endcsname%
1440 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1441 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa%
1442 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1443 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@firstoffive\@tmpa}%
1444 \expandafter\expandafter\cref@getprefix\@tmpa\@nil#2}
```

**\H@refstepcounter** The `hyperref` package stores the original `\refstepcounter` definition as `\H@refstepcounter`, which we therefore need to modify so that it adds the extra information to `\@currentlabel`.

```

1445 \def\H@refstepcounter#1{%
1446 \stepcounter{#1}%
1447 \cref@constructprefix{#1}{\@result}%
1448 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1449 [#1] [\arabic{#1}] [\@result]%
1450 \csname p@#1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%

```

`\refstepcounter@noarg` The original `\refstepcounter`, as stored earlier in `\refstepcounter@optarg` `\cref@old@refstepcounter`, already calls `\H@refstepcounter` if `hyperref` is loaded, and we just redefined the latter to store the type information. So we only need to change `\@currentlabel` in our `\refstepcounter` if an optional argument was supplied.

```

1451 \def\refstepcounter@noarg#1{\cref@old@refstepcounter{#1}%
1452 \def\refstepcounter@optarg[#1]#2{%
1453 \cref@old@refstepcounter{#2}%
1454 \expandafter\cref@getlabel\@currentlabel\@nil{\@tmplabel}%
1455 \cref@constructprefix{#2}{\@tmpreset}%
1456 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1457 [#1] [\arabic{#2}] [\@tmpreset]\@tmplabel}%

```

`\appendix` We again make `\appendix` redefine things so that the label type for chapters or sections is exceptionally overridden and set to “appendix” instead. But this time, it is `\H@refstepcounter` that needs to be redefined.

```

1458 \renewcommand\appendix{%
1459 \cref@old@appendix%
1460 \@ifundefined{chapter}{%
1461 \def\H@refstepcounter##1{%
1462 \stepcounter{##1}%
1463 \cref@constructprefix{##1}{\@result}}%

```

We add a large value to the front of the counter data, to force references to anything in appendices to be sorted after everything else.

```

1464 \ifx\@result\@empty%
1465 \def\@result{2147483647}%
1466 \else%
1467 \edef\@result{2147483647,\@result}%
1468 \fi%

```

Override the cross-reference type of sectioning commands.

```

1469 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1470 \def\@tmpb{section}%
1471 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1472 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1473 [appendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1474 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1475 \else%
1476 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1477 \def\@tmpb{subsection}%
1478 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1479 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%

```

```

1480 [subappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1481 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1482 \else%
1483 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1484 \def\@tmpb{subsubsection}%
1485 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1486 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1487 [subsubappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1488 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1489 \else%
1490 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1491 [##1] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1492 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1493 \fi%
1494 \fi%
1495 \fi}%
1496 }{%
1497 \def\H@refstepcounter##1{%
1498 \stepcounter{##1}%
1499 \cref@constructprefix{##1}{\@result}%

```

Again, the large value added to the front of the counter data forces references to appendix items to be sorted last.

```

1500 \ifx\@result\empty%
1501 \def\@result{2147483647}%
1502 \else%
1503 \edef\@result{2147483647,\@result}%
1504 \fi%

```

Override the cross-reference type of sectioning commands.

```

1505 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1506 \def\@tmpb{chapter}%
1507 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1508 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1509 [appendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1510 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1511 \else%
1512 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1513 \def\@tmpb{section}%
1514 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1515 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1516 [subappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1517 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1518 \else%
1519 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1520 \def\@tmpb{subsection}%
1521 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1522 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1523 [subsubappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [\@result]%
1524 \csname p@##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1525 \else%

```

```

1526 \def\@tmpa{##1}%
1527 \def\@tmpb{subsubsection}%
1528 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1529 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1530 [subsubsubappendix] [\arabic{##1}] [@result]%
1531 \csname p##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1532 \else%
1533 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
1534 [##1] [\arabic{##1}] [@result]%
1535 \csname p##1\endcsname\csname the##1\endcsname}%
1536 \fi%
1537 \fi%
1538 \fi%
1539 \fi}%
1540 }%
1541 }

```

**\cref\*** Redefine `\cref` and all the others to allow starred variants, which don't create hyper-links. The starred variants simply set a flag, which is tested in `\@@setcref`  
**\Cref\*** and `\@@setrangeref` (below).  
**\Crefrange\*** 1542 `\DeclareRobustCommand{\cref}{%`  
**\@crefstar** 1543 `\@ifstar{\@crefstar{cref}}{\@crefnostar{cref}}`  
**\@crefrangestar** 1544 `\DeclareRobustCommand{\Cref}{%`  
**\@crefrangenostar** 1545 `\@ifstar{\@crefstar{Cref}}{\@crefnostar{Cref}}`  
1546 `\def\@crefnostar#1#2{\@cref{#1}{#2}}`  
1547 `\def\@crefstar#1#2{%`  
1548 `\@crefstarredtrue\@cref{#1}{#2}\@crefstarredfalse}`  
1549 `\DeclareRobustCommand{\crefrange}{%`  
1550 `\@ifstar{\@crefrangestar{cref}}{\@crefrangenostar{cref}}`  
1551 `\DeclareRobustCommand{\Crefrange}{%`  
1552 `\@ifstar{\@crefrangestar{Cref}}{\@crefrangenostar{Cref}}`  
1553 `\def\@crefrangenostar#1#2#3{\@setcrefrange{#2}{#3}{#1}{}}`  
1554 `\def\@crefrangestar#1#2#3{%`  
1555 `\@crefstarredtrue\@setcrefrange{#2}{#3}{#1}{}\@crefstarredfalse}`

**\@@setcref** Redefine `\@@setcref` and `\@@setrangeref` to create hyper-links (unless the  
**\@setcrefrange** starred flag is set), using the extra arguments supplied in `\r@<label>` (via the aux file) by `hyperref`.

```

1556 \def\@@setcref#1#2{%
1557 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@tmplabel}%
1558 \if@crefstarred%
1559 #1{\@tmplabel}{\@tmplabel}%
1560 \else%
1561 \edef\@tmplink{\cref@hyperref{#2}}%
1562 #1{\@tmplabel}{\hyper@linkstart{link}{\@tmplink}{\hyper@linkend}}%
1563 \fi%
1564 \def\@@setcrefrange#1#2#3{%
1565 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@labela}%
1566 \cref@getlabel{#3}{\@labelb}%

```

```

1567 \if@crefstarred%
1568 #1{\@labela}{\@labelb}{}{}{}%
1569 \else%
1570 \edef\@linka{\cref@hyperref{#2}}%
1571 \edef\@linkb{\cref@hyperref{#3}}%
1572 #1{\@labela}{\@labelb}%
1573 {\hyper@linkstart{link}\{\@linka\}\{\hyper@linkend\}}%
1574 {\hyper@linkstart{link}\{\@linkb\}\{\hyper@linkend\}}%
1575 \fi}%

```

**\ref\*** Redefine `\ref` command to provide a starred variant with the same behaviour as `hyperref`'s `\ref*`. As before, we defer the redefinition until the beginning of the document, to ensure it ‘takes’. (`hyperref` stores the original `\@setref` in `\real@setref`.)

```

1576 \AtBeginDocument{%
1577 \DeclareRobustCommand{\ref}{\@ifstar\cref@refstar\cref@ref}%
1578 \def\cref@refstar#1{%
1579 \expandafter\ifx\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax%
1580 \let\@result\relax%
1581 \else%
1582 \cref@getlabel{#1}\{\@result\}%
1583 \fi%
1584 \expandafter\real@setref\csname r@#1\endcsname{%
1585 \cref@reflabel}{#1}}%
1586 }
1587 }{}% end of \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}

```

## 12.6 ntheorem Support

**ntheorem** If `ntheorem` is loaded, we need to modify its theorem referencing features so that `thref` they work with `cleveref`.

```

1588 \@ifpackageloaded{ntheorem}{%
1589 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{`ntheorem' support loaded}%
1590 \@ifpackagewith{ntheorem}{thref}{%
1591 \PackageWarning{cleveref}{`cleveref' supersedes `ntheorem's `thref'%
1592 option}%
1593 \renewcommand{\thref}{\cref}}%

```

**\theorem@prework** Newer versions of `ntheorem` require a call to `\theorem@prework` when type-setting theorems. If an older version of `ntheorem` is being used, we just `\let` it to `\relax` to make sure it's defined.

```
1594 \@ifundefined{theorem@prework}{\let\theorem@prework\relax}{}%
```

**\@thm** We modify `ntheorem`'s version of the `\@thm` macro very slightly, to have it call `\refstepcounter` with an optional argument containing the theorem type.

```

1595 \gdef\@thm#1#2#3{%
1596 \if@thmmarks%
1597 \stepcounter{end\InTheoType ctr}%

```

```

1598 \fi%
1599 \renewcommand{\InTheoType}{\#1}%
1600 \if@thmmarks%
1601 \stepcounter{curr#1ctr}%
1602 \setcounter{end#1ctr}{0}%
1603 \fi%
1604 \refstepcounter[\#1]{\#2}%
1605 \theorem@prework%
1606 \thm@topsepadd \theorempostskipamount%
1607 \ifvmode \advance\thm@topsepadd\partopsep\fi%
1608 \trivlist%
1609 \atopsep \theorempreskipamount%
1610 \atopsepadd \thm@topsepadd%
1611 \advance\linewidth -\theorem@indent%
1612 \advance\@totalleftmargin \theorem@indent%
1613 \parshape \one \@totalleftmargin \linewidth%
1614 \ifnextchar[\{\@ythm{\#1}{\#2}{\#3}\}{\@xthm{\#1}{\#2}{\#3}}]%
1615 }
1616 }{}% end of \ifpackageloading

```

## 12.7 amsthm Support

**amsthm** If **amsthm** is loaded, we need to modify its theorem referencing features so that **\@thm** they work with **cleveref**.

```

1617 \ifpackageloading{amsthm}%
1618 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{`amsthm' support loaded}
1619 % We modify \package{amsthm}'s version of the \cmd{\@thm} macro very
1620 % slightly, to have it call \cmd{\refstepcounter} with an optional
1621 % argument containing the theorem type.
1622 % \begin{macrocode}
1623 \let\@thmnoarg\@thm
1624 \def\@thm[\@ifnextchar[\{\@thmoptarg\}{\@thmnoarg}]%
1625 \def\@thmoptarg[#1]#2#3#4{%
1626 \ifhmode\unskip\unskip\par\fi%
1627 \normalfont%
1628 \trivlist%
1629 \let\thmheadnl\relax%
1630 \let\thm@swap@gobble%
1631 \thm@notefont{\fontseries\mddefault\upshape}%
1632 \thm@headpunct{.}%
1633 \thm@headsep 5\p@ plus\p@ minus\p@\relax%
1634 \thm@space@setup%
1635 #2% style overrides
1636 \atopsep \thm@preskip% used by thm head
1637 \atopsepadd \thm@postskip% used by \endparenv
1638 \def\@tempa{\#3}\ifx\@empty\@tempa%
1639 \def\@tempa{\@coparg{\begin{theorem}{#4}[]}}%
1640 \else%
1641 \refstepcounter[\#1]{\#3}%

```

```
1642 \def\@tempa{\oparg{\begin{theorem}{#4}{\csname the#3\endcsname}}[]}%
1643 \fi%
1644 \@tempa
```

\cynthm We also have to modify `amsthm`'s `\cynthm` command so that it passes the optional argument to `\@thm`.

```

1645 \def\@ynthm{#1[#2]#3{%
1646 \ifx\relax#2\relax%
1647 \def\@tempa{\@oparg{\@xthm{#1}{#3}}[]}%
1648 \else%
1649 \@ifundefined{c@#2}{%
1650 \def\@tempa{\@nocounterr{#2}}%
1651 }{%
1652 \exp\@xdef\csname the#1\endcsname{\exp\@nx\csname the#2\endcsname}%
1653 \toks@{#3}%
1654 \@xp\@xdef\csname#1\endcsname{%
1655 \@nx@\thm[#1]{% <<<< new optional argument for theorem name
1656 \let\@nx\thm@swap%
1657 \if S\thm@swap\@nx\@firstoftwo\else\@nx\@gobble\fi%
1658 \exp\@nx\csname th@\the\thm@style\endcsname}%
1659 {#2}{\the\toks@}}%
1660 \let\@tempa\relax%
1661 }%
1662 \fi%
1663 \@tempa}%
1664 }{}% end of \@ifpackageloaded

```

## 12.8 varioref Support

**varioreref** If `varioreref` is loaded, we redefine its commands to use `\cref` instead of `\ref` to produce the reference. Since `\cref` can cope with multiple references, We extend the page referencing magic of `\vref` et al. so that they check whether they need to use `\vpagerefrange` instead of `\vpageref`.

```
1665 \@ifpackageloaded{variorref}{%
1666 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{`variorref' support loaded}
1667 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{`cleveref' supersedes `variorref's %
1668 \$\backslash labelformat command, which will not work}
1669 \AtBeginDocument{%
1670 \def\cref@vref{\#1\#2}{%
```

Since we're modifying the `variorref` commands anyway, we also (by default) take this opportunity to get rid of the irritating spacing issues of `\vref` et al. However, this breaks strict compatibility with the original `variorref` spacing behaviour, so we also provide a `legacyvariorref` option to restore the spacing behaviour, in case full compatibility is required.

```
1671 \if@cref@legacyvarioref%
1672 \leavevmode\unskip\vref@space%
1673 \fi%
```

```

1674 \@cref{#1}{#2} % space here is deliberate
1675 \begingroup%
1676 \def\@tmpstack{\#2,\@nil}%
1677 \cref@stack@topandbottom{\@tmpstack}{\@firstref}{\@lastref}%
1678 \ifx\@lastref\@empty%
1679 \vpageref[\unskip]{#2}%
1680 \else%
1681 \edef\@tmpa{\@firstref\@lastref}%
1682 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1683 \expandafter[\expandafter\unskip\expandafter]%
1684 \@tmpa}%
1685 \expandafter\vpagerefrange\@tmpa%
1686 \fi%
1687 \endgroup}
1688 \def\cref@vrefrange#1#2#3{%
1689 \@setcrefrange{#2}{#3}{#1}{} \vpagerefrange[\unskip]{#2}{#3}}
1690 \def\cref@fullref#1#2{%
1691 \@cref{#1}{#2} % space here is deliberate
1692 \begingroup%
1693 \def\@tmpstack{\#2,\@nil}%
1694 \cref@stack@topandbottom{\@tmpstack}{\@firstref}{\@lastref}%
1695 \ifx\@lastref\@empty%
1696 \reftextfaraway{#2}%
1697 \else%
1698 \expandafter\vrefpagenum\expandafter%
1699 \@tmpa\expandafter{\@firstref}%
1700 \expandafter\vrefpagenum\expandafter%
1701 \@tmpb\expandafter{\@lastref}%
1702 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
1703 \expandafter\reftextfaraway\expandafter{\@firstref}%
1704 \else%
1705 \edef\@tmpa{\@firstref\@lastref}%
1706 \expandafter\reftextpagerange\@tmpa%
1707 \fi%
1708 \fi%
1709 \endgroup}

```

\vref If legacyvarioref is set, we only modify the original varioref commands, and  
 \vref\* don't define any new ones.

```

\refrange
\fullref 1710 \if@cref@legacyvarioref%
 \vr@f 1711 \def\vr@f#1{\cref@vref{cref}{#1}}
 \Vr@f 1712 \def\Vr@f#1{\cref@vref{Cref}{#1}}
 \renewcommand\refrange[3]{\reftextcurrent}%
 1714 \crefrange{#2}{#3} \vpagerefrange[\unskip]{#2}{#3}
 1715 \def\fullref#1{\cref@fullref{cref}{#1}}

```

\vref If we're not providing legacy compatibility with varioref, we define \vref et al.  
 \vref\* to be consistent with the other clevereft referencing commands. This frees up

```

 \Vref
 \Vref*
\refrange
\refrange*
\Vrefrange
\Vrefrange*
 \fullref
\fullref*
 \Fullref
\Fullref*

```

the starred variants to be used to suppress hyperlinks when `hyperref` is loaded, as usual.

```

1716 \else%
1717 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
1718 \DeclareRobustCommand{\vref}{%
1719 \@ifstar{\cref@vrefstar{cref}}{\cref@vref{cref}}}
1720 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Vref}{%
1721 \@ifstar{\cref@vrefstar{Cref}}{\cref@vref{Cref}}}
1722 \DeclareRobustCommand{\vrefrange}{%
1723 \@ifstar{\cref@vrefrangestar{cref}}{\cref@vrefrange{cref}}}
1724 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Vrefrange}{%
1725 \@ifstar{\cref@vrefrangestar{Cref}}{\cref@vrefrange{Cref}}}}
1726 \DeclareRobustCommand{\fullref}{%
1727 \@ifstar{\cref@fullrefstar{cref}}{\cref@fullref{cref}}}
1728 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Fullref}{%
1729 \@ifstar{\cref@fullrefstar{Cref}}{\cref@fullref{Cref}}}
1730 \def\cref@vrefstar#1#2{%
1731 \@crefstarredtrue\cref@vref{#1}{#2}\@crefstarredfalse}
1732 \def\cref@vrefrangestar#1#2#3{%
1733 \@crefstarredtrue\cref@vrefrange{#1}{#2}{#3}\@crefstarredfalse}
1734 \def\cref@fullrefstar#1#2{%
1735 \@crefstarredtrue\cref@fullref{#1}{#2}\@crefstarredfalse}
1736 }{%
1737 \DeclareRobustCommand{\vref}{\cref@vref{cref}}
1738 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Vref}{\cref@vref{Cref}}
1739 \DeclareRobustCommand{\vrefrange}{\cref@vrefrange{cref}}
1740 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Vrefrange}{\cref@vrefrange{Cref}}
1741 \DeclareRobustCommand{\fullref}{\cref@fullref{cref}}
1742 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Fullref}{\cref@fullref{Cref}}
1743 }
1744 \fi%
1745 }% end of \AtBeginDocument
1746 }{}% end of \@ifpackageloaded
1747 % \end{macrocode}
1748 %
1749 % \begin{macro}{\legacyvarioref}
1750 % The \option{legacyvarioref} option just sets a flag, checked in the
1751 % redefinitions set up at the beginning of the document, above.
1752 % \end{macro}
1753 % \begin{macrocode}
1754 \let\if@cref@legacyvarioref\iffalse
1755 \DeclareOption{legacyvarioref}{%
1756 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{legacy ‘varioref’ compatibility enabled}}
1757 \let\if@cref@legacyvarioref\iftrue}

```

## 12.9 Poor Man’s `cleveref`

`poorman` The `poorman` option causes a `sed` script to automatically be written. When the original L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X source file is processed through this script, it strips out all the

`\cleveref` commands, type-setting all the reference formatting explicitly, and using the standard `\ref` command to produce the references themselves.

```
1758 \DeclareOption{poorman}{%
1759 \PackageInfo{\cleveref}{option 'poorman' loaded}}
```

`\cref@poorman@text` Define global macro `\cref@poorman@text` to store the text produced by the `\cref` commands, and open an output stream for writing the script before starting to process the document body.

```
1760 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
1761 \AtBeginDocument{%
1762 \newwrite\@crefscript%
1763 \immediate\openout\@crefscript=\jobname.sed}
```

`select@language` If `babel` is loaded, we add to the `\select@language` and `\foreign@language` commands to make them write substitution rules to the script that replace the cross-reference name and conjunction component macros with the appropriate language-dependent names. We use `sed` line-number addresses in the rules to ensure they are only applied to the regions in which that particular language was in use.

Note that we write substitution rules for the *previous* language block when the language is changed, because we need the rules to appear in the script *after* all the cross-reference substitution rules for that language block. `\ref@inputlineno` stores the input-file line-number of the start of the previous language block.

We postpone the redefinitions until the beginning of the document not only to ensure that they don't get clobbered by other package's redefinitions, but also because we don't want the redefinitions to take effect until after `babel` has called `\selectlanguage` for the main language (remember, the substitution rules for this first language block will get written at the next language change).

Note that, since we're writing to the script file within `\AtBeginDocument` and `\AtEndDocument`, this code has to come *after* the above `\AtBeginDocument` code which opens the script file for writing, and *before* the later `\AtEndDocument` code (below) which closes it.

The `\if@cref@switched@language` flag is set when a `babel` language switching command is called. It is checked by `\cref@writelanguagerules` when writing substitution rules.

```
1764 \newif\if@cref@switched@language
1765 \ifpackageloaded{babel}{%
1766 \AtBeginDocument{%
1767 \let\cref@old@select@language\select@language
1768 \def\select@language{%
1769 \@cref@switched@languagetrue%
1770 \cref@writelanguagerules%
1771 \cref@old@select@language}
1772 \let\cref@old@foreign@language\foreign@language
1773 \def\foreign@language{%
1774 \@cref@switched@languagetrue%
1775 \cref@writelanguagerules%}
```

```

1776 \cref@old@forreign@language}
1777 \edef\cref@inputlineno{\the\inputlineno}%
1778 }{}
```

The final set of substitution rules gets written at the end of the document. This is the only set of rules that gets written if `babel` is not loaded.

```

1779 \AtEndDocument{%
1780 \let\select@language\cref@old@select@language%
1781 \let\forreign@language\cref@old@forreign@language%
1782 \cref@writelanguagerules}
```

`\cref@writelanguagerules \cref@writelanguagerules` does the grunt work of writing out the necessary substitution rules.

```

1783 \def\cref@writelanguagerules{%
1784 \begingroup%
```

If `\if@cref@switched@language` hasn't been set, then we must be writing the final set of substitution rules at the end of a document, in which no language switching command was ever used. In which case, the substitution rules don't specify a line-number address.

```

1785 \if@cref@switched@language%
1786 \edef@address{\cref@inputlineno,\the\inputlineno}%
1787 \else%
1788 \def@address{}%
1789 \fi%
1790 \expandafter\def\expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1791 \crefrangeconjunction}%
1792 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1793 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefrangeconjunction}}%
1794 \expandafter\cref@writescript\@tmpa%
1795 \expandafter\def\expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1796 \crefrangepreconjunction}%
1797 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1798 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefrangepreconjunction}}%
1799 \expandafter\cref@writescript\@tmpa%
1800 \expandafter\def\expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1801 \crefrangepostconjunction}%
1802 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1803 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefrangepostconjunction}}%
1804 \expandafter\cref@writescript\@tmpa%
1805 \expandafter\def\expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1806 \crefpairconjunction}%
1807 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1808 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefpairconjunction}}%
1809 \expandafter\cref@writescript\@tmpa%
1810 \expandafter\def\expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1811 \crefmiddleconjunction}%
1812 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
1813 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefmiddleconjunction}}%
1814 \expandafter\cref@writescript\@tmpa%
```

```

1815 \expandafter\def\expandafter{\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1816 \creflastconjunction}%
1817 \expandafter\def\expandafter@\tmpa\expandafter{%
1818 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\creflastconjunction}%
1819 \expandafter{\cref@writescript@\tmpa%
1820 \expandafter\def\expandafter{\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1821 \crefpairgroupconjunction}%
1822 \expandafter\def\expandafter@\tmpa\expandafter{%
1823 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefpairgroupconjunction}%
1824 \expandafter{\cref@writescript@\tmpa%
1825 \expandafter\def\expandafter{\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1826 \crefmiddlegroupconjunction}%
1827 \expandafter\def\expandafter@\tmpa\expandafter{%
1828 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}%
1829 \expandafter{\cref@writescript@\tmpa%
1830 \expandafter\def\expandafter{\cref@poorman@text\expandafter{%
1831 \creflastgroupconjunction}%
1832 \expandafter\def\expandafter@\tmpa\expandafter{%
1833 \expandafter{\@address}{\string\creflastgroupconjunction}%
1834 \expandafter{\cref@writescript@\tmpa%

```

We write substitution rules for all component-derived cross-reference formats, as listed in `\cref@label@types`.

```

1835 \let@\tmpstack\cref@label@types%
1836 \cref@isstackfull{@tmpstack}%
1837 @whilesw@if@cref@stackfull\f{%

```

`\cref@(type)@name` substitution rules.

```

1838 \edef@\tmpa{\cref@stack@top{@tmpstack}%
1839 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1840 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{\cref@poorman@text}%
1841 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1842 \csname cref@\tmpa @name\endcsname}%
1843 \edef@\tmpa{%
1844 \string\cref@\expandafter\noexpand@\tmpa @name\space}%
1845 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1846 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@\tmpa%
1847 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1848 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1849 \expandafter@\address\expandafter}%
1850 \expandafter{\@tmpa}%
1851 \expandafter{\cref@writescript@\tmpa%

```

`\cref@(type)@name@plural` substitution rules.

```

1852 \edef@\tmpa{\cref@stack@top{@tmpstack}%
1853 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1854 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{\cref@poorman@text}%
1855 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1856 \csname cref@\tmpa @name@plural\endcsname}%
1857 \edef@\tmpa{%
1858 \string\cref@\expandafter\noexpand@\tmpa%

```

```

1859 @name@plural\space}%
1860 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1861 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{@tmpa}%
1862 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1863 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1864 \expandafter\@address\expandafter}%
1865 \expandafter{\@tmpa}}%
1866 \expandafter\cref@writescript{@tmpa}%
1867 \Cref@{type}@name substitution rules.
1868 \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\@tmpstack}}%
1869 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1870 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
1871 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1872 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name\endcsname}%
1873 \edef\@tmpa{%
1874 \string\Cref@\expandafter\noexpand\@tmpa @name\space}%
1875 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1876 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{@tmpa}%
1877 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1878 \expandafter\@address\expandafter}%
1879 \expandafter{\@tmpa}}%
1880 \expandafter\cref@writescript{@tmpa}%
1881 \Cref@{type}@name@plural substitution rules.
1882 \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\@tmpstack}}%
1883 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1884 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
1885 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1886 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name@plural\endcsname}%
1887 \edef\@tmpa{%
1888 \string\Cref@\expandafter\noexpand\@tmpa%
1889 @name@plural\space}%
1890 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def%
1891 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{@tmpa}%
1892 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
1893 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
1894 \expandafter{\@tmpa}}%
1895 \expandafter\cref@writescript{@tmpa}%

```

After the loop over cross-reference types, we set `\cref@inputlineno` to the current input-file line, in preparation for the next language block.

```

1896 \cref@stack@pop{\@tmpstack}%
1897 \cref@isstackfull{\@tmpstack}}%
1898 \endgroup%
1899 \edef\cref@inputlineno{\the\inputlineno}%

```

After processing the document body, we re-read in the temporary script file, and write it out again to the final `sed` script file, escaping regexp special characters

in the process. The escaping is carried out by turning the regexp special characters into active characters, and defining them to expand to their escaped form. This involves a lot of juggling of catcodes and lccodes!

Both `\DeclareOption` and `\AtEndDocument` store their arguments in token lists, so all the following TeXcode is already tokenised long before it is expanded and evaluated. Thus there is no (easy) way to change the catcodes of the characters appearing here before they are tokenised. In one way this is convenient: the catcode changes we make don't "take" until evaluated, so we can continue to use the standard TeXcharacters (\, {, } etc.) even after the lines containing the catcode commands. But in another, more significant, way, it is very inconvenient: it makes it difficult to define the regexp special characters as active characters, since it's impossible to directly create tokens with the correct char- and catcodes.

We get around this by creating the unusual charcode/catcode combinations using the `\lowercase` trick (`\lowercase` changes the charcodes of all characters in its argument to their lccodes, but *leaves their catcodes alone*). That way, the argument of `\AtEndDocument` is tokenised correctly, and when it comes to be expanded and evaluated, the `\lowercase` commands create tokens with the correct char- and catcodes.

```

1900 \AtEndDocument{%
1901 \immediate\closeout\crefscript%
1902 \newread\crefscript%
1903 \immediate\openin\crefscript=\jobname.sed%
1904 \begingroup%
1905 \newif\if@not@eof%
1906 \def\@eof{\par}%

```

Change catcodes of regexp special characters to make them active characters and define them to expand to their escaped forms. Change those of TeXspecial characters to make them normal letters.

```

1907 \catcode`.=13 \catcode`*=13
1908 \catcode`[=13 \catcode`]=13
1909 \catcode`^=13 \catcode`$=13 %%
1910 \catcode`\|=0 \catcode`<=1 \catcode`>=2
1911 \catcode`\|=13 \catcode`\{|=12 \catcode`\}|=12 \catcode`_=12
1912 \lccode`/=92
1913 \lccode`^=92\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string/}}%
1914 \lccode`^=42\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string*}}%
1915 \lccode`^=46\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string.}}%
1916 \lccode`^=91\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string[]}}%
1917 \lccode`^=93\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string[]}}%
1918 \lccode`^=94\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string^}}%
1919 \lccode`^=36\lowercase{\def~{\string/\string$}}% $
1920 \lccode`^=0 \lccode`=/0 \catcode`^=12

```

Read lines from the temporary script file, expand them to escape regexp special characters, and store them in `\cref@poorman@text`.

```

1921 \def\cref@poorman@text{}%
1922 \immediate\read\crefscript to \tmpa%
1923 \ifx\@tmpa\@eof%

```

```

1924 \@not@eoffalse%
1925 \else%
1926 \@not@eoftrue%
1927 \edef\@tmpa{\@tmpa}%
1928 \fi%
1929 \@whilsw\if@not@eof\fi{%
1930 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1931 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1932 \immediate\read\crefscript to \@tmpa%
1933 \ifx\@tmpa\@eof%
1934 \@not@eoffalse%
1935 \else%
1936 \@not@eoftrue%
1937 \edef\@tmpa{\@tmpa}%
1938 \fi}%
1939 \endgroup%
1940 \immediate\closein\crefscript%

```

Add some rules to remove other `\cleveref` commands. We use the `\lowercase` trick again for writing the `\`, `{` and `}` characters. (This could be done in other ways, but since we're in `\lowercase` mood, why not stick with it.)

```

1941 \begingroup%
1942 \lccode`|=92 \lccode`<=123 \lccode`>=125 \lccode`C=67
1943 \lowercase{\def\@tmpa{%
1944 s/||label|[[^]]*|]/||label/g}}
1945 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1946 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1947 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||usepackage|([.*])|<0,1|><\cleveref>/g}}%
1948 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1949 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1950 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]reformat<.*><.*>/g}}%
1951 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1952 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1953 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]refrangeformat<.*><.*>/g}}%
1954 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1955 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1956 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]refmultiformat<.*><.*><.*>/g}}%
1957 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1958 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1959 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1960 s/||[cC]refrangeuniformformat<.*><.*><.*>/g}}%
1961 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1962 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1963 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]refname<.*><.*>/g}}%
1964 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1965 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1966 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]reflabelformat<.*><.*>/g}}%
1967 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1968 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^J}%
1969 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]refrangeuniformformat<.*><.*>/g}}%

```

```

1970 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1971 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1972 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||[cC]refdefaultlabelformat<.*>//g}}%
1973 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1974 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1975 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1976 s/||renewcommand<||\crefpairconjunction><.*>//g}}%
1977 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1978 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1979 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1980 s/||renewcommand<||\crefpairgroupconjunction><.*>//g}}%
1981 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1982 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1983 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1984 s/||renewcommand<||\crefmiddleconjunction><.*>//g}}%
1985 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1986 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1987 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1988 s/||renewcommand<||\crefmiddlegroupconjunction><.*>//g}}%
1989 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1990 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1991 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1992 s/||renewcommand<||\creflastconjunction><.*>//g}}%
1993 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1994 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1995 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{%
1996 s/||renewcommand<||\creflastgroupconjunction><.*>//g}}%
1997 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
1998 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
1999 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||renewcommand<||[cC]ref><.*>//g}}%
2000 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
2001 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
2002 \lowercase{\edef\@tmpa{s/||renewcommand<||[cC]refrange><.*>//g}}%
2003 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter%
2004 \cref@poorman@text\expandafter{\@tmpa^~J}%
2005 \endgroup%

```

Overwrite the script file with the new, escaped regexp rules.

```

2006 \newwrite\@crefscript%
2007 \immediate\openout\@crefscript=\jobname.sed%
2008 \immediate\write\@crefscript{\cref@poorman@text}%
2009 \immediate\closeout\@crefscript%
2010 }% end of \AtEndDocument

```

**\cref@writescript** The **\cref@writescript** utility macro does the actual writing of the substitution rule to the script. The first argument is the “address”, the second argument is the regexp pattern to match, whilst the substitution must be stored in **\cref@poorman@text**.

```

2011 \def\cref@getmeaning#1{\expandafter\cref@getmeaning\meaning#1\@nil}%
2012 \def\cref@getmeaning#1->#2\@nil{#2}

```

```

2013 \def\cref@writescript#1#2{%
2014 \edef\@tmpa{\cref@getmeaning{\cref@poorman@text}}%
2015 \immediate\write\@crefsinglue{#1 s/#2/\@tmpa/g}%

\cref Redefine the user-level referencing commands so that they write a substitution
\Cref rule for the reference to the script, as well as type-setting the reference itself.
\crefrange We use a temporary \@tmpa macro that makes use of the fact that the first
\Crefrange character of #1 is “c” for lower-case and “C” for upper-case in these commands,
\@crefstar in order to write out the correct capitalisation in the substitution.
\@crefnostar FIXME: We only resort to this because \string\#1 doesn’t work. But there
\@crefrangestar must be a better way to get a backslash character into the token stream, obviating
\@crefrangenostar the need for the ugly \@tmpa macro.

2016 \ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{%
2017 \def\@crefnostar#1#2{%
2018 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2019 \cref{#1}{#2}%
2020 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
2021 \if##1c%
2022 \cref@writescript{}{\string\cref\string{#2\string}}%
2023 \else%
2024 \cref@writescript{}{\string\cref\string{#2\string}}%
2025 \fi}%
2026 \@tmpa#1\@nil}
2027 \def\@crefstar#1#2{%
2028 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2029 \crefstarredtrue\cref{#1}{#2}\crefstarredfalse%
2030 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
2031 \if##1c%
2032 \cref@writescript{}{\string\cref*\string{#2\string}}%
2033 \else%
2034 \cref@writescript{}{\string\cref*\string{#2\string}}%
2035 \fi}%
2036 \@tmpa#1\@nil}
2037 \def\@crefrangenostar#1#2#3{%
2038 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2039 \setcrefrange{#2}{#3}{#1}{}%
2040 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
2041 \if##1c%
2042 \cref@writescript{}{%
2043 \string\crefrange\string{#2\string}\string{#3\string}}%
2044 \else%
2045 \cref@writescript{}{%
2046 \string\Crefrange\string{#2\string}\string{#3\string}}%
2047 \fi}%
2048 \@tmpa#1\@nil}
2049 \def\@crefrangestar#1#2#3{%
2050 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2051 \crefstarredtrue\setcrefrange{#2}{#3}{#1}{}\crefstarredfalse%
2052 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%

```

```

2053 \if##1c%
2054 \cref@writescr{}{%
2055 \string\crefrange*\string{\#2\string}\string{\#3\string}}%
2056 \else%
2057 \cref@writescr{}{%
2058 \string\Crefrange*\string{\#2\string}\string{\#3\string}}%
2059 \fi}%
2060 \ctmpa#1\cnil}
2061 %
2062 }{%
2063 \DeclareRobustCommand{\cref}[1]{%
2064 \edef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2065 \cref{\cref}{#1}%
2066 \cref@writescr{}{\string\cref\string{\#1\string}}}%
2067 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Cref}[1]{%
2068 \edef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2069 \cref{\Cref}{#1}%
2070 \cref@writescr{}{\string\Creff\string{\#1\string}}}%
2071 \DeclareRobustCommand{\crefrange}[2]{%
2072 \edef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2073 \csetcrefrange{#1}{#2}{\cref}{}%
2074 \cref@writescr{}{%
2075 \string\crefrange\string{\#1\string}\string{\#2\string}}}%
2076 \DeclareRobustCommand{\Creffrange}[2]{%
2077 \edef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2078 \csetcrefrange{#1}{#2}{\Cref}{}%
2079 \cref@writescr{}{%
2080 \string\Creffrange\string{\#1\string}\string{\#2\string}}}%
2081 }

```

\vref If variorref is loaded, do the same for the \vref et al. commands. Note that we now need to set the \if@crefstarred flag for the starred variant \vref\* even if \Vref legacyvariorref is set and it changes the spacing rather than suppressing hyper-links, so that we can write the correct substitution rule.

```

\vrefrange 2082 \@ifpackageloaded{variorref}{%
\vrefrange* 2083 \AtBeginDocument{%
\Vrefrange 2084 \if@cref@legacyvariorref%
\Vrefrange* 2085 \DeclareRobustCommand{\vref}{%
2086 \@ifstar{\cref@vrefstar{\cref}}{\cref@vref{\cref}}}
2087 \def\cref@vrefstar#1#2{%
2088 \crefstarredtrue\cref@vref{#1}{#2}\crefstarredfalse}
2089 \fi}%
2090 \def\cref@vref#1#2{%
2091 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2092 \if@cref@legacyvariorref%
2093 \leavevmode\unskip\vref@space%
2094 \fi%
2095 \begingroup%

```

If legacyvariorref is set, \vref\* shouldn't suppress hyper-links, so temporarily

disable then restore the flag whilst type-setting the cross-reference.

```

2096 \let\if@tmp\if@crefstarred%
2097 \if@cref@legacyvarioref\@crefstarredfalse\fi%
2098 \@cref{\#1}{\#2} % space here is deliberate
2099 \let\if@crefstarred\if@tmp%
2100 \def\@tmpstack{\#2,\@nil}%
2101 \cref@stack@topandbottom{\@tmpstack}{\@firstref}{\@lastref}%
2102 \ifx\@lastref\@empty%
2103 \vpageref[\unskip]{\#2}%
2104 \g@addto@macro\cref@poorman@text{ \vpageref[\unskip]{\#2}}%
2105 \else%
2106 \g@addto@macro\cref@poorman@text{ }%
2107 \edef\@tmpa{\@firstref\@lastref}%
2108 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{%
2109 \expandafter[\expandafter\unskip\expandafter]%
2110 \@tmpa}%
2111 \expandafter\vpagerefrange\@tmpa%
2112 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text{%
2113 \expandafter{\expandafter\vpagerefrange\@tmpa}%
2114 \fi%
2115 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
2116 \if##1c%
2117 \if@crefstarred%
2118 \cref@writescr{}{\string\vref*\string{\#2\string}}}%
2119 \else%
2120 \cref@writescr{}{\string\vref\string{\#2\string}}}%
2121 \fi%
2122 \else%
2123 \if@crefstarred%
2124 \cref@writescr{}{\string\Vref*\string{\#2\string}}}%
2125 \else%
2126 \cref@writescr{}{\string\Vref\string{\#2\string}}}%
2127 \fi%
2128 \fi}%
2129 \@tmpa#1\@nil%
2130 \endgroup}
2131 %
2132 \def\cref@vrefrange{\#1\#2\#3}{%
2133 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2134 \@setcrefrange{\#2}{\#3}{\#1}{} \vpagerefrange[\unskip]{\#2}{\#3}%
2135 \g@addto@macro\cref@poorman@text{ \vpagerefrange[\unskip]{\#2}{\#3}}%
2136 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
2137 \if##1c%
2138 \if@crefstarred%
2139 \cref@writescr{}{%
2140 \string\vrefrange*\string{\#2\string}\string{\#3\string}}}%
2141 \else%
2142 \cref@writescr{}{%
2143 \string\vrefrange\string{\#2\string}\string{\#3\string}}}%

```

```

2144 \fi%
2145 \else%
2146 \if@crefstarred%
2147 \cref@writescript{}{%
2148 \string\Vrefrange*\string{\#2\string}\string{\#3\string}}%
2149 \else%
2150 \cref@writescript{}{%
2151 \string\Vrefrange\string{\#2\string}\string{\#3\string}}%
2152 \fi%
2153 \fi}%
2154 \tmpa#1\@nil}
2155 %
2156 \def\cref@fullref#1#2{%
2157 \gdef\cref@poorman@text{}%
2158 \begingroup%
2159 \cref{\#1}{\#2} % space here is deliberate
2160 \def\@tmpstack{\#2,\@nil}%
2161 \cref@stack@topandbottom{\@tmpstack}{\@firstref}{\@lastref}%
2162 \ifx\@lastref\empty%
2163 \ref{textfaraway}{\#2}%
2164 \def\@pageref{\ref{textfaraway}{\#1}}%
2165 \else%
2166 \expandafter\vref{page}\expandafter%
2167 \tmpa\expandafter{\@firstref}%
2168 \expandafter\vref{page}\expandafter%
2169 \tmpb\expandafter{\@lastref}%
2170 \ifx\@tmpa\@tmpb%
2171 \expandafter\ref{textfaraway}\expandafter{\@firstref}%
2172 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@pageref\expandafter{%
2173 \expandafter\ref{textfaraway}\expandafter{\@firstref}}%
2174 \else%
2175 \edef\@tmpa{\{\@firstref\}{\@lastref}}%
2176 \expandafter\ref{textpage}\@tmpa%
2177 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@pageref\expandafter{%
2178 \expandafter\ref{textpage}\@tmpa}%
2179 \fi%
2180 \fi%
2181 \g@addto@macro\cref@poorman@text{ }%
2182 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text{%
2183 \expandafter{\@pageref}}%
2184 \def\@tmpa##1##2\@nil{%
2185 \if##1c%
2186 \if@crefstarred%
2187 \cref@writescript{}{\string\fullref*\string{\#2\string}}%
2188 \else%
2189 \cref@writescript{}{\string\fullref\string{\#2\string}}%
2190 \fi%
2191 \else%
2192 \if@crefstarred%
2193 \cref@writescript{}{\string\Fullref*\string{\#2\string}}%

```

```

2194 \else%
2195 \cref@writesscript{}{\string\Fullref\string{\#2\string}}%
2196 \fi%
2197 \fi}%
2198 \tmpa#1\@nil%
2199 \endgroup}
2200 }% end of \AtBeginDocument
2201 }{}% end of \cifpackage{loaded}

```

\@@setceref Redefine \@@setceref and \@@setrangingref, as well as the conjunction macros \@@setcrefrange \casetceref@middlegroupconjunction, \casetceref@lastgroupconjunction and \casetceref@pairgroupconjunction, to append text they type-set to the \cref@poorman@text macro, as well as actually doing the type-setting.

```

2202 \def\casetceref@pairgroupconjunction{%
2203 \crefpairgroupconjunction%
2204 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2205 \expandafter{\crefpairgroupconjunction}}
2206 \def\casetceref@middlegroupconjunction{%
2207 \crefmiddlegroupconjunction%
2208 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2209 \expandafter{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}}
2210 \def\casetceref@lastgroupconjunction{%
2211 \creflastgroupconjunction%
2212 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2213 \expandafter{\creflastgroupconjunction}}
2214 \cifpackage{hyperref}{%
2215 \def\@@setceref#1#2{%
2216 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@tmplabel}%
2217 \if@crefstarred%
2218 #1{\@tmplabel}{\ref*{#2}}%
2219 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2220 \expandafter{\#1{\ref*{#2}}{\ref*{#2}}}%
2221 \else%
2222 \edef\@tmplink{\cref@hyperref{#2}}%
2223 #1{\@tmplabel}{\hyper@linkstart{link}{\@tmplink}}%
2224 {\hyper@linkend}%
2225 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2226 \expandafter{\#1{\ref*{#2}}{\ref*{#2}}}%
2227 \fi}
2228 \def\@@setcrefrange#1#2#3{%
2229 \cref@getlabel{#2}{\@labela}%
2230 \cref@getlabel{#3}{\@labelb}%
2231 \if@crefstarred%
2232 #1{\@labela}{\@labelb}{\ref*{#2}}%
2233 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2234 \expandafter{\#1{\ref*{#2}}{\ref*{#3}}{\ref*{#2}}{\ref*{#3}}}%
2235 \else%
2236 \edef\@linka{\cref@hyperref{#2}}%
2237 \edef\@linkb{\cref@hyperref{#3}}%
2238 #1{\@labela}{\@labelb}%

```

```

2239 {\hyper@linkstart{link}{\@linka}}{\hyper@linkend}%
2240 {\hyper@linkstart{link}{\@linkb}}{\hyper@linkend}%
2241 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter\cref@poorman@text%
2242 \expandafter{\#1{\ref{#2}}{\ref{#3}}{}{}{}{}%}
2243 \fi}
2244 }{%
2245 \let\old@@setcref\@c舍得ref%
2246 \let\old@@setcrefrange\@c舍得refrange%
2247 \def\@c舍得ref#1#2{%
2248 \old@@setcref{#1}{#2}%
2249 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter{%
2250 \expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter}\expandafter{%
2251 #1{\ref{#2}}{}{}}
2252 \def\@c舍得refrange#1#2#3{%
2253 \old@@setcrefrange{#1}{#2}{#3}%
2254 \expandafter\g@addto@macro\expandafter{%
2255 \expandafter\cref@poorman@text\expandafter}\expandafter{%
2256 \expandafter{\#1{\ref{#2}}{\ref{#3}}{}{}{}{}}}
2257 }
2258 }% end of poorman option

```

## 12.10 Sort and Compress options

**sort** The `sort`, `compress` or `nosort` options determine whether to sort and/or compress lists of multiple references (default is to do both). They work simply by setting `nosort` the `\if@cref@sort` and `\if@cref@compress` flags appropriately.

```

\if@cref@sort 2259 \newif\if@cref@sort
\if@cref@compress 2260 \newif\if@cref@compress

```

Default is to both sort and compress references.

```

2261 \@cref@sorttrue
2262 \@cref@compresstrue

```

Options override default.

```

2263 \DeclareOption{sort}{%
2264 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{sorting but not compressing references}%
2265 \@cref@sorttrue
2266 \@cref@compressfalse}
2267 \DeclareOption{compress}{%
2268 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{compressing but not sorting references}%
2269 \@cref@sortfalse
2270 \@cref@compresstrue}
2271 \DeclareOption{sort&compress}{%
2272 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{sorting and compressing references}%
2273 \@cref@sorttrue
2274 \@cref@compresstrue}
2275 \DeclareOption{nosort}{%
2276 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{neither sorting nor compressing references}%
2277 \@cref@sortfalse
2278 \@cref@compressfalse}

```

## 12.11 Capitalise option

```
capitalise The capitalise option causes cleveref to always use the \Cref* variants for
\if@cref@capitalise type-setting cross-references, so that cross-reference names are always capitalised.

2279 \newif\if@cref@capitalise
 Disabled by default.

2280 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{always capitalise cross-reference names}
2281 \newif\if@cref@capitalisetrue
2282 \DeclareOption{capitalise}{%
2283 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{always capitalise cross-reference names}
2284 \newif\if@cref@capitalisetrue
2285 \newif\if@cref@capitalisetrue
2286 }
```

## 12.12 Language and babel Support

Default reference formats for different languages are supported via package options, in the usual way.

Any contributions of translations for missing languages are most welcome! If you can contribute definitions for a missing language, ideally you should add them below the existing ones (using those as a model), generate a patch against the original `cleveref.dtx` file, and send the patch by email to the package author. However, if you don't know how to produce a patch, you can instead just send the translations as a plain text file.

```
\crefdefaultlabelformat We first define the default label formats, which don't depend on language. We
\creflabelformat override the default format for equations, to follow the near universal convention
of enclosing equation labels in brackets.

2287 \crefdefaultlabelformat{#2#1#3}
2288 \creflabelformat{equation}{\textup{(#2#1#3)}}

\cref@addto Utility macro to use instead of babel's flawed \addto (copied and modified from
\variorref).

2289 \def\cref@addto#1#2{%
2290 \temptokena{#2}%
2291 \ifx#1\undefined%
2292 \edef#1{\the\temptokena}%
2293 \else%
2294 \toks@\expandafter{#1}%
2295 \edef#1{\the\toks@\the\temptokena}%
2296 \fi%
2297 \temptokena{} \toks@\temptokena%
2298 }
2299 \onlypreamble\cref@addto
```

Passing a language option to `cleveref` defines the cross-reference names and conjunctions as appropriate for that language. We can't make the definitions straight away, since they would prevent the automatic definition of the other capitalisation variant from working if the user chooses to change a default definition in the preamble, so we postpone them until the beginning of the document. However, if each language option were to simply to define any formats that aren't already defined by the end of the preamble, the *first* language option would override all the others. Unfortunately, the convention in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X and `babel` is for the *last* language option to take precedence. So we instead used the `\crefname@preamble` command to save the definitions in `\cref@{\meta{type}}@name@preamble` etc., and after all the language options have been processed, use the contents of these to set the default definitions for any undefined formats.

For `babel` support, we add the appropriate redefinitions to the `\extras{language}` macro, which is called by `babel`'s `\selectlanguage` at all commands. The main language (the last one listed in the options) is set up by an automatic call to `\selectlanguage` at the beginning of the document, which would clobber any redefinitions made by the user in the preamble. To avoid this, we postpone adding the redefinitions to `\extras{language}` until the beginning of the document. Since `cleveref` must always be loaded *after* `babel`, the redefinitions won't be added to `\extras{language}` until *after* `babel` has already called `\selectlanguage` for the main language. Thus the redefinitions will only be in effect when `\selectlanguage` is called explicitly within the document. (The definitions for the main language are taken care of by the language options passed to `cleveref`, independently of `babel`.)

Note that we define both capitalisation variants explicitly throughout, rather than relying on the automatic definition of the other variant, in order to make the code produced by the poor man's `sed` script slightly cleaner.

`english` English definitions (these are used by default).

```
2300 \DeclareOption{english}{%
2301 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'english' language definitions}}
```

First, we set up the definitions used at the beginning of the document to define the formats created by the document preamble.

```
2302 \AtBeginDocument{%
2303 \def\crefrangeconjunction@preamble{ to~}%
2304 \def\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble{}%
2305 \def\crefrangepostconjunction@preamble{}%
2306 \def\crefpairconjunction@preamble{ and~}%
2307 \def\crefmiddleconjunction@preamble{, }%
2308 \def\creflastconjunction@preamble{ and~}%
}
```

We have to define the group conjunctions explicitly here, rather than relying on fall-back definitions in terms of the above conjunctions (see section 12.12.1), in case any other language option defines them explicitly and we need to override those.

```
2309 \def\crefpairgroupconjunction@preamble{ and~}%
```

```

2310 \def\crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble{, }%
2311 \def\creflastgroupconjunction@preamble{, and~}%
2312 \Crefname@preamble{equation}{Equation}{Equations}%
2313 \Crefname@preamble{chapter}{Chapter}{Chapters}%
2314 \Crefname@preamble{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2315 \Crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2316 \Crefname@preamble{figure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2317 \Crefname@preamble{table}{Table}{Tables}%
2318 \Crefname@preamble{theorem}{Theorem}{Theorems}%
2319 \Crefname@preamble{enumi}{Item}{Items}%
2320 \Crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmas}%
2321 \Crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollary}{Corollaries}%
2322 \Crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2323 \Crefname@preamble{definition}{Definition}{Definitions}%
2324 \Crefname@preamble{result}{Result}{Results}%
2325 \Crefname@preamble{example}{Example}{Examples}%
2326 \Crefname@preamble{remark}{Remark}{Remarks}%
2327 \Crefname@preamble{note}{Note}{Notes}%
2328 \if@ref@capitalise%
2329 \crefname@preamble{equation}{Eq.}{Eqs.}%
2330 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Chapter}{Chapters}%
2331 \crefname@preamble{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2332 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2333 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Fig.}{Figs.}%
2334 \crefname@preamble{table}{Table}{Tables}%
2335 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Theorem}{Theorems}%
2336 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Item}{Items}%
2337 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmas}%
2338 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollary}{Corollaries}%
2339 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2340 \crefname@preamble{definition}{Definition}{Definitions}%
2341 \crefname@preamble{result}{Result}{Results}%
2342 \crefname@preamble{example}{Example}{Examples}%
2343 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Remark}{Remarks}%
2344 \crefname@preamble{note}{Note}{Notes}%
2345 \else%
2346 \crefname@preamble{equation}{eq.}{eqs.}%
2347 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{chapter}{chapters}%
2348 \crefname@preamble{section}{section}{sections}%
2349 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2350 \crefname@preamble{figure}{fig.}{figs.}%
2351 \crefname@preamble{table}{table}{tables}%
2352 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{theorem}{theorems}%
2353 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{item}{items}%
2354 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{lemma}{lemmas}%
2355 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{corollary}{corollaries}%
2356 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{proposition}{propositions}%
2357 \crefname@preamble{definition}{definition}{definitions}%
2358 \crefname@preamble{result}{result}{results}%
2359 \crefname@preamble{example}{example}{examples}%

```

```

2360 \crefname@preamble{remark}{remark}{remarks}%
2361 \crefname@preamble{note}{note}{notes}%
2362 \fi%
2363 \def\cref@language{english}%

```

Next, we add the definitions to `\extras...` so that `babel`'s `\selectlanguage` command will change the format appropriately.

```

2364 \cref@addto\extrasenglish{%
2365 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ to~}%
2366 \renewcommand{\crefrangepreconjunction}{ }%
2367 \renewcommand{\crefrangepostconjunction}{ }%
2368 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{ and~}%
2369 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }%
2370 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunction}{ and~}%
2371 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunction}{ and~}%
2372 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{, }%
2373 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunction}{, and~}%
2374 \Crefname{equation}{Equation}{Equations}%
2375 \Crefname{chapter}{Chapter}{Chapters}%
2376 \Crefname{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2377 \Crefname{subsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2378 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2379 \Crefname{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2380 \Crefname{subappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2381 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2382 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2383 \Crefname{figure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2384 \Crefname{subfigure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2385 \Crefname{table}{Table}{Tables}%
2386 \Crefname{subtable}{Table}{Tables}%
2387 \Crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theorems}%
2388 \Crefname{enumi}{Item}{Items}%
2389 \Crefname{enumii}{Item}{Items}%
2390 \Crefname{enumiii}{Item}{Items}%
2391 \Crefname{enumiv}{Item}{Items}%
2392 \Crefname{enumv}{Item}{Items}%
2393 \Crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmas}%
2394 \Crefname{corollary}{Corollary}{Corollaries}%
2395 \Crefname{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2396 \Crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitions}%
2397 \Crefname{result}{Result}{Results}%
2398 \Crefname{example}{Example}{Examples}%
2399 \Crefname{remark}{Remark}{Remarks}%
2400 \Crefname{note}{Note}{Notes}%
2401 \if@cref@capitalise%
2402 \crefname{equation}{Eq.}{Eqs.}%
2403 \crefname{chapter}{Chapter}{Chapters}%
2404 \crefname{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2405 \crefname{subsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2406 \crefname{subsubsection}{Section}{Sections}%

```

```

2407 \crefname{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2408 \crefname{subappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2409 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2410 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2411 \crefname{figure}{Fig.}{Figs.}%
2412 \crefname{subfigure}{Fig.}{Figs.}%
2413 \crefname{table}{Table}{Tables}%
2414 \crefname{subtable}{Table}{Tables}%
2415 \crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theorems}%
2416 \crefname{enumi}{Item}{Items}%
2417 \crefname{enumii}{Item}{Items}%
2418 \crefname{enumiii}{Item}{Items}%
2419 \crefname{enumiv}{Item}{Items}%
2420 \crefname{enumv}{Item}{Items}%
2421 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmas}%
2422 \crefname{corollary}{Corollary}{Corollaries}%
2423 \crefname{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2424 \crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitions}%
2425 \crefname{result}{Result}{Results}%
2426 \crefname{example}{Example}{Examples}%
2427 \crefname{remark}{Remark}{Remarks}%
2428 \crefname{note}{Note}{Notes}%
2429 \else%
2430 \crefname{equation}{eq.}{eqs.}%
2431 \crefname{chapter}{chapter}{chapters}%
2432 \crefname{section}{section}{sections}%
2433 \crefname{subsection}{section}{sections}%
2434 \crefname{subsubsection}{section}{sections}%
2435 \crefname{appendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2436 \crefname{subappendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2437 \crefname{subsubappendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2438 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2439 \crefname{figure}{fig.}{figs.}%
2440 \crefname{subfigure}{fig.}{figs.}%
2441 \crefname{table}{table}{tables}%
2442 \crefname{subtable}{table}{tables}%
2443 \crefname{theorem}{theorem}{theorems}%
2444 \crefname{enumi}{item}{items}%
2445 \crefname{enumii}{item}{items}%
2446 \crefname{enumiii}{item}{items}%
2447 \crefname{enumiv}{item}{items}%
2448 \crefname{enumv}{item}{items}%
2449 \crefname{lemma}{lemma}{lemmas}%
2450 \crefname{corollary}{corollary}{corollaries}%
2451 \crefname{proposition}{proposition}{propositions}%
2452 \crefname{definition}{definition}{definitions}%
2453 \crefname{result}{result}{results}%
2454 \crefname{example}{example}{examples}%
2455 \crefname{remark}{remark}{remarks}%
2456 \crefname{note}{note}{notes}%

```

```

2457 \fi%
2458 }}}
```

`german` German translations kindly provided by Stefan Pinnow, with a few additions by the package author (so you know to blame the latter for any errors!).

```

2459 \DeclareOption{german}{%
2460 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'german' language definitions}}
```

First, we set up the definitions used at the beginning of the document to define the formats created by the document preamble.

```

2461 \AtBeginDocument{%
2462 \def\crefrangeconjunction@preamble{ bis~}%
2463 \def\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble{}%
2464 \def\crefrangepostconjunction@preamble{}%
2465 \def\crefpairconjunction@preamble{ und~}%
2466 \def\crefmiddleconjunction@preamble{, }%
2467 \def\creflastconjunction@preamble{ und~}%
}
```

We don't want the extra comma before "und" that would be added by the default fall-back definitions in terms of the above conjunctions, so we define `\crefpairgroupconjunction` explicitly. In fact, we have to define the other group conjunctions explicitly too here, in case any other language option defines them explicitly and we need to override them.

```

2468 \def\crefpairgroupconjunction@preamble{ und~}%
2469 \def\crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble{, }%
2470 \def\creflastgroupconjunction@preamble{ und~}%
2471 \Crefname@preamble{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2472 \Crefname@preamble{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2473 \Crefname@preamble{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2474 \Crefname@preamble{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2475 \Crefname@preamble{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2476 \Crefname@preamble{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2477 \Crefname@preamble{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2478 \Crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2479 \Crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2480 \Crefname@preamble{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2481 \Crefname@preamble{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2482 \Crefname@preamble{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2483 \Crefname@preamble{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2484 \Crefname@preamble{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2485 \Crefname@preamble{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2486 \Crefname@preamble{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2487 \if@cref@capitalise%
2488 \crefname@preamble{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2489 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2490 \crefname@preamble{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2491 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2492 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2493 \crefname@preamble{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%

```

```

2494 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2495 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2496 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2497 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2498 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2499 \crefname@preamble{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2500 \crefname@preamble{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2501 \crefname@preamble{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2502 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2503 \crefname@preamble{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2504 \else%
2505 \crefname@preamble{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2506 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2507 \crefname@preamble{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2508 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2509 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2510 \crefname@preamble{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2511 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2512 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2513 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2514 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2515 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2516 \crefname@preamble{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2517 \crefname@preamble{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2518 \crefname@preamble{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2519 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2520 \crefname@preamble{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2521 \fi%
2522 \def\cref@language{german}%

```

Next, we add the definitions to `\extras...` so that babel's `\selectlanguage` command will change the format appropriately.

```

2523 \cref@addto\extrasgerman{%
2524 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ bis~}%
2525 \renewcommand\crefrangepreconjunction{}%
2526 \renewcommand\crefrangepostconjunction{}%
2527 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{ und~}%
2528 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }%
2529 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunction}{ und~}%
2530 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunction}{ und~}%
2531 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{, }%
2532 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunction}{ und~}%
2533 \Crefname{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2534 \Crefname{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2535 \Crefname{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2536 \Crefname{subsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2537 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2538 \Crefname{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2539 \Crefname{subappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2540 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%

```

```

2541 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2542 \Crefname{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2543 \Crefname{subfigure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2544 \Crefname{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2545 \Crefname{subtable}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2546 \Crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2547 \Crefname{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2548 \Crefname{enumii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2549 \Crefname{enumiii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2550 \Crefname{enumiv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2551 \Crefname{enumv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2552 \Crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2553 \Crefname{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2554 \Crefname{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2555 \Crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2556 \Crefname{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2557 \Crefname{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2558 \Crefname{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2559 \Crefname{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2560 \if@cref@capitalise%
2561 \crefname{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2562 \crefname{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2563 \crefname{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2564 \crefname{subsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2565 \crefname{subsubsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2566 \crefname{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2567 \crefname{subappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2568 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2569 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2570 \crefname{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2571 \crefname{subfigure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2572 \crefname{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2573 \crefname{subtable}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2574 \crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2575 \crefname{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2576 \crefname{enumii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2577 \crefname{enumiii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2578 \crefname{enumiv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2579 \crefname{enumv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2580 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2581 \crefname{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2582 \crefname{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2583 \crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2584 \crefname{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2585 \crefname{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2586 \crefname{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2587 \crefname{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2588 \else%
2589 \crefname{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2590 \crefname{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%

```

```

2591 \crefname{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2592 \crefname{subsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2593 \crefname{subsubsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2594 \crefname{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2595 \crefname{subappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2596 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2597 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2598 \crefname{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2599 \crefname{subfigure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2600 \crefname{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2601 \crefname{subtable}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2602 \crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2603 \crefname{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2604 \crefname{enumii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2605 \crefname{enumiii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2606 \crefname{enumiv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2607 \crefname{enumv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2608 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2609 \crefname{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2610 \crefname{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2611 \crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2612 \crefname{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2613 \crefname{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2614 \crefname{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2615 \crefname{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2616 \fi%
2617 }

```

**ngerman** It so happens that none of the cross-reference names differ in the “Neuerechtschreibung”, so we make **ngerman** execute **german**. However, we still need to add the definitions to **\extrasngerman** (note the “n”) so that **\selectlanguage** etc. will work.

```

2618 \DeclareOption{ngerman}{%
2619 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'ngerman' language definitions}
2620 \ExecuteOptions{german}
2621 \def\cref@language{ngerman}
2622 \AtBeginDocument{%
2623 \cref@addto\extrasngerman{%
2624 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ bis~}%
2625 \renewcommand\crefrangepreconjunction{}%
2626 \renewcommand\crefrangepostconjunction{}%
2627 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{ und~}%
2628 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }%
2629 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunction}{ und~}%
2630 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunction}{ und~}%
2631 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{, }%
2632 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunction}{ und~}%
2633 \Crefname{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2634 \Crefname{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%

```

```

2635 \Crefname{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2636 \Crefname{subsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2637 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2638 \Crefname{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2639 \Crefname{subappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2640 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2641 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2642 \Crefname{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2643 \Crefname{subfigure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2644 \Crefname{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2645 \Crefname{subtable}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2646 \Crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2647 \Crefname{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2648 \Crefname{enumii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2649 \Crefname{enumiii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2650 \Crefname{enumiv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2651 \Crefname{enumv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2652 \Crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2653 \Crefname{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2654 \Crefname{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2655 \Crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2656 \Crefname{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2657 \Crefname{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2658 \Crefname{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2659 \Crefname{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2660 \if@cref@capitalise%
2661 \crefname{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2662 \crefname{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2663 \crefname{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2664 \crefname{subsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2665 \crefname{subsubsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2666 \crefname{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2667 \crefname{subappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2668 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2669 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\"ange}%
2670 \crefname{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2671 \crefname{subfigure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2672 \crefname{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2673 \crefname{subtable}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2674 \crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2675 \crefname{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2676 \crefname{enumii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2677 \crefname{enumiii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2678 \crefname{enumiv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2679 \crefname{enumv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2680 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2681 \crefname{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2682 \crefname{proposition}{Satz}{S\"atze}%
2683 \crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2684 \crefname{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%

```

```

2685 \crefname{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2686 \crefname{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2687 \crefname{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2688 \else%
2689 \crefname{equation}{Gleichung}{Gleichungen}%
2690 \crefname{chapter}{Kapitel}{Kapitel}%
2691 \crefname{section}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2692 \crefname{subsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2693 \crefname{subsubsection}{Abschnitt}{Abschnitte}%
2694 \crefname{appendix}{Anhang}{Anh\ "ange}%
2695 \crefname{subappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\ "ange}%
2696 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\ "ange}%
2697 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Anhang}{Anh\ "ange}%
2698 \crefname{figure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2699 \crefname{subfigure}{Abbildung}{Abbildungen}%
2700 \crefname{table}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2701 \crefname{subtable}{Tabelle}{Tabellen}%
2702 \crefname{theorem}{Theorem}{Theoremen}%
2703 \crefname{enumi}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2704 \crefname{enumii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2705 \crefname{enumiii}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2706 \crefname{enumiv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2707 \crefname{enumv}{Punkt}{Punkte}%
2708 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmata}%
2709 \crefname{corollary}{Korollar}{Korollaren}%
2710 \crefname{proposition}{Satz}{S\ "atze}%
2711 \crefname{definition}{Definition}{Definitionen}%
2712 \crefname{result}{Ergebnis}{Ergebnisse}%
2713 \crefname{example}{Beispiel}{Beispiele}%
2714 \crefname{remark}{Bemerkung}{Bemerkungen}%
2715 \crefname{note}{Anmerkung}{Anmerkungen}%
2716 \fi%
2717 }}}

```

`german` Dutch translations kindly contributed by Philip Hölzenspies.

```

2718 \DeclareOption{dutch}{%
2719 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'dutch' language definitions}}

```

First, we set up the definitions used at the beginning of the document to define the formats created by the document preamble.

```

2720 \AtBeginDocument{%
2721 \def\crefrangeconjunction@preamble{ tot~}%
2722 \def\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble{}%
2723 \def\crefrangepostconjunction@preamble{}%
2724 \def\crefpairconjunction@preamble{ en~}%
2725 \def\crefmiddleconjunction@preamble{, }%
2726 \def\creflastconjunction@preamble{ en~}%

```

As in German, we don't want the extra comma before "en" that would be added by the default fall-back definitions in terms of the above conjunctions, so we define

\crefpairgroupconjunction explicitly. In fact, we have to define the other group conjunctions explicitly too here, in case any other language option defines them explicitly and we need to override them.

```

2727 \def\crefpairgroupconjunction@preamble{ en~}%
2728 \def\crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble{, }%
2729 \def\creflastgroupconjunction@preamble{ en~}%
2730 \Crefname@preamble{equation}%
2731 {Ver\,-ge\,-1\,ij{}\,k\,-ing}{Ver\,-ge\,-1\,ij{}\,k\,-ing\,-en}%
2732 \Crefname@preamble{chapter}{Hoofdstuk}{Hoofdstuken}%
2733 \Crefname@preamble{section}{Paragraaf}{Paragrafen}%
2734 \Crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2735 \Crefname@preamble{figure}{Figuur}{Figuren}%
2736 \Crefname@preamble{table}{Tabel}{Tabellen}%
2737 \Crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punt}{Punten}%
2738 \Crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemma's}%
2739 \Crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollarium}{Corollaria}%
2740 \Crefname@preamble{proposition}{Bewering}{Beweringen}%
2741 \Crefname@preamble{definition}{Definitie}{Definities}%
2742 \Crefname@preamble{result}{Resultaat}{Resultaten}%
2743 \Crefname@preamble{example}{Voorbeeld}{Voorbeelden}%
2744 \Crefname@preamble{remark}{Opmerking}{Opmerkingen}%
2745 \Crefname@preamble{note}{Aantekening}{Aantekeningen}%
2746 \if@cref@capitalise%
2747 \crefname@preamble{equation}{Verg.}{Verg's.}%
2748 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Hoofdstuk}{Hoofdstukken}%
2749 \crefname@preamble{section}{Paragraaf}{Paragrafen}%
2750 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2751 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Fig.}{Fig's.}%
2752 \crefname@preamble{table}{Tabel}{Tabellen}%
2753 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Theorema}{Theorema's}%
2754 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punt}{Punten}%
2755 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemma's}%
2756 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollarium}{Corollaria}%
2757 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Bewering}{Beweringen}%
2758 \crefname@preamble{definition}{Definitie}{Definities}%
2759 \crefname@preamble{result}{Resultaat}{Resultaten}%
2760 \crefname@preamble{example}{Voorbeeld}{Voorbeelden}%
2761 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Opmerking}{Opmerkingen}%
2762 \crefname@preamble{note}{Aantekening}{Aantekeningen}%
2763 \else%
2764 \crefname@preamble{equation}{verg.}{verg's.}%
2765 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{hoofdstuk}{hoofdstukken}%
2766 \crefname@preamble{section}{paragraaf}{paragrafen}%
2767 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2768 \crefname@preamble{figure}{fig.}{fig's.}%
2769 \crefname@preamble{table}{tabel}{tabellen}%
2770 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{theorema}{theorema's}%
2771 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{punt}{punten}%
2772 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{lemma}{lemma's}%

```

```

2773 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{corollarium}{corollaria}%
2774 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{bewering}{beweringen}%
2775 \crefname@preamble{definition}{definitie}{definities}%
2776 \crefname@preamble{result}{resultaat}{resultaten}%
2777 \crefname@preamble{example}{voorbeeld}{voorbeelden}%
2778 \crefname@preamble{remark}{opmerking}{opmerkingen}%
2779 \crefname@preamble{note}{aantekening}{aantekeningen}%
2780 \fi%
2781 \def\cref@language{dutch}%

```

Next, we add the definitions to `\extras...` so that babel's `\selectlanguage` command will change the format appropriately.

```

2782 \cref@addto\extrasdutch{%
2783 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ tot~}%
2784 \renewcommand\crefrangepreconjunction{}%
2785 \renewcommand\crefrangepostconjunction{}%
2786 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{ en~}%
2787 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }%
2788 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunction}{ en~}%
2789 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunction}{ en~}%
2790 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{, }%
2791 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunction}{ en~}%
2792 \Crefname{equation}{Ver}-ge-l-ij{k}-ing{Ver}-ge-l-ij{k}-ing-en}%
2793 \Crefname{chapter}{Hoofdstuk}{Hoofdstuken}%
2794 \Crefname{section}{Paragraaf}{Paragrafen}%
2795 \Crefname{subsection}{Paragraaf}{Paragrafen}%
2796 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Paragraaf}{Paragrafen}%
2797 \Crefname{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2798 \Crefname{subappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2799 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2800 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2801 \Crefname{figure}{Figuur}{Figuren}%
2802 \Crefname{subfigure}{Figuur}{Figuren}%
2803 \Crefname{table}{Tabel}{Tabellen}%
2804 \Crefname{subtable}{Tabel}{Tabellen}%
2805 \Crefname{theorem}{Theorema}{Theorema's}%
2806 \Crefname{enumi}{Punt}{Punten}%
2807 \Crefname{enumii}{Punt}{Punten}%
2808 \Crefname{enumiii}{Punt}{Punten}%
2809 \Crefname{enumiv}{Punt}{Punten}%
2810 \Crefname{enumv}{Punt}{Punten}%
2811 \Crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemma's}%
2812 \Crefname{corollary}{Corollarium}{Corollarial}%
2813 \Crefname{proposition}{Bewering}{Beweringen}%
2814 \Crefname{definition}{Definitie}{Definities}%
2815 \Crefname{result}{Resultaat}{Resultaten}%
2816 \Crefname{example}{Voorbeeld}{Voorbeelden}%
2817 \Crefname{remark}{Opmerking}{Opmerkingen}%
2818 \Crefname{note}{Aantekening}{Aantekeningen}%
2819 \if@cref@capitalise%

```

```

2820 \crefname{equation}{Verg.}{Verg's.}%
2821 \crefname{chapter}{Hoofdstuk}{Hoofdstukken}%
2822 \crefname{section}{Paragraaf}{Paragrafen}%
2823 \crefname{appendix}{Appendix}{Appendices}%
2824 \crefname{figure}{Fig.}{Fig's.}%
2825 \crefname{table}{Tabel}{Tabellen}%
2826 \crefname{theorem}{Theorema}{Theorema's}%
2827 \crefname{enumi}{Punt}{Punten}%
2828 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemma's}%
2829 \crefname{corollary}{Corollarium}{Corollaria}%
2830 \crefname{proposition}{Bewering}{Beweringen}%
2831 \crefname{definition}{Definitie}{Definities}%
2832 \crefname{result}{Resultaat}{Resultaten}%
2833 \crefname{example}{Voorbeeld}{Voorbeelden}%
2834 \crefname{remark}{Opmerking}{Opmerkingen}%
2835 \crefname{note}{Aantekening}{Aantekeningen}%
2836 \else%
2837 \crefname{equation}{verg.}{verg's.}%
2838 \crefname{chapter}{hoofdstuk}{hoofdstukken}%
2839 \crefname{section}{paragraaf}{paragrafen}%
2840 \crefname{appendix}{appendix}{appendices}%
2841 \crefname{figure}{fig.}{fig's.}%
2842 \crefname{table}{tabel}{tabellen}%
2843 \crefname{theorem}{theorema}{theorema's}%
2844 \crefname{enumi}{punt}{punten}%
2845 \crefname{lemma}{lemma}{lemma's}%
2846 \crefname{corollary}{corollarium}{corollaria}%
2847 \crefname{proposition}{bewering}{beweringen}%
2848 \crefname{definition}{definitie}{definities}%
2849 \crefname{result}{resultaat}{resultaten}%
2850 \crefname{example}{voorbeeld}{voorbeelden}%
2851 \crefname{remark}{opmerking}{opmerkingen}%
2852 \crefname{note}{aantekening}{aantekeningen}%
2853 \fi%
2854 }}}

```

**french** French translations attempted by the package author (please report any corrections that might be needed!).

```

2855 \DeclareOption{french}{%
2856 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'french' language definitions}}

```

First, we set up the definitions used at the beginning of the document to define the formats created by the document preamble.

```

2857 \AtBeginDocument{%
2858 \def\crefrangeconjunction@preamble{ `a`}%
2859 \def\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble{}%
2860 \def\crefrangepostconjunction@preamble{}%
2861 \def\crefpairconjunction@preamble{ et`}%
2862 \def\crefmiddleconjunction@preamble{, }%
2863 \def\creflastconjunction@preamble{ et`}%

```

Erring on the side of caution, I've left off the extra comma before "et" between groups, pending more knowledgeable input on punctuation rules from a native French speaker.

```

2864 \def\crefpairgroupconjunction@preamble{ et~}%
2865 \def\crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble{, }%
2866 \def\creflastgroupconjunction@preamble{, et~}%
2867 \Crefname@preamble{equation}{{\text{\'E}quation}}{\text{\'Equations}}%
2868 \Crefname@preamble{chapter}{Chapitre}{Chapitres}%
2869 \Crefname@preamble{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2870 \Crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2871 \Crefname@preamble{figure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2872 \Crefname@preamble{table}{Tableau}{Tableaux}%
2873 \Crefname@preamble{theorem}{Th\'eor\`eme}{Th\'eor\`emes}%
2874 \Crefname@preamble{enumi}{Point}{Points}%
2875 \Crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemme}{Lemmes}%
2876 \Crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollaire}{Corollaires}%
2877 \Crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2878 \Crefname@preamble{definition}{D\'efinition}{D\'efinitions}%
2879 \Crefname@preamble{result}{R\'esultat}{R\'esultats}%
2880 \Crefname@preamble{example}{Exemple}{Exemples}%
2881 \Crefname@preamble{remark}{Remarque}{Remarques}%
2882 \if@ cref@capitalise%
2883 \crefname@preamble{equation}{{\text{\'E}quation}}{\text{\'Equations}}%
2884 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Chapitre}{Chapitres}%
2885 \crefname@preamble{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2886 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2887 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2888 \crefname@preamble{table}{Tableau}{Tableaux}%
2889 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Th\'eor\`eme}{Th\'eor\`emes}%
2890 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Point}{Points}%
2891 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemme}{Lemmes}%
2892 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollaire}{Corollaires}%
2893 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2894 \crefname@preamble{definition}{D\'efinition}{D\'efinitions}%
2895 \crefname@preamble{result}{R\'esultat}{R\'esultats}%
2896 \crefname@preamble{example}{Exemple}{Exemples}%
2897 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Remarque}{Remarques}%
2898 \crefname@preamble{note}{Commentaire}{Commentaires}%
2899 \else%
2900 \crefname@preamble{equation}{{\text{\e}quation}}{\text{\e}quations}%
2901 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{chapitre}{chapitres}%
2902 \crefname@preamble{section}{section}{sections}%
2903 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{appendice}{appendices}%
2904 \crefname@preamble{figure}{figure}{figures}%
2905 \crefname@preamble{table}{tableau}{tableaux}%
2906 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{th\'eor\`eme}{th\'eor\`emes}%
2907 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{point}{points}%
2908 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{lemme}{lemmes}%
2909 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{corollaire}{corollaires}%

```

```

2910 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{proposition}{propositions}%
2911 \crefname@preamble{definition}{d\`efinition}{d\`efinitions}%
2912 \crefname@preamble{result}{r\`esultat}{r\`esultats}%
2913 \crefname@preamble{example}{exemple}{exemples}%
2914 \crefname@preamble{remark}{remarque}{remarques}%
2915 \crefname@preamble{note}{commentaire}{commentaires}%
2916 \fi%
2917 \def\cref@language{french}%

```

Next, we add the definitions to `\extras...` so that babel's `\selectlanguage` command will change the format appropriately.

```

2918 \cref@addto\extrasfrench{%
2919 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ ``a``}%
2920 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunc}{ }%
2921 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunc}{ }%
2922 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunc}{ et``}%
2923 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunc}{, }%
2924 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunc}{ et``}%
2925 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunc}{ et``}%
2926 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunc}{, }%
2927 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunc}{ et``}%
2928 \Crefname{equation}{\`E}quation}{\`E}quations}%
2929 \Crefname{chapter}{Chapitre}{Chapitres}%
2930 \Crefname{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2931 \Crefname{subsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2932 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2933 \Crefname{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2934 \Crefname{subappendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2935 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2936 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2937 \Crefname{figure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2938 \Crefname{subfigure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2939 \Crefname{table}{Tableau}{Tableaux}%
2940 \Crefname{subtable}{Tableau}{Tableaux}%
2941 \Crefname{theorem}{Th\`eor\`eme}{Th\`eor\`emes}%
2942 \Crefname{enumi}{Point}{Points}%
2943 \Crefname{enumii}{Point}{Points}%
2944 \Crefname{enumiii}{Point}{Points}%
2945 \Crefname{enumiv}{Point}{Points}%
2946 \Crefname{enumv}{Point}{Points}%
2947 \Crefname{lemma}{Lemme}{Lemmes}%
2948 \Crefname{corollary}{Corollaire}{Corollaires}%
2949 \Crefname{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2950 \Crefname{definition}{D\`efinition}{D\`efinitions}%
2951 \Crefname{result}{R\`esultat}{R\`esultats}%
2952 \Crefname{example}{Exemple}{Exemples}%
2953 \Crefname{remark}{Remarque}{Remarques}%
2954 \Crefname{note}{Commentaire}{Commentaires}%
2955 \if@capitalise%
2956 \crefname{equation}{\`E}quation}{\`E}quations}%

```

```

2957 \crefname{chapter}{Chapitre}{Chapitres}%
2958 \crefname{section}{Section}{Sections}%
2959 \crefname{subsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2960 \crefname{subsubsection}{Section}{Sections}%
2961 \crefname{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2962 \crefname{subappendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2963 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2964 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendices}%
2965 \crefname{figure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2966 \crefname{subfigure}{Figure}{Figures}%
2967 \crefname{table}{Tableau}{Tableaux}%
2968 \crefname{subtable}{Tableau}{Tableaux}%
2969 \crefname{theorem}{Th\`eor\`eme}{Th\`eor\`emes}%
2970 \crefname{enumi}{Point}{Points}%
2971 \crefname{enumii}{Point}{Points}%
2972 \crefname{enumiii}{Point}{Points}%
2973 \crefname{enumiv}{Point}{Points}%
2974 \crefname{enumv}{Point}{Points}%
2975 \crefname{lemma}{Lemme}{Lemmes}%
2976 \crefname{corollary}{Corollaire}{Corollaires}%
2977 \crefname{proposition}{Proposition}{Propositions}%
2978 \crefname{definition}{D\efinition}{D\efinitions}%
2979 \crefname{result}{R\esultat}{R\esultats}%
2980 \crefname{example}{Exemple}{Exemples}%
2981 \crefname{remark}{Remarque}{Remarques}%
2982 \crefname{note}{Commentaire}{Commentaires}%
2983 \else%
2984 \crefname{equation}{{\e}quation}{{\e}quations}%
2985 \crefname{chapter}{chapitre}{chapitres}%
2986 \crefname{section}{section}{sections}%
2987 \crefname{subsection}{section}{sections}%
2988 \crefname{subsubsection}{section}{sections}%
2989 \crefname{appendix}{appendice}{appendices}%
2990 \crefname{subappendix}{appendice}{appendices}%
2991 \crefname{subsubappendix}{appendice}{appendices}%
2992 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{appendice}{appendices}%
2993 \crefname{figure}{figure}{figures}%
2994 \crefname{subfigure}{figure}{figures}%
2995 \crefname{table}{tableau}{tableaux}%
2996 \crefname{subtable}{tableau}{tableaux}%
2997 \crefname{theorem}{th\`eor\`eme}{th\`eor\`emes}%
2998 \crefname{enumi}{point}{points}%
2999 \crefname{enumii}{point}{points}%
3000 \crefname{enumiii}{point}{points}%
3001 \crefname{enumiv}{point}{points}%
3002 \crefname{enumv}{point}{points}%
3003 \crefname{lemma}{lemme}{lemmes}%
3004 \crefname{corollary}{corollaire}{corollaires}%
3005 \crefname{proposition}{proposition}{propositions}%
3006 \crefname{definition}{d\efinition}{d\efinitions}%

```

```

3007 \crefname{result}{r\`esultat}{r\`esultats}%
3008 \crefname{example}{exemple}{exemples}%
3009 \crefname{remark}{remarque}{remarques}%
3010 \crefname{note}{commentaire}{commentaires}%
3011 \fi%
3012 }{}}

```

`spanish` Spanish translations generously contributed by Gonzalo Medina.

```

3013 \DeclareOption{spanish}{%
3014 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'spanish' language definitions}

```

First, we set up the definitions used at the beginning of the document to define the formats created by the document preamble.

```

3015 \AtBeginDocument{%
3016 \def\crefrangeconjunction@preamble{ a`}%
3017 \def\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble{}%
3018 \def\crefrangepostconjunction@preamble{}%
3019 \def\crefpairconjunction@preamble{ y`}%
3020 \def\crefmiddleconjunction@preamble{ , }%
3021 \def\creflastconjunction@preamble{ y`}%
3022 \def\crefpairgroupconjunction@preamble{ y`}%
3023 \def\crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble{ , }%
3024 \def\creflastgroupconjunction@preamble{ y`}%
3025 \Crefname@preamble{equation}{Ecuaci\`on}{Ecuaciones}%
3026 \Crefname@preamble{chapter}{Cap\`itulo}{Cap\`itulos}%
3027 \Crefname@preamble{section}{Secci\`on}{Secciones}%
3028 \Crefname@preamble{appendix}{Ap\`endice}{Ap\`endices}%
3029 \Crefname@preamble{figure}{Figura}{Figuras}%
3030 \Crefname@preamble{table}{Cuadro}{Cuadros}%
3031 \Crefname@preamble{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremas}%
3032 \Crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3033 \Crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lema}{Lemas}%
3034 \Crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corolario}{Corolarios}%
3035 \Crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposici\`on}{Proposiciones}%
3036 \Crefname@preamble{definition}{Definici\`on}{Definiciones}%
3037 \Crefname@preamble{result}{Resultado}{Resultados}%
3038 \Crefname@preamble{example}{Ejemplo}{Ejemplos}%
3039 \Crefname@preamble{remark}{Observaci\`on}{Observaciones}%
3040 \Crefname@preamble{note}{Nota}{Notas}%
3041 \if@cref@capitalise%
3042 \crefname@preamble{equation}{Ecuaci\`on}{ecuaciones}%
3043 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Cap\`itulo}{cap\`itulos}%
3044 \crefname@preamble{section}{Secci\`on}{secciones}%
3045 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Ap\`endice}{ap\`endices}%
3046 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Figura}{figuras}%
3047 \crefname@preamble{table}{Cuadro}{cuadros}%
3048 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Teorema}{teoremas}%
3049 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Punto}{puntos}%
3050 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lema}{lemas}%

```

```

3051 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corolario}{corolarios}%
3052 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposici\'on}{proposiciones}%
3053 \crefname@preamble{definition}{Definici\'on}{definiciones}%
3054 \crefname@preamble{result}{Resultado}{resultados}%
3055 \crefname@preamble{example}{Ejemplo}{ejemplos}%
3056 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Observaci\'on}{observaciones}%
3057 \crefname@preamble{note}{Nota}{notas}%
3058 \else%
3059 \crefname@preamble{equation}{ecuaci\'on}{ecuaciones}%
3060 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{cap\'itulo}{cap\'itulos}%
3061 \crefname@preamble{section}{secci\'on}{secciones}%
3062 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{ap\'endice}{ap\'endices}%
3063 \crefname@preamble{figure}{figura}{figuras}%
3064 \crefname@preamble{table}{cuadro}{cuadros}%
3065 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{teorema}{teoremas}%
3066 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{punto}{puntos}%
3067 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{lema}{lemas}%
3068 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{corolario}{corolarios}%
3069 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{proposici\'on}{proposiciones}%
3070 \crefname@preamble{definition}{definici\'on}{definiciones}%
3071 \crefname@preamble{result}{resultado}{resultados}%
3072 \crefname@preamble{example}{ejemplo}{ejemplos}%
3073 \crefname@preamble{remark}{observaci\'on}{observaciones}%
3074 \crefname@preamble{note}{nota}{notas}%
3075 \fi%
3076 \def\cref@language{spanish}%

```

Next, we add the definitions to `\extras...` so that babel's `\selectlanguage` command will change the format appropriately.

```

3077 \cref@addto\extrasspanish{%
3078 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ a`}%
3079 \renewcommand{\crefrangepreconjunction}{ }%
3080 \renewcommand{\crefrangepostconjunction}{ }%
3081 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{ y`}%
3082 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }%
3083 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunction}{ y`}%
3084 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunction}{ y`}%
3085 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{, }%
3086 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunction}{ y}%
3087 \Crefname{equation}{Ecuaci\'on}{Ecuaciones}%
3088 \Crefname{chapter}{Cap\'itulo}{Cap\'itulos}%
3089 \Crefname{section}{Secci\'on}{Secciones}%
3090 \Crefname{subsection}{Secci\'on}{Secciones}%
3091 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Secci\'on}{Secciones}%
3092 \Crefname{appendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3093 \Crefname{subappendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3094 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3095 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3096 \Crefname{figure}{Figura}{Figuras}%
3097 \Crefname{subfigure}{Figura}{Figuras}%

```

```

3098 \Crefname{table}{Cuadro}{Cuadros}%
3099 \Crefname{subtable}{Cuadro}{Cuadros}%
3100 \Crefname{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremas}%
3101 \Crefname{enumi}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3102 \Crefname{enumii}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3103 \Crefname{enumiii}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3104 \Crefname{enumiv}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3105 \Crefname{enumv}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3106 \Crefname{lemma}{Lema}{Lemas}%
3107 \Crefname{corollary}{Corolario}{Corolarios}%
3108 \Crefname{proposition}{Proposici\'on}{Proposiciones}%
3109 \Crefname{definition}{Definici\'on}{Definiciones}%
3110 \Crefname{result}{Resultado}{Resultados}%
3111 \Crefname{example}{Ejemplo}{Ejemplos}%
3112 \Crefname{remark}{Observaci\'on}{Observaci\'ones}%
3113 \Crefname{note}{Nota}{Notas}%
3114 \if@ref@capitalise%
3115 \crefname{equation}{Ecuaci\'on}{Ecuaciones}%
3116 \crefname{chapter}{Cap\'itulo}{Cap\'itulos}%
3117 \crefname{section}{Secci\'on}{Secciones}%
3118 \crefname{subsection}{Secci\'on}{Secciones}%
3119 \crefname{subsubsection}{Secci\'on}{Secciones}%
3120 \crefname{appendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3121 \crefname{subappendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3122 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3123 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Ap\'endice}{Ap\'endices}%
3124 \crefname{figure}{Figura}{Figuras}%
3125 \crefname{subfigure}{Figura}{Figuras}%
3126 \crefname{table}{Cuadro}{Cuadros}%
3127 \crefname{subtable}{Cuadro}{Cuadros}%
3128 \crefname{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremas}%
3129 \crefname{enumi}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3130 \crefname{enumii}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3131 \crefname{enumiii}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3132 \crefname{enumiv}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3133 \crefname{enumv}{Punto}{Puntos}%
3134 \crefname{lemma}{Lema}{Lemas}%
3135 \crefname{corollary}{Corolario}{Corolarios}%
3136 \crefname{proposition}{Proposici\'on}{Proposiciones}%
3137 \crefname{definition}{Definici\'on}{Definiciones}%
3138 \crefname{result}{Resultado}{Resultados}%
3139 \crefname{example}{Ejemplo}{Ejemplos}%
3140 \crefname{remark}{Observaci\'on}{Observaci\'ones}%
3141 \crefname{note}{Nota}{Notas}%
3142 \else%
3143 \crefname{equation}{ecuaci\'on}{ecuaciones}%
3144 \crefname{chapter}{cap\'itulo}{cap\'itulos}%
3145 \crefname{section}{secci\'on}{secciones}%
3146 \crefname{subsection}{secci\'on}{secciones}%
3147 \crefname{subsubsection}{secci\'on}{secciones}%

```

```

3148 \crefname{appendix}{ap\'endice}{ap\'endices}%
3149 \crefname{subappendix}{ap\'endice}{ap\'endices}%
3150 \crefname{subsubappendix}{ap\'endice}{ap\'endices}%
3151 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{ap\'endice}{ap\'endices}%
3152 \crefname{figure}{figura}{figuras}%
3153 \crefname{subfigure}{figura}{figuras}%
3154 \crefname{table}{cuadro}{cuadros}%
3155 \crefname{subtable}{cuadro}{cuadros}%
3156 \crefname{theorem}{teorema}{teoremas}%
3157 \crefname{enumi}{punto}{puntos}%
3158 \crefname{enumii}{punto}{puntos}%
3159 \crefname{enumiii}{punto}{puntos}%
3160 \crefname{enumiv}{punto}{puntos}%
3161 \crefname{enumv}{punto}{puntos}%
3162 \crefname{lemma}{lema}{lemas}%
3163 \crefname{corollary}{corolario}{corolarios}%
3164 \crefname{proposition}{proposici\'on}{proposiciones}%
3165 \crefname{definition}{definici\'on}{definiciones}%
3166 \crefname{result}{resultado}{resultados}%
3167 \crefname{example}{ejemplo}{ejemplos}%
3168 \crefname{remark}{observaci\'on}{observaci\'ones}%
3169 \crefname{note}{nota}{notas}%
3170 \fi%
3171 }}}
```

`italian` Italian translations kindly contributed by Massimo Redaelli.

```

3172 \DeclareOption{italian}{%
3173 \PackageInfo{cleveref}{loaded 'italian' language definitions}}
```

First, we set up the definitions used at the beginning of the document to define the formats created by the document preamble. (Note that Italian makes use of `\crefrangepreconjunction`.)

```

3174 \AtBeginDocument{%
3175 \def\crefrangeconjunction@preamble{ a`}%
3176 \def\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble{da`}%
3177 \def\crefrangepostconjunction@preamble{}%
3178 \def\crefpairconjunction@preamble{ e`}%
3179 \def\crefmiddleconjunction@preamble{, }%
3180 \def\creflastconjunction@preamble{ e`}%
```

We have to define the group conjunctions explicitly here, rather than relying on fall-back definitions in terms of the above conjunctions (see section 12.12.1), in case any other language option defines them explicitly and we need to override those.

```

3181 \def\crefpairgroupconjunction@preamble{ e`}%
3182 \def\crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble{, }%
3183 \def\creflastgroupconjunction@preamble{ e`}%
3184 \Crefname@preamble{equation}{Equazione}{Equazioni}%
3185 \Crefname@preamble{chapter}{Capitolo}{Capitoli}%

```

```

3186 \Crefname@preamble{section}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3187 \Crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3188 \Crefname@preamble{figure}{Figura}{Figure}%
3189 \Crefname@preamble{table}{Tabella}{Tabelle}%
3190 \Crefname@preamble{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremi}%
3191 \Crefname@preamble{enumi}{Voce}{Voci}%
3192 \Crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmi}%
3193 \Crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollario}{Corollari}%
3194 \Crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposizione}{Proposizioni}%
3195 \Crefname@preamble{definition}{Definizione}{Definizioni}%
3196 \Crefname@preamble{result}{Risultato}{Risultati}%
3197 \Crefname@preamble{example}{esempio}{esempi}%
3198 \Crefname@preamble{remark}{Osservazione}{Osservazioni}%
3199 \Crefname@preamble{note}{Nota}{Note}%
3200 \if@cref@capitalise%
3201 \crefname@preamble{equation}{Eq.}{Eq.}%
3202 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{Capitolo}{Capitoli}%
3203 \crefname@preamble{section}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3204 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3205 \crefname@preamble{figure}{Fig.}{Fig.}%
3206 \crefname@preamble{table}{Tabella}{Tabelle}%
3207 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremi}%
3208 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{Voce}{Voci}%
3209 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmi}%
3210 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{Corollario}{Corollari}%
3211 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{Proposizione}{Proposizioni}%
3212 \crefname@preamble{definition}{Definizione}{Definizioni}%
3213 \crefname@preamble{result}{Risultato}{Risultati}%
3214 \crefname@preamble{example}{Esempio}{Esempi}%
3215 \crefname@preamble{remark}{Osservazione}{Osservazioni}%
3216 \crefname@preamble{note}{Nota}{Note}%
3217 \else%
3218 \crefname@preamble{equation}{eq.}{eq.}%
3219 \crefname@preamble{chapter}{capitolo}{capitoli}%
3220 \crefname@preamble{section}{sezione}{sezioni}%
3221 \crefname@preamble{appendix}{appendice}{appendici}%
3222 \crefname@preamble{figure}{fig.}{fig.}%
3223 \crefname@preamble{table}{tabella}{tabelle}%
3224 \crefname@preamble{theorem}{teorema}{teoremi}%
3225 \crefname@preamble{enumi}{voce}{voci}%
3226 \crefname@preamble{lemma}{lemma}{lemmi}%
3227 \crefname@preamble{corollary}{corollario}{corollari}%
3228 \crefname@preamble{proposition}{proposizione}{proposizioni}%
3229 \crefname@preamble{definition}{definizione}{definizioni}%
3230 \crefname@preamble{result}{risultato}{risultati}%
3231 \crefname@preamble{example}{esempio}{esempi}%
3232 \crefname@preamble{remark}{osservazione}{osservazioni}%
3233 \crefname@preamble{note}{nota}{note}%
3234 \fi%
3235 \def\cref@language{italiano}%

```

Next, we add the definitions to `\extras...` so that `babel`'s `\selectlanguage` command will change the format appropriately.

```

3236 \cref@addto\extrasenglish{%
3237 \renewcommand{\crefrangeconjunction}{ a~}%
3238 \renewcommand{\crefrangepreconjunction}{da~}%
3239 \renewcommand{\crefrangepostconjunction}{ }%
3240 \renewcommand{\crefpairconjunction}{ e~}%
3241 \renewcommand{\crefmiddleconjunction}{, }%
3242 \renewcommand{\creflastconjunction}{ e~}%
3243 \renewcommand{\crefpairgroupconjunction}{ e~}%
3244 \renewcommand{\crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{, }%
3245 \renewcommand{\creflastgroupconjunction}{ e~}%
3246 \Crefname{equation}{Equazione}{Equazioni}%
3247 \Crefname{chapter}{Capitolo}{Capitoli}%
3248 \Crefname{section}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3249 \Crefname{subsection}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3250 \Crefname{subsubsection}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3251 \Crefname{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3252 \Crefname{subappendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3253 \Crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3254 \Crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3255 \Crefname{figure}{Figura}{Figure}%
3256 \Crefname{subfigure}{Figura}{Figure}%
3257 \Crefname{table}{Tabella}{Tabelle}%
3258 \Crefname{subtable}{Tabella}{Tabelle}%
3259 \Crefname{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremi}%
3260 \Crefname{enumi}{Voce}{Voci}%
3261 \Crefname{enumii}{Voce}{Voci}%
3262 \Crefname{enumiii}{Voce}{Voci}%
3263 \Crefname{enumiv}{Voce}{Voci}%
3264 \Crefname{enumv}{Voce}{Voci}%
3265 \Crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmi}%
3266 \Crefname{corollary}{Corollario}{Corollari}%
3267 \Crefname{proposition}{Proposizione}{Proposizioni}%
3268 \Crefname{definition}{Definizione}{Definizioni}%
3269 \Crefname{result}{Risultato}{Risultati}%
3270 \Crefname{example}{esempio}{esempi}%
3271 \Crefname{remark}{Osservazione}{Osservazioni}%
3272 \Crefname{note}{Nota}{Note}%
3273 \if@cref@capitalise%
3274 \crefname{equation}{Eq.}{Eq.}%
3275 \crefname{chapter}{Capitolo}{Capitoli}%
3276 \crefname{section}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3277 \crefname{subsection}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3278 \crefname{subsubsection}{Sezione}{Sezioni}%
3279 \crefname{appendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3280 \crefname{subappendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3281 \crefname{subsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%
3282 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{Appendice}{Appendici}%

```

```

3283 \crefname{figure}{Fig.}{Fig.}%
3284 \crefname{subfigure}{Fig.}{Fig.}%
3285 \crefname{table}{Tabella}{Tabelle}%
3286 \crefname{subtable}{Tabella}{Tabelle}%
3287 \crefname{theorem}{Teorema}{Teoremi}%
3288 \crefname{enumi}{Voce}{Voci}%
3289 \crefname{enumii}{Voce}{Voci}%
3290 \crefname{enumiii}{Voce}{Voci}%
3291 \crefname{enumiv}{Voce}{Voci}%
3292 \crefname{enumv}{Voce}{Voci}%
3293 \crefname{lemma}{Lemma}{Lemmi}%
3294 \crefname{corollary}{Corollario}{Corollari}%
3295 \crefname{proposition}{Proposizione}{Proposizioni}%
3296 \crefname{definition}{Definizione}{Definizione}%
3297 \crefname{result}{Risultato}{Risultati}%
3298 \crefname{example}{Esempio}{Esempi}%
3299 \crefname{remark}{Osservazione}{Osservazioni}%
3300 \crefname{note}{Nota}{Note}%
3301 \else%
3302 \crefname{equation}{eq.}{eq.}%
3303 \crefname{chapter}{capitolo}{capitoli}%
3304 \crefname{section}{sezione}{sezioni}%
3305 \crefname{subsection}{sezione}{sezioni}%
3306 \crefname{subsubsection}{sezione}{sezioni}%
3307 \crefname{appendix}{appendice}{appendici}%
3308 \crefname{subappendix}{appendice}{appendici}%
3309 \crefname{subsubappendix}{appendice}{appendici}%
3310 \crefname{subsubsubappendix}{appendice}{appendici}%
3311 \crefname{figure}{fig.}{fig.}%
3312 \crefname{subfigure}{fig.}{fig.}%
3313 \crefname{table}{tabella}{tabelle}%
3314 \crefname{subtable}{tabella}{tabelle}%
3315 \crefname{theorem}{teorema}{teoremi}%
3316 \crefname{enumi}{voce}{voci}%
3317 \crefname{enumii}{voce}{voci}%
3318 \crefname{enumiii}{voce}{voci}%
3319 \crefname{enumiv}{voce}{voci}%
3320 \crefname{enumv}{voce}{voci}%
3321 \crefname{lemma}{lemma}{lemmi}%
3322 \crefname{corollary}{corollario}{corollari}%
3323 \crefname{proposition}{proposizione}{proposizioni}%
3324 \crefname{definition}{definizione}{definizione}%
3325 \crefname{result}{risultato}{risultati}%
3326 \crefname{example}{esempio}{esempi}%
3327 \crefname{remark}{osservazione}{osservazioni}%
3328 \crefname{note}{nota}{note}%
3329 \fi%
3330 \}}}

```

### 12.12.1 Default Cross-Reference Formats

Setup default English format definitions, then process options in the order they were supplied. However, the `capitalise` option must be processed before the language options, so that it takes effect in the default format definitions. Therefore, we have to manually check whether it's present, and force processing of it before the other options.

```
3331 \edef\@curroptions{\@optionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}%
3332 \@expandtwoargs\in@{,capitalise,}{%
3333 ,\@classoptionslist,\@curroptions,}%
3334 \ifin@%
3335 \ExecuteOptions{capitalise}%
3336 \else%
3337 \@expandtwoargs\in@{,capitalize,}{%
3338 ,\@classoptionslist,\@curroptions,}%
3339 \ifin@%
3340 \ExecuteOptions{capitalise}%
3341 \fi%
3342 \fi%
3343 \ExecuteOptions{english}
3344 \ProcessOptions*\relax
```

Define the component-derived formats.

```
3345 \AtBeginDocument{%
```

Use whatever's in the ...`@preamble` definitions at the beginning of the document to set up the default cross-reference names.

```
3346 \edef\@tmpa{%
3347 \expandafter\noexpand\csname extras\cref@language\endcsname}%
3348 \ifundefined{crefrangeconjunction}{%
3349 \let\crefrangeconjunction\crefrangeconjunction@preamble%
3350 }{%
3351 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3352 \expandafter\renewcommand\expandafter%
3353 {\expandafter\crefrangeconjunction\expandafter}%
3354 \expandafter{\crefrangeconjunction}%
3355 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3356 \expandafter\expandafter{\@tmpa\expandafter{\@tmpb}}%
3357 }%
3358 \ifundefined{crefrangepreconjunction}{%
3359 \let\crefrangepreconjunction\crefrangepreconjunction@preamble%
3360 }{%
3361 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3362 \expandafter\renewcommand\expandafter%
3363 {\expandafter\crefrangepreconjunction\expandafter}%
3364 \expandafter{\crefrangepreconjunction}%
3365 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3366 \expandafter\expandafter{\@tmpa\expandafter{\@tmpb}}%
3367 }%
3368 \ifundefined{crefrangepostconjunction}{%
```



```

3419 \@ifundefined{crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{%
3420 \let\crefmiddlegroupconjunction%
3421 \crefmiddlegroupconjunction@preamble%
3422 }{%
3423 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3424 \expandafter\renewcommand\expandafter{%
3425 {\expandafter\crefpairmiddleconjunction\expandafter}{%
3426 \expandafter{\crefpairmiddleconjunction}}{%
3427 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto{%
3428 \expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{\@tmpb}}{%
3429 }{%
3430 \@ifundefined{creflastgroupconjunction}{%
3431 \let\creflastgroupconjunction%
3432 \creflastgroupconjunction@preamble%
3433 }{%
3434 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3435 \expandafter\renewcommand\expandafter{%
3436 {\expandafter\crefpairlastconjunction\expandafter}{%
3437 \expandafter{\crefpairlastconjunction}}{%
3438 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto{%
3439 \expandafter\expandafter\@tmpa\expandafter{\@tmpb}}{%
3440 }{%
3441 }% \end{macrocode}
3442 % If the group conjunctions haven't been defined, define them to be
3443 % identical to the reference conjunctions.
3444 % \begin{macrocode}
3445 \@ifundefined{crefpairgroupconjunction}{%
3446 \let\crefpairgroupconjunction\crefpairconjunction{}{%
3447 \@ifundefined{crefmiddlegroupconjunction}{%
3448 \let\crefmiddlegroupconjunction\crefmiddleconjunction{}{%

```

Define the last group conjunction to include an extra comma.

```

3449 \@ifundefined{creflastgroupconjunction}{%
3450 \edef\creflastgroupconjunction{\creflastconjunction}{}{%

```

Define any undefined formats listed in `\cref@label@types` using the components.

```

3451 \let\@tmpstack\cref@label@types%
3452 \cref@isstackfull{\@tmpstack}%
3453 \@whilst\if\cref@stackfull\fi{%
3454 \edef\@tmpa{\cref@stack@top{\@tmpstack}}{%
3455 \@ifundefined{\cref@\@tmpa @name}{%
3456 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3457 \csname\cref@\@tmpa @name\endcsname}%
3458 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpc\expandafter{%
3459 \csname\cref@\@tmpa @name@preamble\endcsname}%
3460 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpb\@tmpc%
3461 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3462 \csname\cref@\@tmpa @name@plural\endcsname}%
3463 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpc\expandafter{%
3464 \csname\cref@\@tmpa @name@plural@preamble\endcsname}%

```

```

3465 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpb\@tmpc%
3466 }{%
3467 \edef\@tmpb{%
3468 \expandafter\noexpand\csname extras\cref@language\endcsname}%
3469 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpc\expandafter{%
3470 \expandafter\crefname\expandafter{\@tmpa}}%
3471 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3472 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpc%
3473 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3474 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3475 \csname cref@\@tmpa @name\endcsname}}%
3476 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3477 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpc%
3478 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3479 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3480 \csname cref@\@tmpa @name@plural\endcsname}}%
3481 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3482 \expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{\@tmpc}%
3483 }%
3484 \@ifundefined{Cref@\@tmpa @name}{%
3485 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3486 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name\endcsname}%
3487 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpc\expandafter{%
3488 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name@preamble\endcsname}%
3489 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpb\@tmpc%
3490 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{%
3491 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name@plural\endcsname}%
3492 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpc\expandafter{%
3493 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name@plural@preamble\endcsname}%
3494 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\@tmpb\@tmpc%
3495 }{%
3496 \edef\@tmpb{%
3497 \expandafter\noexpand\csname extras\cref@language\endcsname}%
3498 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tmpc\expandafter{%
3499 \expandafter\crefname\expandafter{\@tmpa}}%
3500 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3501 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpc%
3502 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3503 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3504 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name\endcsname}}%
3505 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3506 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tmpc%
3507 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3508 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
3509 \csname Cref@\@tmpa @name@plural\endcsname}}%
3510 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\cref@addto%
3511 \expandafter\@tmpb\expandafter{\@tmpc}%
3512 }%
3513 \@ifundefined{cref@\@tmpa @format}{%
3514 \expandafter\@crefdefineformat\expandafter{\@tmpa}{}%

```

```

3515 \@ifundefined{crefrange@\@tmpa @format}{%
3516 \expandafter\@crefrangedefineformat\expandafter{\@tmpa}}{}%
3517 \@ifundefined{cref@\@tmpa @format@first}{%
3518 \expandafter\@crefdefinemultiformat\expandafter{\@tmpa}}{}%
3519 \@ifundefined{crefrange@\@tmpa @format@first}{%
3520 \expandafter\@crefrangedefinemultiformat\expandafter{\@tmpa}}{}%
3521 \cref@stack@pop{\@tmpstack}%
3522 \cref@isstackfull{\@tmpstack}}%

```

If formats for subsections are undefined, define them to be identical to the formats for sections.

```

3523 \@ifundefined{cref@subsection@format}{%
3524 \let\cref@subsection@format%
3525 \cref@section@format}{}%
3526 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsection@format}{%
3527 \let\Cref@subsection@format%
3528 \Cref@section@format}{}%
3529 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsection@format}{%
3530 \let\crefrange@subsection@format%
3531 \crefrange@section@format}{}%
3532 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsection@format}{%
3533 \let\Crefrange@subsection@format%
3534 \Crefrange@section@format}{}%
3535 \@ifundefined{cref@subsection@format@first}{%
3536 \let\cref@subsection@format@first%
3537 \cref@section@format@first}{}%
3538 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsection@format@first}{%
3539 \let\Cref@subsection@format@first%
3540 \Cref@section@format@first}{}%
3541 \@ifundefined{cref@subsection@format@second}{%
3542 \let\cref@subsection@format@second%
3543 \cref@section@format@second}{}%
3544 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsection@format@second}{%
3545 \let\Cref@subsection@format@second%
3546 \Cref@section@format@second}{}%
3547 \@ifundefined{cref@subsection@format@middle}{%
3548 \let\cref@subsection@format@middle%
3549 \cref@section@format@middle}{}%
3550 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsection@format@middle}{%
3551 \let\Cref@subsection@format@middle%
3552 \Cref@section@format@middle}{}%
3553 \@ifundefined{cref@subsection@format@last}{%
3554 \let\cref@subsection@format@last%
3555 \cref@section@format@last}{}%
3556 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsection@format@last}{%
3557 \let\Cref@subsection@format@last%
3558 \Cref@section@format@last}{}%
3559 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsection@format@first}{%
3560 \let\crefrange@subsection@format@first%
3561 \crefrange@section@format@first}{}%

```

```

3562 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsection@format@first}{%
3563 \let\Crefrange@subsection@format@first%
3564 \Crefrange@section@format@first}{}
3565 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsection@format@second}{%
3566 \let\crefrange@subsection@format@second%
3567 \crefrange@section@format@second}{}
3568 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsection@format@second}{%
3569 \let\Crefrange@subsection@format@second%
3570 \Crefrange@section@format@second}{}
3571 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsection@format@middle}{%
3572 \let\crefrange@subsection@format@middle%
3573 \crefrange@section@format@middle}{}
3574 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsection@format@middle}{%
3575 \let\Crefrange@subsection@format@middle%
3576 \Crefrange@section@format@middle}{}
3577 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsection@format@last}{%
3578 \let\crefrange@subsection@format@last%
3579 \crefrange@section@format@last}{}
3580 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsection@format@last}{%
3581 \let\Crefrange@subsection@format@last%
3582 \Crefrange@section@format@last}{}
3583 %
3584 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsection@format}{%
3585 \let\cref@subsubsection@format%
3586 \cref@subsection@format}{}
3587 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsection@format}{%
3588 \let\Creff@subsubsection@format%
3589 \Cref@subsection@format}{}
3590 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsection@format}{%
3591 \let\crefrange@subsubsection@format%
3592 \crefrange@subsection@format}{}
3593 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsection@format}{%
3594 \let\Crefrange@subsubsection@format%
3595 \Crefrange@subsection@format}{}
3596 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsection@format@first}{%
3597 \let\cref@subsubsection@format@first%
3598 \cref@subsection@format@first}{}
3599 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsection@format@first}{%
3600 \let\Creff@subsubsection@format@first%
3601 \Cref@subsection@format@first}{}
3602 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsection@format@second}{%
3603 \let\cref@subsubsection@format@second%
3604 \cref@subsection@format@second}{}
3605 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsection@format@second}{%
3606 \let\Creff@subsubsection@format@second%
3607 \Cref@subsection@format@second}{}
3608 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsection@format@middle}{%
3609 \let\cref@subsubsection@format@middle%
3610 \cref@subsection@format@middle}{}
3611 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsection@format@middle}{%

```

```

3612 \let\Cref@subsubsection@format@middle%
3613 \Cref@subsection@format@middle}{}}%
3614 @ifundefined{cref@subsubsection@format@last}{%
3615 \let\cref@subsubsection@format@last%
3616 \cref@subsection@format@last}{}}%
3617 @ifundefined{Cref@subsubsection@format@last}{%
3618 \let\Cref@subsubsection@format@last%
3619 \Cref@subsection@format@last}{}}%
3620 @ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsection@format@first}{%
3621 \let\crefrange@subsubsection@format@first%
3622 \crefrange@subsection@format@first}{}}%
3623 @ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsection@format@first}{%
3624 \let\Crefrange@subsubsection@format@first%
3625 \Crefrange@subsection@format@first}{}}%
3626 @ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsection@format@second}{%
3627 \let\crefrange@subsubsection@format@second%
3628 \crefrange@subsection@format@second}{}}%
3629 @ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsection@format@second}{%
3630 \let\Crefrange@subsubsection@format@second%
3631 \Crefrange@subsection@format@second}{}}%
3632 @ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsection@format@middle}{%
3633 \let\crefrange@subsubsection@format@middle%
3634 \crefrange@subsection@format@middle}{}}%
3635 @ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsection@format@middle}{%
3636 \let\Crefrange@subsubsection@format@middle%
3637 \Crefrange@subsection@format@middle}{}}%
3638 @ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsection@format@last}{%
3639 \let\crefrange@subsubsection@format@last%
3640 \crefrange@subsection@format@last}{}}%
3641 @ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsection@format@last}{%
3642 \let\Crefrange@subsubsection@format@last%
3643 \Crefrange@subsection@format@last}{}}%

```

Similarly for subsections within appendices.

```

3644 % \begin{macrocode}
3645 @ifundefined{cref@subappendix@format}{%
3646 \let\cref@subappendix@format%
3647 \cref@appendix@format}{}}%
3648 @ifundefined{Cref@subappendix@format}{%
3649 \let\Creffrange@subappendix@format%
3650 \Cref@appendix@format}{}}%
3651 @ifundefined{crefrange@subappendix@format}{%
3652 \let\crefrange@subappendix@format%
3653 \crefrange@appendix@format}{}}%
3654 @ifundefined{Crefrange@subappendix@format}{%
3655 \let\Crefrange@subappendix@format%
3656 \Crefrange@appendix@format}{}}%
3657 @ifundefined{cref@subappendix@format@first}{%
3658 \let\cref@subappendix@format@first%
3659 \cref@appendix@format@first}{}}%

```

```

3660 \@ifundefined{Cref@subappendix@format@first}{%
3661 \let\cref@subappendix@format@first%
3662 \Cref@appendix@format@first}{}
3663 \@ifundefined{cref@subappendix@format@second}{%
3664 \let\cref@subappendix@format@second%
3665 \cref@appendix@format@second}{}
3666 \@ifundefined{Cref@subappendix@format@second}{%
3667 \let\cref@subappendix@format@second%
3668 \Cref@appendix@format@second}{}
3669 \@ifundefined{cref@subappendix@format@middle}{%
3670 \let\cref@subappendix@format@middle%
3671 \cref@appendix@format@middle}{}
3672 \@ifundefined{Cref@subappendix@format@middle}{%
3673 \let\cref@subappendix@format@middle%
3674 \Cref@appendix@format@middle}{}
3675 \@ifundefined{cref@subappendix@format@last}{%
3676 \let\cref@subappendix@format@last%
3677 \cref@appendix@format@last}{}
3678 \@ifundefined{Cref@subappendix@format@last}{%
3679 \let\cref@subappendix@format@last%
3680 \Cref@appendix@format@last}{}
3681 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subappendix@format@first}{%
3682 \let\crefrange@subappendix@format@first%
3683 \crefrange@appendix@format@first}{}
3684 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subappendix@format@first}{%
3685 \let\Crefrange@subappendix@format@first%
3686 \Crefrange@appendix@format@first}{}
3687 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subappendix@format@second}{%
3688 \let\crefrange@subappendix@format@second%
3689 \crefrange@appendix@format@second}{}
3690 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subappendix@format@second}{%
3691 \let\Crefrange@subappendix@format@second%
3692 \Crefrange@appendix@format@second}{}
3693 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subappendix@format@middle}{%
3694 \let\crefrange@subappendix@format@middle%
3695 \crefrange@appendix@format@middle}{}
3696 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subappendix@format@middle}{%
3697 \let\Crefrange@subappendix@format@middle%
3698 \Crefrange@appendix@format@middle}{}
3699 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subappendix@format@last}{%
3700 \let\crefrange@subappendix@format@last%
3701 \crefrange@appendix@format@last}{}
3702 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subappendix@format@last}{%
3703 \let\Crefrange@subappendix@format@last%
3704 \Crefrange@appendix@format@last}{}
3705 %
3706 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubappendix@format}{%
3707 \let\cref@subsubappendix@format%
3708 \cref@subappendix@format}{}
3709 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubappendix@format}{%

```

```

3710 \let\Creff@subsubappendix@format%
3711 \Creff@subappendix@format}{\}%
3712 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subsubappendix@format}{\%
3713 \let\crefrange@subsubappendix@format%
3714 \crefrange@subappendix@format}{\}%
3715 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format}{\%
3716 \let\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format%
3717 \Crefrange@subappendix@format}{\}%
3718 \@ifundefined{\cref@subsubappendix@format@first}{\%
3719 \let\cref@subsubappendix@format@first%
3720 \cref@subappendix@format@first}{\}%
3721 \@ifundefined{\Cref@subsubappendix@format@first}{\%
3722 \let\Creff@subsubappendix@format@first%
3723 \Creff@subappendix@format@first}{\}%
3724 \@ifundefined{\cref@subsubappendix@format@second}{\%
3725 \let\cref@subsubappendix@format@second%
3726 \cref@subappendix@format@second}{\}%
3727 \@ifundefined{\Cref@subsubappendix@format@second}{\%
3728 \let\Creff@subsubappendix@format@second%
3729 \Creff@subappendix@format@second}{\}%
3730 \@ifundefined{\cref@subsubappendix@format@middle}{\%
3731 \let\cref@subsubappendix@format@middle%
3732 \cref@subappendix@format@middle}{\}%
3733 \@ifundefined{\Cref@subsubappendix@format@middle}{\%
3734 \let\Creff@subsubappendix@format@middle%
3735 \Creff@subappendix@format@middle}{\}%
3736 \@ifundefined{\cref@subsubappendix@format@last}{\%
3737 \let\cref@subsubappendix@format@last%
3738 \cref@subappendix@format@last}{\}%
3739 \@ifundefined{\Cref@subsubappendix@format@last}{\%
3740 \let\Creff@subsubappendix@format@last%
3741 \Creff@subappendix@format@last}{\}%
3742 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@first}{\%
3743 \let\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@first%
3744 \crefrange@subappendix@format@first}{\}%
3745 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@first}{\%
3746 \let\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@first%
3747 \Crefrange@subappendix@format@first}{\}%
3748 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@second}{\%
3749 \let\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@second%
3750 \crefrange@subappendix@format@second}{\}%
3751 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@second}{\%
3752 \let\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@second%
3753 \Crefrange@subappendix@format@second}{\}%
3754 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@middle}{\%
3755 \let\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@middle%
3756 \crefrange@subappendix@format@middle}{\}%
3757 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@middle}{\%
3758 \let\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@middle%
3759 \Crefrange@subappendix@format@middle}{\}%

```

```

3760 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubappendix@format@last}{%
3761 \let\crefrange@subsubappendix@format@last%
3762 \crefrange@subappendix@format@last}{}
3763 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@last}{%
3764 \let\Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@last%
3765 \Crefrange@subappendix@format@last}{}
3766 %
3767 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsubappendix@format}{%
3768 \let\cref@subsubsubappendix@format%
3769 \cref@subsubappendix@format}{}
3770 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsubappendix@format}{%
3771 \let\cref@subsubsubappendix@format%
3772 \Cref@subsubappendix@format}{}
3773 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format}{%
3774 \let\crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format%
3775 \crefrange@subsubappendix@format}{}
3776 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format}{%
3777 \let\Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format%
3778 \Crefrange@subsubappendix@format}{}
3779 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first}{%
3780 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first%
3781 \cref@subsubappendix@format@first}{}
3782 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first}{%
3783 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first%
3784 \Cref@subsubappendix@format@first}{}
3785 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@second}{%
3786 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@second%
3787 \cref@subsubappendix@format@second}{}
3788 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@second}{%
3789 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@second%
3790 \Cref@subsubappendix@format@second}{}
3791 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@middle}{%
3792 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@middle%
3793 \cref@subsubappendix@format@middle}{}
3794 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@middle}{%
3795 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@middle%
3796 \Cref@subsubappendix@format@middle}{}
3797 \@ifundefined{cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@last}{%
3798 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@last%
3799 \cref@subsubappendix@format@last}{}
3800 \@ifundefined{Cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@last}{%
3801 \let\cref@subsubsubsubappendix@format@last%
3802 \Cref@subsubappendix@format@last}{}
3803 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first}{%
3804 \let\crefrange@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first%
3805 \crefrange@subsubappendix@format@first}{}
3806 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first}{%
3807 \let\Crefrange@subsubsubsubappendix@format@first%
3808 \Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@first}{}
3809 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsubsubappendix@format@second}{%

```

```

3810 \let\crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@second%
3811 \crefrange@subsubappendix@format@second}{}%
3812 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@second}{%
3813 \let\Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@second%
3814 \Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@second}{}%
3815 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@middle}{%
3816 \let\crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@middle%
3817 \crefrange@subsubappendix@format@middle}{}%
3818 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@middle}{%
3819 \let\Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@middle%
3820 \Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@middle}{}%
3821 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@last}{%
3822 \let\crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@last%
3823 \crefrange@subsubappendix@format@last}{}%
3824 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@last}{%
3825 \let\Crefrange@subsubsubappendix@format@last%
3826 \Crefrange@subsubappendix@format@last}{}%

```

Ditto for subfigures and subtables.

```

3827 \@ifundefined{cref@subfigure@format}{%
3828 \let\cref@subfigure@format%
3829 \cref@figure@format}{}%
3830 \@ifundefined{Cref@subfigure@format}{%
3831 \let\Cref@subfigure@format%
3832 \Cref@figure@format}{}%
3833 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subfigure@format}{%
3834 \let\crefrange@subfigure@format%
3835 \crefrange@figure@format}{}%
3836 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subfigure@format}{%
3837 \let\Crefrange@subfigure@format%
3838 \Crefrange@figure@format}{}%
3839 \@ifundefined{cref@subfigure@format@first}{%
3840 \let\cref@subfigure@format@first%
3841 \cref@figure@format@first}{}%
3842 \@ifundefined{Cref@subfigure@format@first}{%
3843 \let\Cref@subfigure@format@first%
3844 \Cref@figure@format@first}{}%
3845 \@ifundefined{cref@subfigure@format@second}{%
3846 \let\cref@subfigure@format@second%
3847 \cref@figure@format@second}{}%
3848 \@ifundefined{Cref@subfigure@format@second}{%
3849 \let\Cref@subfigure@format@second%
3850 \Cref@figure@format@second}{}%
3851 \@ifundefined{cref@subfigure@format@middle}{%
3852 \let\cref@subfigure@format@middle%
3853 \cref@figure@format@middle}{}%
3854 \@ifundefined{Cref@subfigure@format@middle}{%
3855 \let\Cref@subfigure@format@middle%
3856 \Cref@figure@format@middle}{}%
3857 \@ifundefined{cref@subfigure@format@last}{%

```

```

3858 \let\cref@subfigure@format@last%
3859 \cref@figure@format@last}{ }%
3860 \@ifundefined{\Cref@subfigure@format@last}{ }{ %
3861 \let\cref@subfigure@format@last%
3862 \Cref@figure@format@last}{ }%
3863 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subfigure@format@first}{ }{ %
3864 \let\crefrange@subfigure@format@first%
3865 \crefrange@figure@format@first}{ }%
3866 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subfigure@format@first}{ }{ %
3867 \let\Crefrange@subfigure@format@first%
3868 \Crefrange@figure@format@first}{ }%
3869 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subfigure@format@second}{ }{ %
3870 \let\crefrange@subfigure@format@second%
3871 \crefrange@figure@format@second}{ }%
3872 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subfigure@format@second}{ }{ %
3873 \let\Crefrange@subfigure@format@second%
3874 \Crefrange@figure@format@second}{ }%
3875 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subfigure@format@middle}{ }{ %
3876 \let\crefrange@subfigure@format@middle%
3877 \crefrange@figure@format@middle}{ }%
3878 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subfigure@format@middle}{ }{ %
3879 \let\Crefrange@subfigure@format@middle%
3880 \Crefrange@figure@format@middle}{ }%
3881 \@ifundefined{\crefrange@subfigure@format@last}{ }{ %
3882 \let\crefrange@subfigure@format@last%
3883 \crefrange@figure@format@last}{ }%
3884 \@ifundefined{\Crefrange@subfigure@format@last}{ }{ %
3885 \let\Crefrange@subfigure@format@last%
3886 \Crefrange@figure@format@last}{ }%
3887 %
3888 %
3889 \begin{macrocode}
3890 \ifundefined{\cref@subtable@format}{ }{ %
3891 \let\cref@subtable@format%
3892 \cref@table@format}{ }%
3893 \ifundefined{\Cref@subtable@format}{ }{ %
3894 \let\cref@subtable@format%
3895 \Cref@table@format}{ }%
3896 \ifundefined{\crefrange@subtable@format}{ }{ %
3897 \let\crefrange@subtable@format%
3898 \crefrange@table@format}{ }%
3899 \ifundefined{\Crefrange@subtable@format}{ }{ %
3900 \let\Crefrange@subtable@format%
3901 \Crefrange@table@format}{ }%
3902 \ifundefined{\cref@subtable@format@first}{ }{ %
3903 \let\cref@subtable@format@first%
3904 \cref@table@format@first}{ }%
3905 \ifundefined{\Cref@subtable@format@first}{ }{ %
3906 \let\cref@subtable@format@first%
3907 \Cref@table@format@first}{ }%
3908 \ifundefined{\cref@subtable@format@second}{ }{ %

```

```

3908 \let\cref@subtable@format@second%
3909 \cref@table@format@second}{}}%
3910 \@ifundefined{Cref@subtable@format@second}{%
3911 \let\cref@subtable@format@second%
3912 \Cref@table@format@second}{}}%
3913 \@ifundefined{cref@subtable@format@middle}{%
3914 \let\cref@subtable@format@middle%
3915 \cref@table@format@middle}{}}%
3916 \@ifundefined{Cref@subtable@format@middle}{%
3917 \let\cref@subtable@format@middle%
3918 \Cref@table@format@middle}{}}%
3919 \@ifundefined{cref@subtable@format@last}{%
3920 \let\cref@subtable@format@last%
3921 \cref@table@format@last}{}}%
3922 \@ifundefined{Cref@subtable@format@last}{%
3923 \let\cref@subtable@format@last%
3924 \Cref@table@format@last}{}}%
3925 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subtable@format@first}{%
3926 \let\crefrange@subtable@format@first%
3927 \crefrange@table@format@first}{}}%
3928 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subtable@format@first}{%
3929 \let\Crefrange@subtable@format@first%
3930 \Crefrange@table@format@first}{}}%
3931 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subtable@format@second}{%
3932 \let\crefrange@subtable@format@second%
3933 \crefrange@table@format@second}{}}%
3934 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subtable@format@second}{%
3935 \let\Crefrange@subtable@format@second%
3936 \Crefrange@table@format@second}{}}%
3937 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subtable@format@middle}{%
3938 \let\crefrange@subtable@format@middle%
3939 \crefrange@table@format@middle}{}}%
3940 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subtable@format@middle}{%
3941 \let\Crefrange@subtable@format@middle%
3942 \Crefrange@table@format@middle}{}}%
3943 \@ifundefined{crefrange@subtable@format@last}{%
3944 \let\crefrange@subtable@format@last%
3945 \crefrange@table@format@last}{}}%
3946 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@subtable@format@last}{%
3947 \let\Crefrange@subtable@format@last%
3948 \Crefrange@table@format@last}{}}%

```

Ditto for enums.

```

3949 % \begin{macrocode}
3950 \ifundefined{cref@enumii@format}{%
3951 \let\cref@enumii@format%
3952 \cref@enumi@format}{}}%
3953 \ifundefined{Cref@enumii@format}{%
3954 \let\cref@enumii@format%
3955 \Cref@enumi@format}{}}%

```

```

3956 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumii@format}{%
3957 \let\crefrange@enumii@format%
3958 \crefrange@enumi@format}{}
3959 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumii@format}{%
3960 \let\Crefrange@enumii@format%
3961 \Crefrange@enumi@format}{}
3962 \@ifundefined{cref@enumii@format@first}{%
3963 \let\cref@enumii@format@first%
3964 \cref@enumi@format@first}{}
3965 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumii@format@first}{%
3966 \let\cref@enumii@format@first%
3967 \Cref@enumi@format@first}{}
3968 \@ifundefined{cref@enumii@format@second}{%
3969 \let\cref@enumii@format@second%
3970 \cref@enumi@format@second}{}
3971 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumii@format@second}{%
3972 \let\cref@enumii@format@second%
3973 \Cref@enumi@format@second}{}
3974 \@ifundefined{cref@enumii@format@middle}{%
3975 \let\cref@enumii@format@middle%
3976 \cref@enumi@format@middle}{}
3977 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumii@format@middle}{%
3978 \let\cref@enumii@format@middle%
3979 \Cref@enumi@format@middle}{}
3980 \@ifundefined{cref@enumii@format@last}{%
3981 \let\cref@enumii@format@last%
3982 \cref@enumi@format@last}{}
3983 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumii@format@last}{%
3984 \let\cref@enumii@format@last%
3985 \Cref@enumi@format@last}{}
3986 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumii@format@first}{%
3987 \let\crefrange@enumii@format@first%
3988 \crefrange@enumi@format@first}{}
3989 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumii@format@first}{%
3990 \let\Crefrange@enumii@format@first%
3991 \Crefrange@enumi@format@first}{}
3992 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumii@format@second}{%
3993 \let\crefrange@enumii@format@second%
3994 \crefrange@enumi@format@second}{}
3995 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumii@format@second}{%
3996 \let\Crefrange@enumii@format@second%
3997 \Crefrange@enumi@format@second}{}
3998 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumii@format@middle}{%
3999 \let\crefrange@enumii@format@middle%
4000 \crefrange@enumi@format@middle}{}
4001 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumii@format@middle}{%
4002 \let\Crefrange@enumii@format@middle%
4003 \Crefrange@enumi@format@middle}{}
4004 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumii@format@last}{%
4005 \let\crefrange@enumii@format@last%

```

```

4006 \crefrange@enumi@format@last}{}%
4007 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumii@format@last}{}%
4008 \let\Crefrange@enumii@format@last%
4009 \Crefrange@enumi@format@last}{}%
4010 %
4011 % \begin{macrocode}
4012 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiii@format}{}%
4013 \let\cref@enumiii@format%
4014 \cref@enumii@format}{}%
4015 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiii@format}{}%
4016 \let\Cref@enumiii@format%
4017 \Cref@enumii@format}{}%
4018 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiii@format}{}%
4019 \let\crefrange@enumiii@format%
4020 \crefrange@enumii@format}{}%
4021 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiii@format}{}%
4022 \let\Crefrange@enumiii@format%
4023 \Crefrange@enumii@format}{}%
4024 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiii@format@first}{}%
4025 \let\cref@enumiii@format@first%
4026 \cref@enumii@format@first}{}%
4027 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiii@format@first}{}%
4028 \let\Cref@enumiii@format@first%
4029 \Cref@enumii@format@first}{}%
4030 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiii@format@second}{}%
4031 \let\cref@enumiii@format@second%
4032 \cref@enumii@format@second}{}%
4033 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiii@format@second}{}%
4034 \let\Cref@enumiii@format@second%
4035 \Cref@enumii@format@second}{}%
4036 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiii@format@middle}{}%
4037 \let\cref@enumiii@format@middle%
4038 \cref@enumii@format@middle}{}%
4039 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiii@format@middle}{}%
4040 \let\Cref@enumiii@format@middle%
4041 \Cref@enumii@format@middle}{}%
4042 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiii@format@last}{}%
4043 \let\cref@enumiii@format@last%
4044 \cref@enumii@format@last}{}%
4045 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiii@format@last}{}%
4046 \let\Cref@enumiii@format@last%
4047 \Cref@enumii@format@last}{}%
4048 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiii@format@first}{}%
4049 \let\crefrange@enumiii@format@first%
4050 \crefrange@enumii@format@first}{}%
4051 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiii@format@first}{}%
4052 \let\Crefrange@enumiii@format@first%
4053 \Crefrange@enumii@format@first}{}%
4054 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiii@format@second}{}%
4055 \let\crefrange@enumiii@format@second%

```

```

4056 \crefrange@enumii@format@second}{}%
4057 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiii@format@second}{%
4058 \let\Crefrange@enumiii@format@second%
4059 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@second}{}%
4060 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiii@format@middle}{%
4061 \let\crefrange@enumiii@format@middle%
4062 \crefrange@enumiii@format@middle}{}%
4063 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiii@format@middle}{%
4064 \let\Crefrange@enumiii@format@middle%
4065 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@middle}{}%
4066 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiii@format@last}{%
4067 \let\crefrange@enumiii@format@last%
4068 \crefrange@enumiii@format@last}{}%
4069 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiii@format@last}{%
4070 \let\Crefrange@enumiii@format@last%
4071 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@last}{}%
4072 %
4073 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiv@format}{%
4074 \let\cref@enumiv@format%
4075 \cref@enumiii@format}{}%
4076 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiv@format}{%
4077 \let\Creff@enumiv@format%
4078 \Cref@enumiii@format}{}%
4079 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiv@format}{%
4080 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format%
4081 \crefrange@enumiii@format}{}%
4082 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiv@format}{%
4083 \let\Creffrange@enumiv@format%
4084 \Crefrange@enumiii@format}{}%
4085 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiv@format@first}{%
4086 \let\cref@enumiv@format@first%
4087 \cref@enumiii@format@first}{}%
4088 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiv@format@first}{%
4089 \let\Creff@enumiv@format@first%
4090 \Cref@enumiii@format@first}{}%
4091 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiv@format@second}{%
4092 \let\cref@enumiv@format@second%
4093 \cref@enumiii@format@second}{}%
4094 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiv@format@second}{%
4095 \let\Creff@enumiv@format@second%
4096 \Cref@enumiii@format@second}{}%
4097 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiv@format@middle}{%
4098 \let\cref@enumiv@format@middle%
4099 \cref@enumiii@format@middle}{}%
4100 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiv@format@middle}{%
4101 \let\Creff@enumiv@format@middle%
4102 \Cref@enumiii@format@middle}{}%
4103 \@ifundefined{cref@enumiv@format@last}{%
4104 \let\cref@enumiv@format@last%
4105 \cref@enumiii@format@last}{}%

```

```

4106 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumiv@format@last}{%
4107 \let\ceref@enumiv@format@last%
4108 \Cref@enumiii@format@last}{}
4109 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiv@format@first}{%
4110 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@first%
4111 \crefrange@enumiii@format@first}{}
4112 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiv@format@first}{%
4113 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@first%
4114 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@first}{}
4115 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiv@format@second}{%
4116 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@second%
4117 \crefrange@enumiii@format@second}{}
4118 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiv@format@second}{%
4119 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@second%
4120 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@second}{}
4121 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiv@format@middle}{%
4122 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@middle%
4123 \crefrange@enumiii@format@middle}{}
4124 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiv@format@middle}{%
4125 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@middle%
4126 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@middle}{}
4127 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumiv@format@last}{%
4128 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@last%
4129 \crefrange@enumiii@format@last}{}
4130 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumiv@format@last}{%
4131 \let\crefrange@enumiv@format@last%
4132 \Crefrange@enumiii@format@last}{}
4133 %
4134 \@ifundefined{ceref@enumv@format}{%
4135 \let\ceref@enumv@format%
4136 \ceref@enumiv@format}{}
4137 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumv@format}{%
4138 \let\ceref@enumv@format%
4139 \Cref@enumiv@format}{}
4140 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumv@format}{%
4141 \let\crefrange@enumv@format%
4142 \crefrange@enumiv@format}{}
4143 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumv@format}{%
4144 \let\crefrange@enumv@format%
4145 \Crefrange@enumiv@format}{}
4146 \@ifundefined{ceref@enumv@format@first}{%
4147 \let\ceref@enumv@format@first%
4148 \ceref@enumiv@format@first}{}
4149 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumv@format@first}{%
4150 \let\ceref@enumv@format@first%
4151 \Cref@enumiv@format@first}{}
4152 \@ifundefined{ceref@enumv@format@second}{%
4153 \let\ceref@enumv@format@second%
4154 \ceref@enumiv@format@second}{}
4155 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumv@format@second}{%

```

```

4156 \let\Cref@enumv@format@second%
4157 \Cref@enumiv@format@second}{}}%
4158 \@ifundefined{cref@enumv@format@middle}{%
4159 \let\cref@enumv@format@middle%
4160 \cref@enumiv@format@middle}{}}%
4161 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumv@format@middle}{%
4162 \let\cref@enumv@format@middle%
4163 \Cref@enumiv@format@middle}{}}%
4164 \@ifundefined{cref@enumv@format@last}{%
4165 \let\cref@enumv@format@last%
4166 \cref@enumiv@format@last}{}}%
4167 \@ifundefined{Cref@enumv@format@last}{%
4168 \let\cref@enumv@format@last%
4169 \Cref@enumiv@format@last}{}}%
4170 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumv@format@first}{%
4171 \let\crefrange@enumv@format@first%
4172 \crefrange@enumiv@format@first}{}}%
4173 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumv@format@first}{%
4174 \let\Crefrange@enumv@format@first%
4175 \Crefrange@enumiv@format@first}{}}%
4176 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumv@format@second}{%
4177 \let\crefrange@enumv@format@second%
4178 \crefrange@enumiv@format@second}{}}%
4179 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumv@format@second}{%
4180 \let\Crefrange@enumv@format@second%
4181 \Crefrange@enumiv@format@second}{}}%
4182 \@ifundefined{crefrange@enumv@format@middle}{%
4183 \let\crefrange@enumv@format@middle%
4184 \crefrange@enumiv@format@middle}{}}%
4185 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumv@format@middle}{%
4186 \let\Crefrange@enumv@format@middle%
4187 \Crefrange@enumiv@format@middle}{}}%
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4189 \let\crefrange@enumv@format@last%
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4191 \@ifundefined{Crefrange@enumv@format@last}{%
4192 \let\Crefrange@enumv@format@last%
4193 \Crefrange@enumiv@format@last}{}}%
4194 %
4195 \let\cref@language\relax%
4196 }

```

## Change History

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| v0.01   | General: Initial version . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1 | v0.11   | General: Made referencing aware of appendices. . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1 |
| v0.02   | General: Complete rewrite . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 1 | v0.11.1 | General: Bug fixes. . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1 |
| v0.03   | General: Added reference ranges . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 1 | v0.12   | General: Restore working \ref* when hyperref is loaded – first release mirrored on www.dr-qubit.org . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1 |
| v0.04   | General: Renamed "cleveref" – first public release . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1 | v0.13   | General: Finally implemented <code>sort</code> and <code>compress</code> package options. Support <code>amsmath</code> \tag command. Added <code>babel</code> support for English, German and French. Added <code>varioref</code> support. . . . .                                                         | 1 |
| v0.05   | General: Added <code>poorman</code> option . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1 | v0.13.1 | General: Bug fix to \cref@get* commands to allow fragile and non-expandable commands in label tags. . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1 |
| v0.06   | General: <code>poorman</code> no longer writes extra .tmp file . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 1 | v0.13.2 | General: Added \crefrangepreconjunction and \crefrangepostconjunction commands, needed by some languages (such as Italian). Added <code>babel</code> support for Spanish and Italian. Added notes about <code>memoir</code> (in)compatibility. . . . .                                                     | 1 |
| v0.07   | General: Allow prevention of reference range collapsing . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 1 | v0.14   | General: Fixed bug that caused labels containing components with values of 10 or higher to be sorted incorrectly. Fixed \Cref to no longer capitalise all cross-reference names in a multi-reference, just the first one. Added <code>capitalise</code> option to force capitalisation everywhere. . . . . | 1 |
| v0.08   | General: Made referencing commands robust, improved default formats, made starred versions of referencing commands for hyperref, allowed multiple consecutive empty references in list to prevent range collapsing, and fixed bugs. Phew. . . . .                          | 1 | v0.14.1 | General: Added support for <code>amsmath</code> 's subequations environment . . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1 |
| v0.08.1 | General: Bug fixes. . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1 |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |
| v0.09   | General: Added an extra conjunction and format component, used when a list only contains a single pair of references or reference sub-lists. Formats are now constructed from customisable components, unless overridden using the old format definition commands. . . . . | 1 |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |
| v0.10   | General: Allow optional argument to \label to override reference type. Removed <code>hyperref</code> and <code>ntheorem</code> options; support for these and <code>amsmath</code> is enabled automatically if those packages are loaded. . . . .                          | 1 |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| v0.14.2 | General: Fixed subequations sorting bug. Fixed bug in <code>poorman</code> when used without <code>babel</code> . <code>capitalise</code> option no longer uses <code>\Cref</code> variant everywhere; it now redefines the <code>\cref</code> variants instead. . . . .                                                                                                                                                     | 1 | that caused <code>\vref</code> to print <code>\reftextcurrent</code> string for references on the current page, breaking <code>varioref</code> backwards-compatibility. Added <code>babel</code> support for Dutch. . . . . | 1 |
| v0.14.3 | General: Bug-fix in <code>\appendix</code> code. . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |
| v0.15   | General: Added <code>amsthm</code> support, contributed by Michael Ummels. Added <code>\leavevmode</code> before <code>\begingroup</code> in <code>\@cref</code> to avoid subtle bug that caused page count to be reset if the output routine was triggered within <code>\@cref</code> . . . . .                                                                                                                             | 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |
| v0.15.1 | General: Fixed regression introduced in v0.13 in non- <code>hyperref</code> <code>poorman</code> code. Fixed bug in <code>varioref</code> support                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |
| v0.15.2 | General: Fixed bug in <code>\appendix</code> that produced badly formed prefix data for labels that aren't reset by other counters (e.g. tables and figures in most document classes). Fixed bug in <code>hyperref</code> <code>poorman</code> code that caused all label names to be lower-cased in the sed script. Fixed spacing bugs in the <code>cleveref</code> versions of the <code>varioref</code> commands. . . . . | 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |
| v0.15.3 | General: Fixed bug in <code>varioref</code> support. Changed <code>poorman</code> <code>\usepackage</code> sed substitution rule to use POSIX regexp syntax. . . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |

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